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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ALBERT EINSTEIN

PART 5 OF 9

BUFILE NUMBER: 61-7099

Albert Einstein

61-7099

Section 5

156 Pages Available

RELATIONSHIP SUMMARY

Main File No: 61-100

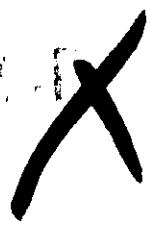
Date: Jan. 1952

Subjects: Albert Einstein

Date Searched: 2-2-52

Found As: Albert Einstein
Albert A. Einstein
Albert B. Einstein
Albert N. Einstein
Albert S. Einstein
Alber Einstein

Alber Einstein
A. Einstein
One Einstein
Doctor Einstein
Professor Einstein



Date Searched As:

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FBI - NEW YORK

Handwritten notes:
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FBI
NEW YORK

This is a summary of information obtained from a review of all references to the subject contained in Bureau files except main file references. All references containing data identical or probably identical with the subject have been included except those listed at the end of this summary as not being reviewed. No interpretation or alteration of the facts set forth in the original material has been made except as set forth in footnotes.

It will be noted that the serial number of each reference is contained in a "source block," setting forth in brief language, a description of the serial and the original source of the information reported therein. The number appearing in parentheses beneath each source block is the page number of the source which that reference is listed. The term "SI" preceding a reference indicates that the serial so designated contains the same information as the foregoing serial. Unless there is a statement to the contrary, such information was obtained from the same source.

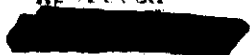
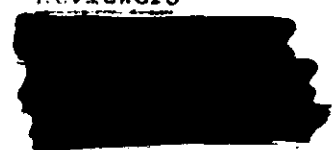
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Supervisor

Approved



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Section 5

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The "Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists" for September, 1947 contained an article on page 235, entitled "Statements on the Second Anniversary of Hiroshima." A brief introduction preceeded the article stating that the Bulletin wrote to outstanding scientists and opinion leaders asking the question "Where do we stand two years after Hiroshima?" The article consisted of replies received in answer to the question. It included a joint statement released by Professor Einstein and the Federation of Atomic Scientists on July 16, 1947. The statement reported that their thesis was that there must be one world or none. To this end they advocated the establishment of international control of atomic energy and all weapons of mass destruction. They also believed that the United Nations was more important than ever.

Identifying information in this reference regarding Einstein and the Bulletin appears in 100-350064-9 which is summarized elsewhere in this memorandum.

Enclosed with
9-15-47 Memo from SAC, Chicago
Re: "Atomic Scientists of Chicago
Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists:
Internal Security - C"
100-350064-11
(14)

CJO:cdd



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An anonymous communication postmarked Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, July 18, 1947, was received by the Bur au. This contained the following message "If you want a scoop, keep your eyes on Einstein first - and Lillienthal next" signed Princetonian.

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[redacted] advised that in 1940, [redacted] was considered second only to Einstein as a mathematical analyst.

The "Bulletin of Atomic Scientists" for August, 1947, Volume 3, Number 8, page 221 concerned an article of Louis Ridenour regarding "Military Support of American Science, A Danger?". According to the magazine Ridenour took the attitude that military support of American science need be no danger to American science. Albert Einstein and Dr. Norbert Wiener in another article made replies to Ridenour's article.

10-29-48 Boston report.
Re: [redacted]
Security-Internal
[redacted]
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12 The "Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists" for August
13 1947 published an article by Louis N. Ridenour entitled
14 "Military Support of American Science, a Danger?" and a reply
15 to this article by Albert Einstein.
16

17 The following comments regarding the above articles
18 appeared in the summaries accompanying the Bulletin at the time
19 it was forwarded to the Bureau.
20

21 "Ridenour takes the attitude that military support
22 of American science need be no danger to American science."
23

24 In replying to the article Einstein made the follow-
25 ing points:
26

- 27 "(1) The military should not be the agency to
28 distribute United States funds to institutions
29 for learning and research.
30 "(2) United States foreign policy has tended to
31 place too much emphasis on non-human factors.
32 This indicates a military mentality.
33 "(3) Sacrifice of citizen's rights and political
34 witch hunting results.
35 "(4) Supra-national foundations are needed for
36 security."
37

38 The Bulletin was published monthly by the Atomic
39 Scientists of Chicago, 1126 East 59th Street, Chicago 37,
40 Illinois. It was supported by a grant from the Emergency Committee
41 of Atomic Scientists. Albert Einstein was listed as Chairman
42 of this Committee.
43
44

45 Enclosed with
46 8-20-47 Memo from SAC, Chicago
47 Re: "Atomic Scientists of Chicago
48 Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists:
49 Internal Security - C"
50 100-350064-9
51 (14)

52 SI 116-18315-18 p. 13
53 (14)

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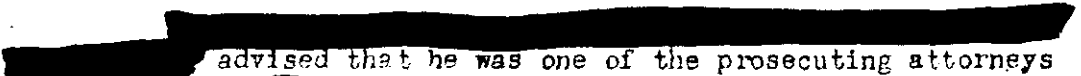
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On April 2, 1943 [redacted] was arrested by officers of the State of California, and charged with being a member and leader of a subversive organization; namely, the Friends of Progress, which failed to register with the Secretary of the State of California.



[redacted] advised that he was one of the prosecuting attorneys in the trial of [redacted] and others of the governing board of the "Friends of Progress". [redacted] advised that [redacted] connection with Germany was shown by documentary evidence of his activities in various German organizations. Exhibit L-33 of these documents was a letter to the "Evening News", Los Angeles, California dated August 8, 1947, in which [redacted] wrote that Hitler was considered by some Americans as a most tyrannical dictator. He said that freedom of speech, of press and conscience had not been taken from German citizens, and that this was merely propaganda by some Americans. He also stated there was no filthy or cruel concentration camps in Germany, and that such stories were spread by paid propagandists and that no writer or scientist of note had been expelled. As reference was made to one Albert Einstein, [redacted] reminded his readers that leading American organizations objected to his entry into this country because of his Communist leanings.

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Los Angeles report dated 11-4-43
Re: [redacted] was.;
Denaturalization Proceedings - G"

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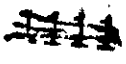


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The personal history of [REDACTED] as contained in the 1946 edition of "Current Biography" stated that [REDACTED] was one of several scientists who, in May, 1946 "joined Professor Albert Einstein in forming the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists, which hoped to 'help arouse the world to its danger'".

An article, which appeared in the New York "Herald Tribune" of August 13, 1946, date-lined at Trenton, New Jersey on August 12, 1947, concerning the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists, Incorporated, set forth the following information:

"Dr. Albert Einstein and a group of scientists associated with the production of the atomic bomb, filed papers of incorporation here today as the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists, Incorporated. Its purpose, as stated in a contemplated charter, will be to advance the peace time uses of atomic energy and to 'diffuse knowledge and information about atomic energy and to promote the general understanding of its consequences to society and to the people of the United States in order that an informed citizenry may intelligently determine its policy and shape its action to serve its own and mankind's best interest'".

(page 29)

The home of Dr. Einstein, 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey, was listed as the corporation's headquarters. Co-trustees were listed as Dr. Edward U. Condon, head of the Bureau of Standards in Washington, D.C.; Dr. Victor L. Weisskopf of MIT; Dr. F. Peacher and Dr. Hansa Bethe of Cornell University; Dr. Harold C. Urey, Dr. T. Hogness and Dr. Leo Sillard of the University of Chicago.

(page 30)

Washington Field Office report,
11-21-47,

Re: [REDACTED]
Internal Security-R

b7c [REDACTED]
(20)

SI [REDACTED]
(25)

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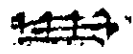


The "Daily Worker" of August 12, 1947, carried an article entitled "French Act to Bar Measles Spread Among Refugee Kids". This article stated in part that French health authorities took precautionary measures on the previous day to prevent an epidemic of measles among children of the Jewish refugees aboard three British transports off the coast of France.

This article stated further that on the previous day forty prominent Americans commended the French Government for its "benevolent manner" in dealing with the refugees; further that a telegram to French Ambassador Henri Bonnet declared "It was in the richest traditions of the nation that gave to the world the democratic ideals of liberty, equality and fraternity, that homeless and dispirited wanderers were given such care and noble treatment". The article stated further that the signers of this telegram included Professor Albert Einstein and thirty-six other individuals.

111-1-231-A
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On [redacted] furnished to the Bureau a copy of a typewritten list bearing the names of approximately forty American scientists and the names of the universities to which they were attached. The reading of the list indicated that many of them had been publicly reported to have worked on the atomic bomb project. The name of Albert Einstein, Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, New Jersey, appeared on this list.

b2,
b7D

[redacted]

NY rpt, 10-16-57
Re: [redacted] was.,
78 - 9. [redacted]
(19)

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[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]. He affirmed statements of [REDACTED] and [REDACTED], in report of Special Agent [REDACTED] at Cincinnati, July 18, 1947, concerning his association with Dr. Einstein and Dr. Oppenheimer and the invitation to "visit him in Los Angeles and he would show him how to split the atom".

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7c,
D

LA rpt., 9-23-47
Re: "[REDACTED]"
was.; Atomic Energy Act.
Impersonation,
[REDACTED]
(85)

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By letter dated November 17, 1948, the New York Office reported that it had been unable to identify any individual named [REDACTED] who was known to be a contact of Professor Albert Einstein of Princeton. Similar information was reported in the letter from the New York Field Division on January 4, 1949.

b7c

The balance of this reference contained information which was identical to [REDACTED] which was set out in this summary.

b7c

San Francisco Report,
2-24-49.

Re: "[REDACTED]

Espionage-R."

[REDACTED]

(83)

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[REDACTED]

b1, b2, b7C, D

[REDACTED]

The Newark Division was requested to check its indices for any individual by the name of [REDACTED], who was a known contact of Professor Einstein. The New York Office was likewise requested to check its indices for the purpose of identifying [REDACTED]

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San Francisco Letter to Director, June 4, 1948.

Re: [REDACTED] b7c
Espionage-R.

(82)

AMH:mr g

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12 A letter, dated September 2, 1947, was received by
13 the Bureau from [redacted]. The letter bore the head-
14 ing of the Association of Scientists For Atomic Education,
15 Room 523, 625 Madison Avenue, New York City and a list of the
16 Board of Directors, Officers and Trustees. From this list,
17 [redacted]

18 [redacted] In addition, Albert Einstein was listed as a
19 trustee.

20 b7c [redacted] alleged that the Bureau investigated a recent
21 discussion meeting at Georgetown, South Carolina, led by [redacted]
22 [redacted] a member of the above-mentioned association from Oak Ridge,
23 Tennessee.
24
25

26 A reply to the above letter was forwarded by memo to
27 Mr. D. M. Ladd from V. F. Keay, dated September 8, 1947. This
28 memo pointed out that the Association of Scientists for Atomic
29 Education was founded in December, 1946 to handle educational
30 activities for the Federation of American Scientists (FAS) and
31 to receive funds from the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists,
32 headed by Albert Einstein.
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35 100-350587-7
36 (12)
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On [redacted] (reliability not stated) advised that Professor Albert Einstein was a member of the International Board of "United World, Inc." (probably United Nations World, Inc.). This corporation published the magazine "United Nations World."

b7C

According to the informant, [redacted] of the United Nations World, Inc., was in France from 1927 to 1940 and, while there, was suspected of Communist activities and because of this, it was believed that his citizenship was revoked.

10-1-47 New York Report
Re: "Free World, Inc.;
United Nations World;
Internal Security - C"
100-90431-201
(32)

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[REDACTED] furnished a report, dated [REDACTED] Los Angeles, California, concerning the "Action for Palestine" meeting held at the Hollywood Bowl, Hollywood, California on September 24, 1946. The meeting was sponsored by the Los Angeles Zionist Emergency Council and Justice for Palestine Committee. During the program the voice of Albert Einstein was brought to the meeting by means of a record. Being unable to attend, he expressed his regrets and trusted that the United Nations would take over and give Palestine to the Jews.

LA - 4420-1
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GJC:feh



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Page 2 of the "Chicago Star" on October 4, 1947 contained a photograph of Albert Einstein together with Henry Wallace, Dr. Frank Kingdom of the Progressive Citizens of America and Paul Robeson, singer, actor and fighter for Negro equality.

Beneath the above-mentioned photograph it was stated that Albert Einstein, the man whose basic research made the atomic bomb possible, invited Henry Wallace to his New Jersey home and expressed his "great admiration for Wallace's courage and devotion in the fight for world peace".

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A highly confidential source on October 5, 1947, furnished a printed letterhead of the Detroit Jewish Committee to Aid Russian Rehabilitation, Incorporated, to the Detroit Office. This letterhead reflected that honorary chairmen of this organization were Rabbi Stephen S. Wise and Professor Albert Einstein.

Detroit rpt. 10-05-47
Re: "American Jewish Council
to Aid Russian Rehabilitation
Inc. (Detroit Jewish Committee
to Aid Russian Rehabilitation,
Inc.) IS - C."
100-184445-22, u. 6
(6)

AMM:gdj

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In May of 1948, the Bureau files reflected that Albert Einstein, Chairman, and [redacted] for the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists, Incorporated, Room 28, 90 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey, signed a letter dated October 11, 1947, to Secretary of State George C. Marshall. This communication enclosed a copy of a letter written by [redacted] to Premier Stalin of Russia. The letter to Secretary of State Marshall requested authority for [redacted] to transmit the enclosed letter to Stalin through channels chosen by [redacted]. The letter to Stalin in general mentioned the deterioration of relations between the United States and Russia and the drift towards war. It suggested that Stalin start broadcasting direct to the American people outlining his basic ideas for the reconstruction of the post war world and that a series of meetings of leading scientists and citizens of the world be held to iron out existing difficulties.

b7c

Boston Report, May 8, 1948
Re: [redacted]
Atomic Energy Applicant - E
[redacted]
(25)
SI [redacted]
(13)

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MH:jar

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12 The reference indicated in the block below is a
13 mimeographed letter dated October 11, 1947, on the letterhead
14 of the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists, Incorporated,
15 located at Room 28, 90 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey,
16 and signed by A. Einstein.

17
18 The letter was disseminated in soliciting funds for
19 the committee to help in its "campaign of education to ensure
20 that atomic energy will be used for the benefit of mankind
21 and not for humanity's destruction".

22
23 Attached to the above-mentioned letter was a leaflet
24 entitled "The Last Hour Before Midnight" issued by the Emergency
25 Committee for Atomic Scientists which reflected Albert Einstein
26 as Chairman of the Committee and Harold C. Urey as Vice-
27 Chairman.

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29
30 Source of material mentioned
31 above not given.
32 100-345104-13
33 (18)

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35 CMB:cdd
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[redacted] furnished information concerning the first session of the National Conference for Protection of the Foreign Born held October 25, 1947, at Cleveland, Ohio. [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] paid high tribute to the many immigrants who had made outstanding contributions to this country, pointing out the work of Albert Einstein and three other individuals.

b2 b7C/D

Cleveland rpt. 12-1-47
Re: "American Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born; IS - C."
100-7046-284, p. 12
(60)

AMH:drl

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The "Daily Worker" of October 31, 1947, carried an article entitled "Ask U. S. Grant Visas to Polish Jews". This article stated in part that visas for a delegation of Polish Jews were requested on the previous day by the American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists; further that Professor Albert Einstein was head of the committee.

100-100-80-A
(53)

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At 7:35 PM on November 3, 1947 a Washington Field Office agent called the Bureau and stated that he had received a telephone call from the Atomic Energy Commission telephone operator who advised him that she had received a telephone call at 6:25 PM from an individual who gave his name as [REDACTED]

b7c

[REDACTED] stated that he was calling from New York regarding his formula Y4-X. He desired to have his call referred to [REDACTED]

At 6:30 PM the operator at the Atomic Energy Commission received another call from the same individual who claimed this time to be calling from Columbus, Ohio. This time he desired that his call be referred to Professor Einstein at Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey. This time he said that he wanted to speak to Professor Einstein regarding nuclear energy control.

The Atomic Energy Commission operator advised the agent that she had learned the call was actually from University 0138, Columbus, Ohio. The telephone company operator handling the calls advised the Atomic Energy Commission operator that just prior to handling these calls she also received a request to place a call to Professor Einstein at Princeton, New Jersey.

Memorandum to L. G. Ladd from J. L. Milnes, November 3, 1947

Re: [REDACTED]
Commission [REDACTED]

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15 The following is quoted from an article entitled
16 "The Atom Bomb Madness" which appeared on page 9 of the
17 November 7, 1947, issue of the "Daily Worker";

18
19 "Soviet Foreign Minister Molotov struck a strong
20 blow for peace with his announcement that for the Soviet Union
21 there was no longer any secrets concerning the atom bomb.

22
23 "At the same time, he emphatically repeated what
24 Stalin had told Harold Stassen and others, that there can
25 be peaceful collaborations between the capitalist U. S. A.
26 and the Socialist USSR.

27
28 "With this world-important statement, the Soviet
29 leader confirms what many atom scientists in this country have
30 been trying vainly to drum into the heads of certain power-
31 crazy 'brass hats' and profit-hungry banker-diplomats in the
32 State Department.

33
34 "That is, that there could not be any atom bomb
35 monopoly for a long time.

36
37 "The newspapers have been kidding the public with
38 the notion it's ok to 'get tough' with the rest of the world
39 because we alone have the atomic bomb.

40
41 "They have been rousing a war spirit with the stated,
42 or implied, falsehood that an atomic war would be a one-way
43 street, quickly ended, with little danger to us.

44
45 "As against this war-breeding clique, peace-loving
46 Americans of all political views -- whether a Henry Wallace,
47 an Einstein, or the Communist Party -- have been warned that
48 atomic bomb diplomacy was leading our nation into a trap for
49 which the American people and the world would pay a heavy price
50 in sufferings and death.

51
52 100-345079-A
53 Daily Worker
54 11-7-b7
55 (78)

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57 CMB:ddl



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A review of the New York Field Division files disclosed that the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists was located at 625 Madison Avenue, New York City. It was comprised of a group of scientists who were interested in atomic energy and was headed by Albert Einstein and some prominent American physicists. Some Communist sympathizers were associated with the organization which was not, however, under the control or influence of pro-Communist or pro-Russian elements.

11-8-47 Memo from SAC, New York
Re: "Committee for Foreign
Correspondence;
Internal Security - R"
100-346921-71
(39)

CJO:cdd

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In the January 1948 issue of the "Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists" on page 1 appeared an article entitled "A Plea for International Understanding" by Albert Einstein. This article was a reprinting of Einstein's remarks addressed to the members of the Foreign Press Association to the United Nations on November 11, 1947, in accepting the Association's award as chairman of the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists. The award was given "in recognition of his valiant effort to make the world's nations understand the need of outlawing atomic energy as a means of war, and of developing it as an instrument of peace."

According to the review of this article submitted along with the Bulletin, Einstein made the following statements:

- "(1) Man's problem, the atomic bomb, is man-made.
- "(2) Intelligent, objective and humane thinking is even persecuted as unpatriotic.
- "(3) People of sound judgment and sense of justice in opposite camps could work out a solution, but there is a forced separation of such people in both camps.
- "(4) There is little chance for agreement where contact is limited to official negotiation.
- "(5) Scientists consider it their task to work for understanding and ultimate agreement."

Identifying information in this reference regarding Einstein and the Bulletin appears in 100-350064-9 which is summarized elsewhere in this memorandum.

Enclosed with
1-14-48 Memo from SAC, Chicago
Re: "Atomic Scientists of Chicago
Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists:
Internal Security - C"
100-350064-19
(14)

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reported that on November 11, 1947, the American Birobidjan Committee held its annual national dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, New York City. The informant advised that the dinner was attended by approximately 800 people and that speakers included Max Levine, Chairman of the Board of Directors, New York City Councilman Stanley Isaacs, Professor Elias A. Lowe of Princeton University, Dr. Raymond Walsh, Radio Commentator and Economist, and Senator Alben W. Barkley.

The Informant stated that Professor Lowe, who had just returned from Europe on a mission of the State Department, stated that the talk that Europe was going under was nonsense. Professor Lowe continued that conditions were very hard, that there was not enough to eat, that a remarkable rebuilding was going on and that we must aid Europe. He declared that he brought a message from Professor Albert Einstein. In the message, Einstein endorsed the activities of the American Birobidjan Committee, especially its work on behalf of the war orphans in Stalingrad and Birobidjan, and also the committee's campaign for sending out prefabricated houses to Birobidjan.

NY letter 11-22-47
Re: "American Birobidjan
Committee, was.: IS-C"
100-99898-85X
(41)

CMB:vm

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[REDACTED]

The November 20, 1947 issue of the "Peoples Daily World" carried on page 5 a review of the book entitled "The Scientists Speak" which was edited by Warren Weaver and published by Boni and Gaer. The review was written by one Clint Smith at San Francisco. According to the review, the book contained reprints of 87 12 minute talks given by 81 leading American research workers during intermissions at the New York Philharmonic Symphony broadcasts during the preceding two years. The review stated further that most of the authors of the volume scrupulously avoided any comments about the political or economic consequences of their work, but added that a few top men, such as Albert Einstein, J. Robert Oppenheimer and Harold Urey had ventured to point out "the common peril" which humanity faced in this atomic age.

WFO Report, 11-10-50
Re: [REDACTED]

b7c [REDACTED]

(63)

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The Bureau advised by letter dated December 12, 1946, that no information of value was obtained from a check of the Bureau's files relative to the above-mentioned names.

Re letter dated November 1, 1946, the Baltimore Division advised that it was ascertained that Dr. Albert Einstein and Miss Helen Dukas, his secretary, were guests at Frank Wilson's, Cumberland, Maryland, home at his home located near Deep Creek Lake, Cumberland, Maryland, center of about October 10, 1946.

The Baltimore letter advised further that the "Cumberland Evening Times", Cumberland, Maryland, carried the following news item on September 23, 1946:

"Einstein party arrives at lake - Dr. Albert Einstein, world famous scientist, arrived at Deep Creek lake in Garrett County last evening to spend a short vacation at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Frank M. Wilson, of Cumberland. Dr. Einstein and his party of four plan to occupy 'Mar-Jo', the Wilson home in the Turkey Neck Section of the lake for a week or ten days, according to acquaintances arranged for the scientist to visit western Maryland.

"The party made the trip from Princeton, New Jersey, to the lake by automobile, arriving about 7 p.m., yesterday."

The Baltimore letter stated further that in the "Alcohi Mirror" for October 10, 1946, a publication of the Alleghany High School, Cumberland, Maryland, there was an article regarding an interview of "Alcohi Mirror" reporters with Dr. Einstein on Sunday, October 6, 1946. This article stated that Dr. Einstein was accompanied on his vacation trip



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by his secretary, Miss Helen Dukas, and by Dr. and Mrs. Gustav Bucky. Dr. Bucky was described as a world famous radiologist who came to America in 1922. His wife, Mrs. Frida Bucky, was described as an author of note, having written several books. It was stated that Dr. Mark Flunguan, author of several books in the chemical field, who was then doing research work at the Celanese Corporation at Cumberland, Maryland, was also in the group of celebrities at the lake.

This article stated further that Mrs. Flunguan, wife of Dr. Mark Flunguan, had played a very important role in bringing the group to western Maryland. It was stated that Mrs. Flunguan had been working for some time on a bust of Dr. Einstein, and a short time previously had realized that she was going to need something on which to mount her work of art. Dr. Flunguan made some remarks along this line among his friends and fellow workers in the laboratories at the Celanese Plant, and one John B. Steiding, offered to build a pedestal of choice wood and submit it for just such a purpose, according to the paper.

It was stated further that the pedestal had been constructed and an invitation was extended to Dr. Einstein to come to "the woodlands of Maryland sometime for real rest and relaxation. His secretary promptly replied that they would get a party together at once and would drive to Cumberland, September 21."

The Baltimore letter noted that neither of the above-mentioned newspaper articles referred to any past acquaintance or association between Dr. Einstein or Helen Dukas, and their host, Dr. Wilson. It was further noted that Dr. Frank M. Wilson was a prominent physician and surgeon, whose home was at 614 Washington Street, Cumberland, Maryland.

On November 10, 1947, [redacted] at Princeton, New Jersey, advised that [redacted] at Albert Einstein's residence at 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey. [redacted] b7c

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[REDACTED]

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Tukas and Dr. Einstein apparently did not go away for a vacation the past summer, according to [REDACTED] as no forwarding address was left with him.

b2, b7D

[REDACTED]

Newark rpt. 9-11-48

b7c

Re: [REDACTED]

IS - [REDACTED]

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This reference contained a pamphlet entitled "Atomic War or Peace" by Albert Einstein as told to Raymond Swing.

On the front cover of this pamphlet, it was stated that the pamphlet was reprinted by permission of the editors of "The Atlantic Monthly" and made available to his friends by the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists. The inside cover of this pamphlet set out a list of the trustees of the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists, Incorporated, 90 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey, one of whom was Albert Einstein, Chairman, Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, New Jersey.

Also included in this reference were two letters dated January 10, 1948, and November 25, 1947, on the letterhead of the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists which were addressed, "Dear Friends" and signed A. Einstein.

This reference also contained a statement by the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists which set out in numerical order six facts which were accepted by all atomic scientists. This statement was an appeal for contributions toward the \$1,000,000 fund of the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists, Incorporated, 90 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey, of which Albert Einstein was chairman. This statement contained a form at the bottom of the page which was to be filled out and returned to the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists with gift. A business reply envelope was also attached addressed to the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists, 90 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

The name of Albert Einstein also appeared on the letterhead of the above-mentioned letters as a trustee of the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists.

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b7C, E

[REDACTED]

A review of the Los Angeles indices indicated that the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists, Incorporated, was an organization for education on social implication of atomic energy. Among those persons connected with the organization were Albert Einstein, Professor Harold C. Urey, University of Chicago, Hans A. Bethe of Cornell University, and Linus Pauling of the California Institute of Technology.

LA memo to Director
12-15-47

b7C

Re: [REDACTED]

was., IS - C."

[REDACTED]

(11)

b7C

Correlator's Note:

[REDACTED]

AMH:ddl

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12 With a report dated August 1, 1950, the Washington
13 Field Office enclosed a letter from the American Embassy,
14 Ottawa, Canada, dated December 11, 1947, to the Honorable,
15 the Secretary of State, Washington, D.C., and signed by
16 Ray Atherton. Enclosed with this letter was a copy of a
17 recorded talk given by Dr. Jerome Davis, over several radio
18 stations of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation on December
19 6, 1947.

20
21 The following is quoted from the above-referred to
22 radio talk: "Following the war, Russia today spends far
23 less on military appropriation than the United States. America
24 has a navy larger than all the navies of the world combined,
25 the best long range bombers in the world and exclusive secret
26 of the atomic bomb. Russia has been devastated over as large
27 an area as all Europe; she has almost no navy, very few long
28 range bombers, and no atomic bombs. Again the United States
29 has been bullheaded about the atomic bomb. She did not need
30 to destroy her bombs but at least she might have accepted
31 the Soviet proposal to outlaw their use. As Albert Einstein
32 has said in burning words, 'in refusing to outlaw the bomb
33 while having the monopoly of it, the United States is making
34 a political purpose of the possession. This is hardly
35 pardonable.' Think of it, Albert Einstein says that America's
36 refusal to outlaw the atomic bomb is inexcusable."

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38 100-8871-123
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On December 11, 1947, the Department of State furnished the Bureau with a mimeographed letter dated November 21, 1947, on the letterhead of the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists and signed by A. Einstein, Chairman of the Committee.

The letter solicited contributions for the Committee in order that it might carry on a program of education which would bring to the citizenry of the country the facts about atomic energy and its social implications.

Enclosure with the above letter was a pamphlet entitled "Atomic War Peace" by Albert Einstein which was a reprint from the "Atlantic Monthly."

According to the letter, the pamphlet set forth Einstein's beliefs "as to the reasons for the stalemate which confronts us today in the vitally important negotiations on an international atomic energy control. It proposes certain actions on the part of our people and our government which I think would be helpful in lessening the present tensions."

Memo from State Dept., 11-31-47
with enclosure
100-345104-14
(24)

CMB:cmn

OK to release per State

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The December 16, 1947, issue of the "Los Angeles Herald and Express" contained an article captioned "Flea to U. S. to let Hann Eisler Stay." The article listed the names of 14 noted artists, musicians and scientists, who signed a petition to Attorney General Tom Clark to cancel deportation proceedings against Composer Hann Eisler and his wife

100-195220-

(4)

SI 100-195220-A "Daily Worker" 12-17-47

(4)

SI 100-32520-A

(4)(Washington Times Herald 12-16-47)

SI 121-9504-24

(6)(Daily People's World 12-17-47)

SI 100-279704-120 p. 2

(36) (German American 1-7-49)

CIC:feh

744-745

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12 The "New York Daily Mirror" of August 17, 1950, con-
13 tained statements from Louis Budenz's book, "Men Without Faces",
14 and quoted him with respect to the Cultural and Scientific
15 Conference held at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, New York City,
16 March 25-27, 1949, as follows:
17

18 "Heading the list of those who sponsored and attended
19 the Waldorf-Astoria 'Peace' session were Thomas Mann and Albert
20 Einstein, neither a Communist. Mann is the novelist, long a
21 warm defender of Moscow.
22

23 "The relationships with Mann and Einstein were
24 established by what the Communists called 'remote control' while
25 I was still part of the Red leadership. The chain of communica-
26 tion with Mann ran through associates of his daughter Erika;
27 while with Einstein, means of reaching him were set up at Prince-
28 ton. In both instances, these men were persuaded to their pro-
29 Communist stands by playing on their hatred of Nazism. This I
30 know from what I heard said in Politburo meetings. No more
31 striking illustration could be found of the way well-known men
32 and women of unquestionable integrity are deceived and exploited
33 by the Communists."
34

35 An article appeared in the "Daily Worker" on December
36 17, 1947, discussing the filing of a petition to Attorney General
37 Tom Clark to discontinue deportations then pending against Eisler.
38 The article was entitled "Einstein, Mann Ask Clark To Stop Hans
39 Eisler Deportation." It was datelined Hollywood, California,
40 December 16, 1947.
41

42 Also in the book "Men Without Faces", pages 219-229,
43 Budenz described the Communist origin of the National Council
44 of the Arts, Sciences and Professions, Inc.
45

46 12-19-50 New York report
47 Re: "National Council of the
48 Arts, Sciences and Professions,
49 Inc.: Internal Security-C
50 Internal Security Act of 1950"
51 100-356137-601 p. 36, 41
52 (70)
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54 CJD:vm
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The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
61-7099-46p 748

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The "Morning Freiheit" of February 15, 1946, contained an article entitled "Campaign for Books for Soviet Russia." According to this article the Campaign for Books was being conducted by the Jewish Book Committee, which was composed of the American Jewish Council to Aid Russian Rehabilitation, Inc., and the American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists, with Professor Albert Einstein as Honorary Chairman. (page 4)

The "Morning Freiheit" of May 15, 1946, contained an article entitled "Conference of Jewish Council for Russian Relief." The article stated that an Administrative Committee was elected. Listed as Honorary Chairman were Dr. Stephen S. Wise and Professor Albert Einstein. (page 5)

61,62,67D



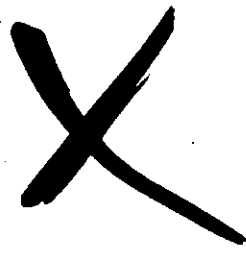
[Redacted] the American Jewish Council to Aid Russian Rehabilitation, Inc. signed by Herman Hoffman and Louis Levine. This letter set forth the names and titles of the officers of this organization as of the date of dissolution. According to this letter, Honorary Presidents included Professor Albert Einstein and Rabbi Stephen S. Wise. (page 32)

New York report, 11-24-48
Re: "American Jewish Council
to Aid Russian Rehabilitation,
Inc., Internal Security-C"
100-18445-30
(35)

AMH:vm



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The "Daily Worker" of December 2nd, 1947, carried an article entitled "To Hold USSR-Palestine Dinner". This article stated in part that an American-Soviet Palestine Friendship Dinner, at which Andrei A. Gromyko, Soviet representative to the United Nations, would be the guest of honor, would be held on the following Tuesday evening in the Grand Ballroom of the Hotel Commodore.

This article stated further that the function is being given by the American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists of which Professor Albert Einstein and Sholem Asch, the author, were the honorary presidents.

100-100089-1
(35)

AMH:001

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b7c

The letterhead of the "Denver Council of American Soviet Friendship" which was ordered on December 29, 1947, reflected the name of [redacted] and the name of Professor Albert Einstein as one of the sponsors of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc.

Denver Report, July 25, 1950
enclosing photostatic copies of
above letterhead.

Re: [redacted]

b7c

"Loyalty of Government Employees"

(76)

AMH:mab

* This was the word that appeared in the file but apparently should have been obtained as the same date appears on the letterhead.

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This reference is a document of unknown author from an unknown source dated December 29, 1947, at New York City, captioned "Jewish or Zionist Organizations."

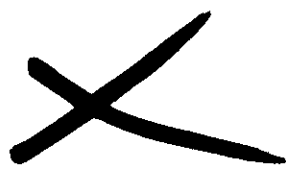
The following is quoted from this document:

"There is one organization that lists itself as having 800 smaller groups, but gives no membership figure. It is the American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists, Incorporated. This organization publishes a Soviet Scientist Magazine, New Currents, and is headed by Albert Einstein and Sholem Asch, the latter is of the Communist Party's Jewish 'Morning Freiheit'."

100-335267-45
(38)

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[REDACTED] reported that he had ascertained the details of a banquet sponsored by the American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists in honor of Andrei Gromyko, the Soviet Delegate to the Security Council of the United Nations from [REDACTED]

b2
b7D/C

This banquet was held on December 30, 1947 at the Commodore Hotel and according to informant some 1200 people were present. Informant advised further [REDACTED] that telegrams were received from Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, Dr. Stephen Wise, Professor Albert Einstein and Sholom Asch, the novelist.

On March 16, 1948, the above information was directed to Mr. Jack D. Neal, Chief, Division of Foreign Activities Correlation, State Department, Washington, D. C. by summary memorandum.

Re: American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists, and Scientists, Internal Security-C
100-184489-20
(35)
SI 100-184489-A
(33) (New York Times 12-31-47)

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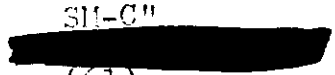
b7cD



b7cD

[redacted] stated that [redacted] corresponded with many people and received letters from several states and foreign countries. Some of the letters he received, including those from his wife, were believed by her to have been written in the Russian language. She did not know the identity of his other correspondents, although she recalled that he was in contact with Dr. Albert Einstein, the well-known physicist, and also wrote to persons then working in the laboratory in New York City.

Cincinnati report, 7-23-51
Re: [redacted]
Atomic Energy Act Employees:
SM-C"



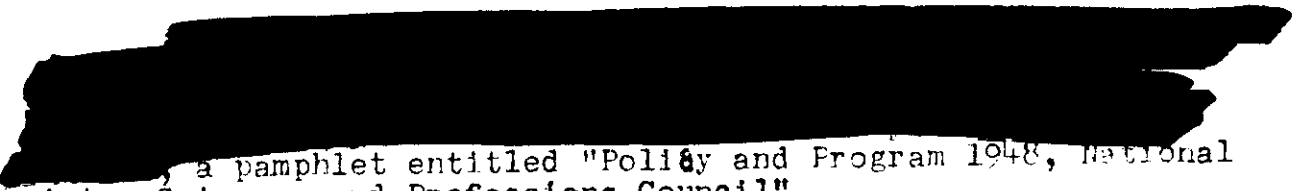
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(61)

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b7E



, a pamphlet entitled "Policy and Program 1948, National Arts, Sciences and Professions Council".

On the inside cover of this pamphlet appeared a list of officers, vice chairmen, and members-at-large of the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions. The name of Dr. Albert Einstein appeared on this list as a member-at-large.

Philadelphia Memorandum to Director,
9-3-48, enclosing above
pamphlet.
Re: "National Arts, Sciences and
Professions Council;
Internal Security-C."
100-356137-7
(26)
SI 100-356137-9
(40) (ND-342)

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62167D

[REDACTED]

... (The following information was obtained from a confidential source who has provided reliable information in the past.) ...

In 1948, Professor William L. ... and ... Motion Pictures, ... (source not stated)

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SI 101-4580-36
(36)

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b7C, D

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

an organization composed of five or six scientists who were doing research work in an attempt to produce medicines to effect the cure of pneumonia. This group of scientists composed the organization known as "Tropon".

b7C, D

In about January of 1948 [REDACTED] stated [REDACTED] exhibited to him a letter from Dr. Albert Einstein, the scientist, which appeared to be a personal letter. The contents of the letter were never made known to him by [REDACTED]

b7C, D

Charlotte memo to Director
8-21-50
Re: "Tropon, IS-C"
100-369465-5
(63)

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61-7099-4 p 763

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For your information: _____

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61-7099-46 p 764 & 765

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b7D/C

[REDACTED]

The telegram was an invitation to join the writer and nine other individuals, who were listed and included the name of Dr. Albert Einstein, in launching a Committee of One Thousand, to seek the abolition of the Un-American Activities Committee.

b7C [REDACTED]

T-1 Bill Iback, Manager,
Western Union, Santa Monica,
California
4-8-48 Los Angeles Report
Re: "Committee of One Thousand:
Internal Security - C"
100-353406-14 p.2
(12)

CJO:cdd

SI 100-138754-407 p. 5, 37
(4) (LA-1138) (1-14-48)
SI 100-341825-A
(5) (Washington Evening Star 1-19-48)
SI 100-138754-418 p. 16
(33) (New York Times 1-19-48)

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b1, b2, b7D

[redacted] furnished information concerning the Annual National Dinner of the American Birobidjan Committee (Ambijan) which was held on November 11, 1947, at the Waldorf Astoria Hotel, New York City.

Informant advised that Professor Elias A. Lowe of Princeton University brought a message to the dinner from Professor Einstein endorsing the activities of Ambijan.

It was also reported that Dr. J. Raymond Walsh, radio commentator, in his talk at the dinner declared that any American should be proud to be on the same cause with Professor Albert Einstein.

The Ambijan Bulletin for January 1948, on page 1, contained a copy of the cable dated January 14, 1948, which was sent by Ambijan to the Jewish Anti-Fascist Committee in Moscow with expressions of condolence on the death of the head of their Committee in Russia. Albert Einstein, Honorary President (of Ambijan) was one of the signers of the message.

The Special Committee on Un-American Activities in its report of March 29, 1944, stated that the "American Committee For Emergency Aid to the Soviet Union" was a Communist front. It is to be noted that Ambijan was previously known by this title.

2-23-49 New York Report
Re: "American Birobidjan Committee,
was. Ambijan, ABC; Internal Security -
C"
100-99898-111 p. 25, 27, 67
(32)

CJO:bbb

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The Washington Post of January 19, 1948, carried an article entitled "Emphasis on Military is Deplored". This article stated that Professor Albert Einstein and twenty other "educators, clergymen and prominent figures issued a warning that 'America cannot remain democratic if the present trend toward military control of our institutions continues' ". These assertions were said to be made in a booklet entitled "The Militarization of America", distributed by the "National Council Against Conscription". The signers of the report that were mentioned included [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7c

Omaha Report, February 25, 1949

Re: [REDACTED] b7c

"Loyalty of Government Employees."

[REDACTED]

(65)

SI 61-7559-2-6938

(71) (Booklet mentioned above)

SI 100-153679-110

(10) (ONI report, 1-21-48)

AMH:mab

771-772-773 861

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On January 19, 1948, the "Daily Worker" carried an article entitled "Einstein Mourns Death of Mikhoels." It reported that Professor Albert Einstein and other Jewish leaders dispatched a cable to the Jewish Anti-Fascist Committee in the Soviet Union, expressing grief at the sudden death of Solomon Mikhoels, chairman of the Committee. The cable was addressed to Itzik Feffer and G. Helfts and was signed by Einstein and fellow officers of the American Birobidjan Committee. Einstein was honorary president of the organization.

100-99898-A
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The "Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists" of January 19, 1948, as published by the Atomic Scientists of Chicago contained an article "A Pled for International Understanding" by Albert Einstein which appeared on page 1. In the article, Einstein stated that intelligent, objective and humane thinking was even prosecuted as unpatriotic. This statement was made in connection with his consideration of a solution of the atomic energy problem.

Chicago memo 1-15-48
Re: "CONTAE; IS - R."
100-345079-87
(14)

CMB:ddl

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775-776

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15 The "New York Sun" of January 22, 1948, contained an
16 article captioned "Secret Plans Laid for Drive to Attack Thomas
17 Committee." The article reported that a new organization to be
18 known as the Committee of One Thousand was organized for the purpose
19 of persuading Congress to abolish the Thomas Committee on Un-
20 American Activities.

21 The article also stated that the organization's first
22 move at its headquarters in Washington, D. C. was to place a full-
23 page newspaper advertisement which called for donations. Among those
24 who signed the advertisement was Albert Einstein.

25 According to the article, telegrams had been sent to
26 prominent persons from the Century Club in New York asking them
27 to join the Committee of One Thousand in conducting a campaign to
28 eliminate the Thomas Committee. Einstein was on the list of persons
29 who received one of the above-mentioned telegrams.
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32 100-353406-A
33 (Enc. 84)

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35 CJO: jh) SI 100-353406-A
36 (12) (Washington Post 1-26-48)
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The January 24, 1948, issue of the Washington "Times Herald" contained an article captioned "Plan to Smear Red-Probers Hit by Congressmen." by James Walter. The article reported that Congressional leaders spoke out against the Committee of One Thousand.

The article further stated that of the 21 sponsors of the Committee of One Thousand, 20 were listed in the files of the un-American activities group and 12 were members of groups designated as subversive by the Attorney General. It also set out a list of these sponsors as they appeared on a full-page announcement published in the "Washington Post" (date not given), urging abolishment of the House Committee. Albert Einstein's name appeared on this list.

100-252406-A
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CJO:jh

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- Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
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61-7099-46 p 780

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The records of the Clerk of the United States District Court, Trenton, New Jersey, reflected that [redacted] was granted Certificate of Naturalization at Trenton, New Jersey, May 6, 1942. His witnesses were Albert Einstein, Professor, 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey, and Helen Dukas, Einstein's secretary at the same address. b7c

[redacted] and [redacted] Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, New Jersey, advised that between [redacted] was an assistant to Dr. Albert Einstein in developing the unified theory of gravitation. (page 3) b7c

On January 30, 1948, in his personnel security questionnaire, [redacted] indicated as his legal residence, 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey. It was noted that this was the address of Professor Albert Einstein. (page 6) b7c

The balance of this reference contains the same information as [redacted] which is set out in this summary. b7c

NY rpt. 6-25-51
b7c Re: [redacted]
IS: R and [redacted]
[redacted]
(22)

AMH:drl

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[REDACTED]

... Trenton, New Jersey, on May 6, 1948. His witnesses were Albert Einstein, Professor, 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey, and Helen Lukas, secretary of the same address.

b7c

From [REDACTED] was employed in research work in the school of mathematics of the Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, New Jersey. [REDACTED] was an assistant to Dr. Albert Einstein in developing the unified theory of gravitation.

b7c

On January 20, 1948, [REDACTED] indicated that his legal residence was 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey. It was noted that this was the address of Professor Albert Einstein.

b7c

The source of the above information was not indicated in this reference.

[REDACTED]

b7c, D

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[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7C

reference was received from Dr. Einstein and both of Princeton, New Jersey, Dr. Einstein and recommended [REDACTED] as a loyal American.

[REDACTED]

b7C

NY rpt. # 10-51
Re: [REDACTED]
IS - R - [REDACTED]
(21)

Correlator's Note: The following penciled notation appeared on the left-hand side of the first page of this report: "No Dissemination, see corrected report".

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[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] described his recent interview with Albert Einstein and commented upon the intellectual honesty of Einstein.

b7C

[REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED]

4-6-48 NY Memo to the Bureau

b7C

RE: [REDACTED]

Security Matter - C

(36)

CJO:man

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The February 1948 issue of the "Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists" published an article on pages 34, 37 and 38 entitled "Open Letter to Dr. Einstein -- From Four Soviet Scientists."

On pages 35, 36 and 37, there appeared an article entitled "A Reply to the Soviet Scientists" by Albert Einstein.

The following is quoted in part from a summary submitted with the Bulletin:

"The letter is from the following Soviet scientists: Sergei Vavilov, A. N. Frumkin, A. I. Loffe, N. N. Semyonov.

"There is a preface to this article to the effect that the letter, criticizing Dr. Einstein's support of world government, was first published in "The New Times," a Moscow English language newspaper, on November 26, 1947. The signatories are all scientists of international repute."

The following were the salient items of interest in this article:

- "1. World government is the aim of Imperialists.
- "2. Foreign Capitalists enslaved Tsarist Russia and fought against the revolutionary movement.
- "3. World government would mean world domination by Capitalistic monopolies.
- "4. World government discredits national sovereignty.
- "5. Elections would be a farce in countries of bourgeois democracy.
- "6. A world parliament would be a tool of the United States."

Salient points in Einstein's reply were as follows:

- "1. The letter of the Soviet scientists indicates a trend on their part toward almost unlimited isolationism.
- "2. A Socialist economy requires a management with adequate standards.
- "3. Capitalism will be unable to check unemployment and maintain a healthy balance between production and purchasing power.
- "4. The belief in Socialism as a solution rather than as a framework encourages fanatical intolerance.



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- "5. The danger of tyranny is greater where a government has power over all phases of a citizen's life.
- "6. It is surprising that the Russian scientists hold the view that states should exercise unlimited state sovereignty economically but not in international politics.
- "7. Arguments that the United States is making a puppet of the United Nations Assembly is mythology.
- "8. A free personal exchange of views among intellectuals could help the international situation.
- "9. The action of the Soviet Government with respect to atomic energy has made it difficult for people in the United States to oppose the "war mongers."
- "10. The United States seeks a genuine solution to the security program.
- "11. The veto power in the Security Council has been abused.
- "12. The United States loans to other countries, since they probably cannot be repaid, are potential weapons in power politics and represent a real danger.
- "13. The danger of annihilation faces all nations and justifies the idea of World Government."

Identifying information in this reference regarding Einstein and the Bulletin appears in 100-350064-9 which is summarized elsewhere in this memorandum.

Enclosed with
 2-21-48 Memo from SAC, Chicago
 Re: "Atomic Scientists of Chicago
 Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists;
 Internal Security - C"
 100-350064-20
 (14)

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In the February 8, 1948 issue of the "Michigan Herald" appeared an article entitled "Defend Civil Rights." The article defended the "Committee of One Thousand", which was set up in Washington to push for the abolition of the Un-American Committee. It reported that among the notables heading the Committee of One Thousand, was Albert Einstein.

100-352406 A
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The Bureau received an ONI report from the Chief of Naval Intelligence dated February 10, 1948, entitled "Subversive Trends of Current Interest". On page 1 of this report appeared the heading "Committee of 1,000" Under this heading it was stated that Dr. Harlow Shapley of Harvard University had announced plans to recruit 1,000 prominent Americans behind their drive to abolish the House Un-American Committee as "Betrayers of American ideals;" reportedly, this committee was backed by such people as Albert Einstein, Archibald MacLeish and others; further that it was noteworthy that Archibald MacLeish was currently representing the United States in a diplomatic capacity; that Einstein was one of the chief proponents of the Soviet inspired propoganda of fear.

100-153679-111
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AMH:vm

ok to release per Navy

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12 The following is quoted from NI summary dated February 10, 1948 at
13 Washington, D. C.:

14
15 "February 10, 1948, 6:00 p.m., C-523 - Coleman Rosenberger to Palmer
16 Weber. Coleman said George (Bender) is debating 'another joker' on NBC
17 tomorrow night on Is the Influence of the Military in American Government
18 Increasing. Coleman asked that Palmer think about this tonight and give
19 him any thoughts he has on it in the morning. Palmer suggested a document
20 that Albert Einstein put out and Coleman said he tried to get it today.
21 Palmer said 'they' have an office here in town and is called the National
22 Council for the Prevention of World War III. Coleman said he has Hanson
23 Baldwin's article in Harper's. Palmer said he thinks he'll see Coleman
24 tomorrow morning. Coleman said George is on television tonight on the Toll
25 Tax. Coleman said he is going over to Virginia Durr's to listen on their
26 'fine FCC instrument'. Coleman said the television was recorded in advance.
27 Palmer asked when the invitations went out and Coleman said they were
28 mostly received today but some of them may not get delivered until tomorrow.
29 Palmer said we are going to have to have a rush now, but time is getting
30 short, two weeks. Palmer said he would see Coleman about 10:30 in the
31 morning."
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33 65-56402-1-2714
34 (8)
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OK to release per Navy

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The "World Telegram" of February 11, 1948, carried an article entitled "Communist Front Refugee Groups Opens Fund Drive" by Frederick Woltman. This article stated in part that to fortify its appeal to respective contributors, the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee was using a sponsors list which included nationally prominent names; that among these were Rita Hayworth, Albert Einstein, and eight other individuals.

100-7061-A
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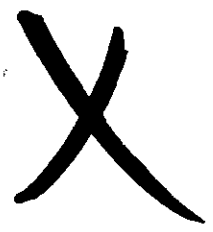
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In the February 21, 1948 issue of the "German American," New York City, appeared an article on page 6, column 4 and 5, entitled "Militarism and Civilization from the 'Einstein Report'." The "Einstein Report" was a paper in which renowned American scientists, artists, intellectuals and other personages took their stand against the militarization of our country and in particular against Universal Military Training. This report was signed by Albert Einstein and twenty other outstanding personages.

Translation from German-
Enclosure SAC, Philadelphia memo
to the Bureau, dated April 1, 1948,
Re: "German American;
Internal Security-Refer. Five IS"
100-279704-119 p. 33
(34)

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[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] a letter dated March 3, 1948, from the Spanish Refugee Appeal of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee", 192 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York to [REDACTED], Spanish Refugee Appeal, 111 Ellis Street, San Francisco, California.

This letter stated in part that approximately 200 wires and letters asking people to be members of the National Reception Committee for Madame Irene Joliot-Curie had been sent out and they had received 25 refusals and 50 acceptances; that a list of the acceptances was being enclosed. The name of Professor Albert Einstein appeared on this list as a co-chairman.

Los Angeles Memorandum to
Director,
3-15-48.
Re: "Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee
Committee; Internal Security-C."
100-7061-1589
(31)

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12 On April 20, 1948, the Bureau received from the State
13 Department through liaison channels a confidential report dated
14 March 11, 1948, captioned "Information Control and Propaganda
15 in Hungary, Roumania, Yugoslavia, and Bulgaria."
16

17 On page 7 of this report under the subheading "From
18 Szabad Nep (Communist), February 8, 1948" appeared the fol-
19 lowing: "It is not just a coincidence that Einstein and the
20 American scientists, among them Urey, the atomic physicist
21 crowned with the Nobel Prize, are protesting against the in-
22 creasing influence of military circles. 'Business Week',
23 the official organ of the big capitalists, has admitted that as
24 a result of government support, scientific research in this
25 country has fallen almost completely under military control.
26 Which means -- that in America it is possible to conduct re-
27 search only on the instructions of the generals, exclusively
28 in the interest of all Preparation for War. He who is unwilling
29 to do this, is thrown out in the street and his place is filled
30 -- with a flourish -- by some oak-leaf-wreathed Hitler scientist."
31

32 "The very foundations of liberty and culture are
33 threatened in the United States and in England, and that is
34 why Thomas Mann, Hepburn, Chaplin, Einstein, Urey and the
35 elite of the bourgeois scientists, writers and artists are
36 taking a stand against imperialists".
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38 62-39749-1102 X p. 7
39 (82)

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[REDACTED] the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee was urging the sending of telegrams to Attorney General Clark protesting Irene Joliot-Curie's treatment and that Professor Einstein had sent a telegram and was asking all scientists on the Reception Committee to do likewise.

New York Teletype to Director,
3-19-48.

b7C

Re: [REDACTED]
Internal security - R.
[REDACTED]
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"The Washington Post" of March 20, 1948, carried an article entitled "U. S. Detains French Labor Leader Briefly". This article stated in part that Mrs. Irene Joliot-Curie, Nobel Prize winner and daughter of the discoverers of Radium, was released from Ellis Island on that day on the order of Attorney General Tom Clark.

This article stated further that the purpose of her visit was to lecture on behalf of Spanish Loyalist Refugees from the Franco-Regime who were then in France, according to Mrs. Joliot-Curie; further that she would buy equipment for her Paris laboratory and would see Dr. Albert Einstein.

This article stated further that in Paris, her husband, Frederic, a Communist, said Dr. Einstein was one of those who invited her to visit the United States.

100-354731-A
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The March 25, 1948 issue of the "Daily Worker" carried an article under the caption "Truman Out to Militarize Youth, Says Wallace Aid", which stated that Seymour Inflied, veterans director of the national Wallace for President Committee, told the Senate Armed Services Committee that day, that Truman and the Army were trying to "militarize" American youth and get universal military training passed by "artificially creating a crisis with Russia".

The article further stated that scientist Albert Einstein declared his opposition to the universal military training while atomic scientist Dr. Arthur H. Compton, President of the St. Louis University and Nobel Prize winner had endorsed it.

100-3-76-A
(8)

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By letter dated August 9, 1950, the Department of the Air Force, Washington, D.C., forwarded to the Bureau an OSI report dated April 7, 1950, entitled [redacted] T. Sgt, Air Force - 12127205Hq and Hq Sqd, 1500 AAF Transport Wing Hickam Air Force Base, Territory of Hawaii" character "Disaffection (Communist Matters)".

This report stated that on March 26, 1948, an Agent of the OSI, US Air Force, reported that he interviewed a Confidential Informant regarding [redacted] Informant was referred to as code name of Able. The statement of Able stated in part that Able had held a discussion with [redacted] earlier in the day; that Communism and the Communist Party were the general topics of discussion; that [redacted] claimed relationship with a person named Leon Turo, Do Turo, De Taro, or De Taro. (Able did not request [redacted] to spell this name). This statement stated further that [redacted] stated that this person was fluent in seven languages and worked for the FBI in the capacity of interpreter, but was "fired" by the Director for using the official files for personal gain; that this individual was then hired for a particular job in Germany by President Roosevelt; he worked in this field in Germany during the war and was responsible for the Germans not comprising our atomic knowledge; that this person introduced [redacted] to Professor Albert Einstein.

105-12737-1 pg. 4
(63)

b7c per Air Force

AH:mlb

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"The Worker" of March 28, 1945 carried
photographs of Madam Irene Joliot-Curie, noted nuclear
physicist, and spoke for Albert Einstein under which it
was stated that Madam Curie was the wife of the doctor
Albert Einstein in Princeton, New Jersey; that she and
Madam Joliot-Curie was visiting the United States as a
guest of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee to
urge support and aid for the Spanish Republicans in exile.

The article stated further that the noted French
scientist would be on a tour of the major cities of the
United States during the following two weeks and that the
Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee which would be addressed
by a New York dinner in her honor on March 28th at the
Hotel Astor.

SI 100-354731-A
(23)
SI 100-354731-A
(23) (Washington News 3-22-48)

AM:mrq

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b7C,D

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[REDACTED]

wherein (Albert) Einstein "endorses"
(Henry) Wallace, Progressive Party candidate for President.

b2,b7D

[REDACTED]

WFO memo 3-27-48 with log
enclosed
Re: "Progressive Citizens
of America: Internal Security-C"
100-338892-395
(11)

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b7C, D

[REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED] the files of the Baltimore office reflected that an article in the March 29, 1948, issue of "The Sun", a Baltimore daily newspaper, described Francis D. Murnaghan, Professor of Applied Mathematics at Johns Hopkins University, as one of the 126 American scientists who sponsored a testimonial dinner for Dr. Edward U. Condon, Chief of United States Bureau of Standards. This was made through the "Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists," Dr. Albert Einstein, Chairman.

b7C

Baltimore report, 11-29-51
Re: [REDACTED]
IS-R"
[REDACTED]
(16)

AMH:vm

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b2, b7D

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A copy of the invitation to the dinner given in honor of Mme. Joliot-Curie on March 29, 1948 [redacted] at which time it was noted that the dinner was under the auspices of the Spanish Refugee Appeal, Boston Chapter of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee. The list of patrons for the dinner was headed by the name of Albert Einstein, identified as co-chairman of the National Reception Committee for Mme. Curie.

b7D, C

b2, b7C, D

[redacted]

b7C

10-4-48 Boston Report

Re: [redacted]
Internal Security - C.

(15)

CJO:lh

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[REDACTED]

Madame Curie said that while in the United States on that occasion she and her husband spent a week-end, at least two days, with Dr. Albert Einstein at the Institute for Advanced Studies, Princeton, New Jersey.

[REDACTED]

Boston memo to Director, 4-29-48

Re: [REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED], Loyalty of Government Employees.

[REDACTED]
(25)

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b7C,D

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[Redacted]

... telegram dated March 1, 1948 addressed to [Redacted] Hey-Adams House, by Dorothy Parker, Chairman, Spanish Appeal of JAFRC, (Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee) advising that Madame Irene Joliot-Curie was arriving in the United States on March 16, 1948 as a guest of the JAFRC. The telegram asked [Redacted] if he would join the National Sponsoring Reception Committee headed by co-chairman Professor Albert Einstein and Dr. Harlow Shapley.

Memorandum to Mr. F.J. Baumgardner
from Mr. E.J. Powers, dated March 30,
1948
Re: [Redacted]
(11)

b7C

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[REDACTED]

b7c
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[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] invitation to a meeting of the JAFRC to be held at the Hotel Astor, New York City, on March 31, 1948, at which Irene Joliot-Curie appeared. On the last page of this invitation appeared the names of those serving on the National Reception Committee for Madame Irene Joliot-Curie. The name of Dr. Albert Einstein appeared as a co-chairman. [REDACTED]

b7E

New York letter, 4-12-48
to the Director enclosing above
log;
Re: "Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee
Committee; Internal Security-C"
100-7061-1613
(31)

AH:cm

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A copy of the "Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists" for April, 1948 (Vol. 4, No. 4), was made available to the Bureau. This Bulletin was published monthly by the Atomic Scientists of Chicago, 1126 East 59th Street, Chicago, Illinois, and was supported by a grant from the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists, Albert Einstein, Chairman.

The Bulletin carried the statement "The opinions expressed in the Bulletin do not represent the official views of any organization."

Enclosed with
9-1-48
Memo from SAC, Chicago
Re: "Atomic Scientists of Chicago
Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists:
Internal Security - C"
100-350064-22
(14)

CJO:cdd

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62.67D

[redacted] furnished the Washington Field Office with a letter dated, April 1, 1948 from the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists which announced that a dinner in honor of Dr. Edward U. Condon was to be held in New York City on the 12th of April. The dinner was to be an expression of confidence in Dr. Condon and ~~is~~ a protest against the attack of Congressman Thomas of the House Committee on Un-American Activities against Condon.

Financial proceeds of the dinner were to be used to strengthen the influence and circulation of the Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists. According to the letterhead of this letter, Albert Einstein was chairman of the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists Inc., 118 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

Washington Field Office
memorandum dated April 2, 1948.
Re: [redacted]

b7C

[redacted]

CMB:pan

(20)
SI 65-58824-224
(27) (New York Times 3-29-48)
SI 100-344452-299
(47)

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b7C,D

On April 2, 1948 [redacted] was interviewed at the New York Office at which time he named a group of individuals whom he believed were Soviet agents but had no proof. Among those named by [redacted] was [redacted] whom he stated held a high position in OWI in the United States in charge of the German desk. According to [redacted] [redacted] was a member of the German Communist Party but had stated he had dropped his Communist Party membership. [redacted] stated that [redacted] was a relative of Albert Einstein and that [redacted] had seen him at an anti-Nazi rally in New Jersey at the time of a Hitler-Stalin pact.

New York teletype. 4-3-47

Re: [redacted]

Internal Security - [redacted]

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GMB:jlc

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b7c

[redacted] Eureka, West Virginia directed a letter to the Bureau on April 2, 1948, in which he requested the address of Dr. Albert Einstein.

b7c

On April 6, 1948, the Director directed a letter to [redacted] in which it was suggested that he might desire to address Dr. Albert Einstein in care of the Institute of Advanced Learning, Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey.

94-5-34053
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11 "The German American," published in New York City, contained in
12 its April 7, 1948 issue, page 7, column 2, an article captioned "Albert
13 Einstein in Favor of Wallace Program." The article is as follows:
14

15 "If the 'Un-American Committee' throws its dirt at a scientist then
16 one can be sure that the entire country is presented with this by the
17 American press--set up in gigantic letters as the patriotic great deed of
18 this committee.
19

20 "If, however, a scientist of world renown, such as Albert Einstein
21 says or does something, which does not suit the rulers of our 'free' press,
22 then one can rest assured that this will be withheld from the American
23 people.
24

25 "Albert Einstein was one of the personages who read the manuscript
26 of Henry Wallace's next book which will be published on April 15 under the
27 title of 'Towards World Peace.' Einstein made the following observations
28 which were designated for publication: 'This book is just as clear,
29 respectable and unpretentious as its author. If one reads through it
30 carefully and without prejudice and quietly, one must agree with its
31 fundamental premises--at least I cannot consider it in any other way.'
32 In addition, Einstein compared Wallace with Roosevelt and Wilkie and he
33 described him as a man 'who can save us in the threatening internal and
34 foreign political situation'.
35
36

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39 b7c

This publication also contained several articles referring to

[Redacted]

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43 The above translation carried in an
44 enclosure to Philadelphia memo to
45 the Bureau dated May 6, 1948

46 b7c

47 Re: [Redacted] Internal Security-R.
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The April 12, 1948, issue of the "Washington Post" carried an article under the caption "Negotiations with Moscow Urged by Atomic Scientists" which stated that leading atomic scientists, warning of "the total collapse of our traditional civilization," had urged the day before diplomatic negotiations between the United States and Russia "at the highest governmental levels."

The article stated that the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists headed by Dr. Albert Einstein, said "there are no serious negotiations going on anywhere in the world today between the United States and Russia."

The article further stated that the Committee had long advocated world government as the key to peace, and that Dr. Einstein said the day before that "partial world government -- without Russia -- might convince the Soviet Union that she cannot oppose it."

This article continued that Einstein said that a world federation might be based on the United Nations. He stated, however, that this would be a "quantum jump."

According to the article, the Committee said in a statement that without world government there might be a "preventive war," or a two bloc world with "eventual termination in war."

100-345104-A
(24)

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The "Daily Worker" of April 19, 1948, under the caption "To Remember Warsaw" carried the photographs of a delegation of the American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists giving Jozef Winiewicz, Polish Ambassador to the United States, a message from Albert Einstein on the occasion of unveiling the national monument of Jewish Fighters of the Warsaw Ghetto on that day in Warsaw. According to the article underneath the photograph, B. C. Goldberg was President and Joseph Trainin was Chairman of the committee, of which Einstein was the honorary President.

100-78489-4
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AMW:431

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An article in the "Newark Evening News" of April 16, 1948, reflected that the Essex County Council of the Veterans of Foreign Wars had announced that they planned to hold a demonstration outside McKinley Junior High School, Newark, New Jersey, on Friday, April 23, 1948, when Representative Marcantonio would speak at a Wallace-For-President rally. The Wallace Committee, according to the newspaper, headed by James Moore, had directed a telegram to Public Safety Director Keenan, charging that the avowed purpose of the Veterans of Foreign Wars demonstration was to disrupt the peaceful meeting planned by the Tenth Congressional District Wallace-For-President Committee.

b2, b7D [REDACTED]

The "Newark Evening News" of April 22, 1948, contained an article indicating that Governor Driscoll had been barraged with telegrams asking that the Veterans of Foreign Wars permit be cancelled. According to the article, a statement signed by Professor Albert Einstein and more than one hundred other New Jersey professors, ministers, lawyers, veterans, and other citizens was sent to Governor Driscoll.

Newark Report dated 7-20-48
Re: "Communist Party, U.S.A.,
District Number 14, Newark Office;
Internal Security-C"
100-3-28-963, Page 27
(21)

CMB:vw



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[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] information appearing in
the "Daily Worker" of April 23, 1948, under the caption "Einstein
Scores VFW move to Disrupt Wallace Rally". It was stated that
more than 100 leading New Jersey Professionals, headed by Albert
Einstein, protested a demonstration to "drown out" a Wallace
Rally. One of this number was listed as [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7c

Newark Memorandum to Director, June 28, 1951

Re: [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7c

Loyalty of Government Employees"

[REDACTED]

(62)

AMH:mab:fwr

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The "Daily Worker" of April 28, 1948, carried an article entitled "High Court Gets Bless for 11 Anti-Fascists".* This article stated in part that Albert Einstein, Louis Adamic, Henry Pratt Fairchild, City Councilman Stanley M. Isaacs, Donald Orden Stewart and Mary Van Kleeck and sixty other educators, writers and artists pleaded with the court to grant a review of the trial of the refugee committee leaders.

100-2561-A
(30)

AMH:ddl

*member of the "Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee"

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In the May, 1948, issue of the "Austro American Tribune", New York, appeared an article on page 13, columns 1, 2 and 3 under the heading "The Readers Write the Newspaper: Henry Wallace and the Leftist Viennese Lines." The article discussed Wallace as a political candidate. The following is quoted from the article: "This very day the newspapers brought the news that Albert Einstein offically declared that he would support the candidacy of Wallace. Now Einstein is neither a Communist nor an idiot. It might not be out of the question for a good oskar to learn something from him."

Enclosure
Memo to the Bureau from the
SAC Philadelphia, dated
May 25, 1948.
Re: "Austro American Tribune:
Internal Security-C"
100-273049-30, page 28
(36)

CJO:bjw

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In May, 1948, the Knoxville Field Division furnished a list of the individuals at Oak Ridge, Tennessee, who were listed as members of the Federation of American Scientists and others who were members of the Association of Oak Ridge Engineers and Scientists, a local organization at Oak Ridge and an affiliate of the Federation of American Scientists, on whom information had been received reflecting affiliation or association with organizations and persons of questionable nature.

b7c

[REDACTED]

b7c, D

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] said that the American Committee of Jewish Writers and Artists and Scientists in New York was [REDACTED] Communist front organization and [REDACTED] used such prominent Jewish people as Albert Einstein, Sholem Asch, the writer, and Mark Coghall, the painter, as cover-up names when in reality the organization was completely controlled by the Communists.

Knoxville report, 5-13-48
Re: "Federation of American Scientists; Internal Security-C"
100-344452-211, p. 11
(32)

CMB:vm

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b2b7D

[REDACTED] attended a meeting of the National Council of Arts, Sciences and Professions held at Ridgely Hall, Baltimore, on May 2, 1948.

Informant advised that a leaflet was passed out at the meeting, to which was attached a form to be filled out and returned to the group, on which individuals were to designate whether they were interested in becoming active in the organization.

The national officers of this organization as set forth on the leaflet were set forth in this reference. The members at large were put in three groups: East, Mid-West and West. The name of Dr. Albert Einstein appeared in the East group.

Baltimore Memorandum to Director,
June 2, 1948.
Re: "National Council of Arts,
Sciences and Professions;
Internal Security-C."
100-356137-1
(19)

AMH:mr g

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The May 13, 1948 issue of the "New York World Telegram" carried an article under the caption, "Polo Grounds Rally on Palestine Labeled Red Front" with a subheading of "Einstein, Sen. Thomas Urged to Withdraw by Schultz Group." This article stated that a pro-Palestine rally which was to be held at the Polo Grounds the following Saturday night, featuring Senator Elbert D. Thomas (Dem., Utah) as a speaker and Dr. Albert Einstein as sponsor, was branded a Communist front on that day by the American Jewish League against Communism.

The rally, according to the article, was promoted by the self-styled American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists an "Enterprise of the Communist Party. . . designed to capitalize on the legitimate yearnings of most American Jews for a homeland for their disinherited brethren of Europe."

The article further stated that both Senator Thomas and Dr. Einstein were urged by the league to disassociate themselves from the rally, as were two other featured speakers, Republican Emanuel Celler and Partley Crum, publisher of "PM".

100-344596-A
(39)
SI 61-7550-2271
(7) (ONI)

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According to an announcement made by Albert Einstein and Sholem Asch, Honorary President's of the American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists, and Scientists, The Committee was sponsoring a mass meeting in the New York Polo Grounds to celebrate the proclamation of the Jewish State on May 15, 1948.

X

New York Teletype to the Director, 5-5-48
Re: "American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists, Internal Security - C"
100-4489-22
(35)

A114: cmm

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12 In the May 7, 1948, issue of "Counterattack", a
13 weekly newsletter published by the American Business Consultants,
14 Inc., at 55 West 42nd Street, New York, New York, appeared an
15 account of the meeting and discussion, called "Salute to the
16 Jewish State in Palestine," that was to be held on May 15 at
17 the Polo Grounds in New York City.

18
19 The article stated the above event was planned by the
20 American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists,
21 and mentioned that Dr. Albert Einstein had let himself be roped
22 in as an honorary president of this organization. It further
23 stated that "Most of the great scientists of the world consider
24 Einstein the greatest of them all. It's a pity that he doesn't
25 recognize his lack of expertness in political questions. He
26 isn't a Communist and in fact has expressly opposed Moscow on
27 several matters...and yet he has been sucked into a number of
28 Communist fronts."

29
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31 Enclosed with
32 5-17-48 Memo from SAC, New York
33 Re: "American Business Consultants,
34 Inc., "Counterattack"
35 Information Concerning"
36 100-350512-145 p.4
37 (39)

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39 CJC:cdd
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The Comintern organ published in Paris, France, announced in its May 20, 1948 issue that Professor Einstein would deliver a report on atomic energy at the meeting of the International Association of Democratic Jurists scheduled for August 2-5, 1948 at Praha.

State Department Telegram from Paris to the Secretary of State dated May 21, 1948
Received from the State Department through Liaison channels 5-20-48.
100-357-13-213
(82)

CJO:fjb

ok to release per State

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A clipping from the "Arlington Daily " of May 21, 1948 indicated that Professor Einstein and ten "former Nazi research brain-trusters" held a secret meeting and watched a beam of light melt a block of steel 20 x 20 inches. It was indicated that this new and secret weapon could be operated from planes and destroy entire cities.

Colonel C. C. Blakehey of the Intelligence Division of the Army advised the Bureau that he had checked into this matter with the Research Branch of the Research and Development group who stated that such information could have no foundation in fact.

*OK
per
Army*

The above referred to clipping was filed with this reference.

Memorandum from S. W. Reynolds
to Mr. Keay June 5, 1948
Re: "Arlington Daily Clipping,
May 21, 1948"
94-39617-1
(84)

AMH:nab

940

852



On the May 23, 1948, radio program sponsored by the Yugoslav group of the Slavic Council of Southern California, over station KXLA, Huntington Hotel, Pasadena, California, Eugene Radovich (not identified) was the guest speaker. He stated that he had recently received a letter from the Emergency Commission of Atomic Scientists, Inc., 118 Nester Street, Princeton, New Jersey, signed by Albert Einstein. The letter stated that their duty was to make available atomic knowledge for use and not for destruction.

11-5-48 Los Angeles Report
 Re: "Communist Infiltration
 Into the Slavic Council of
 Southern California;
 Internal Security - C"
 100-332879-15 p. 12
 (22)

CJO:cdd



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b1, b2, b7C, D

[redacted] to the Bureau
an analysis of [redacted]

In this analysis information stated that the National Committee on Atomic Information was set up early in 1946; that the literature put out by the group conformed strictly to the line of Soviet Russia on the question of the atomic bomb and energy; that the literature as a whole was one of propaganda solely.

b7C Informant stated that [redacted] appeared as one of the sponsors of this organization; that such names as Henry Wallace, Albert Einstein and many other names also appeared. (page 5)

A Bureau Agent developed through a pretext telephone call and in conversation with one [redacted] that the Committee for the First Amendment had merged with a new committee that had originated in the East, known as a Committee of 1,000. This latter organization would be headed by Professor Harlow Shapley and the purpose of the organization was to create a drive for the complete abolition of the House Un-American Committee. In discussing the Committee of 1,000, [redacted] furnished a telegram which had been sent to [redacted] by Harlow Shapley dated January 14, 1948, which stated that the Un-American Activities Committee was creating an atmosphere of civic cowardice through its continued attacks upon the freedoms guaranteed by the First Amendment to the Constitution, and asked that [redacted] join with Shapley and Dr. Albert Einstein, [redacted] and others in launching a Committee of 1,000 which was to be strictly a non-partisan, non-political organization of which the sole purpose was to seek the abolition of the Un-American Activities Committee. This telegram was set out in detail in this reference. (page 28)

b2
b7C
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b1, b2, b7C, D

[redacted] telegram addressed to [redacted] which reads as follows:

The first independent project to be undertaken by the National Arts, Sciences, and Professions Council will be a joint East-West Conference on Peace. The discussion will be lead by



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the foremost scientists, educators and artists of the country.
Would you join Thomas Mann, Harlow Shapley, Albert Einstein,
Norman Corwin, Clifford Odets and other prominent citizens in
sponsoring this vital conference? Please phone your acceptance
to Gladstone 4202. Signed Joy Darwin--Executive Director A.S.P.
Council". (page 31)

b2, b7D

[REDACTED]

Los Angeles report 6-2-49

b7C

Re: [REDACTED]

Security Matter-[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

(6)

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b7D, C

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] regarding the Korean-American Cultural Association, Incorporated [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that the Korean-American Cultural Association was organized in 1938 or 1939 by Doctor Chang Soon Kim who was then residing in Los Angeles, California. The purpose of the organization was to promote Korean culture in the United States and to acquaint the American people with this culture. According to [REDACTED] the organization was to have no political affiliations.

b7D

[REDACTED]

magazine which the Korean-American Cultural Association was planning to publish. This magazine was called the "Korean Review".

b7D

[REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED]

An examination of the June, 1948 issue, of Volume 1, Number 1, reflected an article entitled "The Korean-American Cultural Association, Incorporated", by Mary Bryant which article set out the executive personnel of the Korean-American Cultural Association. Among the personnel listed under Washington Headquarters was the name of Dr. Albert Einstein, Honorary Scholars Committee.

San Francisco Report,
10-9-51.

b7C

Re: [REDACTED]

Internal Security-R."

(44)

CMB:mrg

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b1, b2, b7D



Through the cooperation of [redacted] certain documents relating to the proposed activities of the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions were obtained. Included in this material was a report of the meeting of the Organizing Committee of the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions held in Chicago on January 16, and 17, 1948. According to this report, Mr. George Pepper, chairman of the Nominating Committee, submitted three nominations for chairmen, one of whom was Dr. Albert Einstein.

Also included in the above referred-to material was a letter dated June 7, 1948, on the letterhead of the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions wherein it was stated, "today we are taking a new and decisive step--the establishment of an independent and permanent cultural, political organization, The National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions." It was pointed out that as of the date of the letter the State Chapters of PCA were rapidly amalgamating into the State Third Party Organization and it was expected that the National PCA would follow suit at the National Founding Convention. The letter was signed by Dr. Harlow Shapley. The name of Albert Einstein appeared as a member at large on the letterhead of the above-mentioned letter.

New York Memorandum to Director,
October 11, 1948, enclosing
photostatic copies of above-
mentioned material.
Re: "Progressive Citizens
of America;
Internal Security-C."
100-356137-8
(14)

AMH:mr g



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The June 14, 1948 issue of the New York "Post and Home News" published a notice that a summary report of a meeting, attended by 40 of the country's leading natural and social scientists to recommend steps to prevent world-wide catastrophe, would be made by Dr. Albert Einstein, Dr. Harlow Shapley, etc. at Carnegie Hall on June 17, 1948. It was under the auspices of the National Council of Arts, Sciences and Professions. It contained a notation to the effect that Dr. Einstein would speak directly to the meeting from his home in Princeton, New Jersey.

100-356137-A
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The New York Office forwarded to the Bureau by memorandum dated June 28, 1948, a mimeographed copy of the "Weekly Trends" prepared by the Newark and New York Divisions for the week of June 17, 1948. Under the heading "Communists Trends" dated June 18, 1948, at New York, New York, it was stated that the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions held a meeting at Carnegie Hall June 17, 1948, the chairman of which was Dr. Harlow C. Shapley. The speakers were Lillian Hellman, writer; Dr. Philip Morrison, atomic scientist; J. Raymond Walsh, radio commentator; and Howard Fast, novelist. Albert Einstein addressed the meeting over the telephone from his home. The purpose of the meeting, as stated by the chairman, was the mobilization of the American people to save the peace of the world and civil liberties in the United States. The speakers stressed the two rejections by the United States Government of the Soviet offers to enter into direct negotiations aimed at an understanding between the two nations. They contended that the rejection was endangering the peace of the world and the democratic institutions of our country.



Re: "Weekly Trends."
66-8603-1-34-613
(37)

AMH:ddl



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The June 18, 1948 issue of the New York "World Telegram" published an article captioned "Einstein Asks Patience on Russia." The article reported that Dr. Albert Einstein spoke directly from his home in Princeton, New Jersey to the audience in Carnegie Hall, New York City. He called for patience and understanding between this country and the Soviet Union as a step in solving the world's security problem. He blamed the United States for the competitive armament race and for refusing to accept the suggestions of the Soviet Union for direct negotiations.

The article stated that the meeting was sponsored by the National Council of Arts, Sciences and Professions, "which is promoting a pro-Soviet line."

100-356137-A

(12)

SI 100-356137-A

(41) (New York Post and Home News,
6/18/48)

CJO:man

SI 100-356137-A

(41) (New York Sun 6/18/48)

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863 - 864 - 865

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61-7099-4/b p 866

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13 The reference indicated in the block below is a
14 mimeographed letter dated June 19, 1948, signed by A.
15 Einstein, Chairman of the Emergency Committee of Atomic
16 Scientists, urging aid and financial contributions for the
17 Committee. The following is quoted therefrom:

18
19 "I ask your thoughtful consideration of the
20 enclosed statement, (which was attached to the letter)
21 which presents the essentials of a policy that we believe
22 will bring about world peace rather than international
23 chaos and the destruction of civilization. The fateful
24 adjournment of the United Nations negotiations on atomic
25 energy control has ended, for the time being, our hope of
26 controlling the development of atomic weapons. Now, more
27 than ever, the immediate responsibility for insisting on a
28 peaceful solution of the world's crisis rest with thoughtful
29 citizens. If you agree with our proposals, I ask your
30 support in our efforts to impress them as strongly as
31 possible upon the American people."
32

33 The following is the statement mentioned above:

- 34
35 1. Atomic bombs can now be made cheaply and in large number.
36 They will become more destructive.
37
38 2. There is no military defense against atomic bombs,
39 and none is to be expected.
40
41 3. Other nations can rediscover our secret processes by
42 themselves.
43
44 4. Preparedness against atomic war is futile and,
45 if attempted, will ruin the structure of our social
46 order.
47
48 5. If war breaks out, atomic bombs will be used, and
49 they will surely destroy our civilization.
50
51 6. There is no solution to this problem except inter-
52 national control of atomic energy and the elimination of war.
53

54 Source of letter not stated.
55 100-345104-19
56 (24, 77)
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58 CMB:cmn
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b2, b7D

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[redacted] advised that on June 27-28, 1947, Albert Einstein attended a meeting held by the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists. (place not stated) (page 19)

A press release issued by the Federation of American Scientists on July 16, 1947 stated that Professor Albert Einstein on that day joined with the Administrative Committee of the Federation of American Scientists in an atomic anniversary statement warning against defeatism and calling for the fullest use of the united nations and its agencies.
(source if press release not given)
(page 22)

According to this press release, Professor Einstein, a member of the Federation of American Scientists, was also chairman of the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists.

WFO rpt. 2-28-48
Re: "Federation of American Scientists; IS-C"
100-344452-170, p. 18, 22
(18)

CMB:vm

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This reference is a translation of page 2 of the June 24, 1948 issue of the Russian Newspaper "Russky Golos". The following is quoted therefrom: "over newspaper columns: quotations from : Labor Press : Albert Einstein; Henry Wallace; Rear-Admiral Zacharias; United Press correspondent in Athens."

100-21318-33
(41)

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62167D

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arrangements were made by the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee to have approximately 100 persons in the scientific and educational field on the National Reception Committee for Madame Irene Joliot-Curie which would be headed by Professor Albert Einstein of Princeton University and Dr. Harlow Shapley of Harvard University as co-chairmen.

Informant advised that Irene Joliot-Curie, French nuclear physicist, would arrive in the United States about March 18, 1948, as a guest of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee (JAFRC) for the purpose of assisting that organization in raising funds.

Informant advised that on March 19, 1948, following Madame Curie's detention by Immigration Authorities at Ellis Island, the JAFRC sent telegrams to Attorney General Tom Clark protesting Madame Curie's detention. According to the informant, Professor Albert Einstein had also sent a similar telegram and was urging all scientists on the National Reception Committee to do likewise.

On March 19, 1948, the same informant advised that Dr. Edward Barsky had contacted Professor Albert Einstein at Princeton, New Jersey on that date and had made an appointment for Madame Curie to visit Einstein on the morning of March 20, 1948.

The March 21, 1948 issue of the "New York Times" carried an article date-lined "Princeton, New Jersey," which reflected that Madame Irene Joliot-Curie was the guest of Dr. Albert Einstein at his home at 112 Mercer Street that morning. The article stated that the two presumably discussed details of Madame Curie's proposed speaking tour under the auspices of the JAFRC, of which both were members.

The magazine section of the June 25, 1948 issue of the "Morning Freiheit", Communist daily Jewish language newspaper, carried a picture of Madame Curie, Albert Einstein and Dr. Edward Barsky, the accompanying article reflected that Curie and Dr. Barsky visited Einstein at Princeton, New Jersey.

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The April 11, 1948 issue of "P. M." carried an article reflecting the results of an interview with Madame Curie. This article stated in part that she was a frail, worn-looking woman of 50 with short gray hair combed back somewhat in the manner of Albert Einstein.

b7c

New York Report,
5-26-49
Re: "[REDACTED]
Internal Security-R."
[REDACTED]
(2)

Correlators Note: The first page of this reference contained the following penciled notation. "No distribution".

AMH:mrg

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b7C, D

[REDACTED]

Included [REDACTED] as a letter of recommendation from Albert Einstein, Princeton University. b7C

NY reg. 6-8-49

Re: [REDACTED]

SM - C. b7C

(2)

AMU: 103

b7C

Correlator's Note: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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b7c

[REDACTED], former worker under Dr. Albert Einstein, Princeton University where he was suspected of being a Communist. Philadelphia file indicated that investigation was conducted by MID in Baltimore, Maryland.

Philadelphia teletype
June 30, 1948 to the
Director.

b7c

Re: [REDACTED]
Atomic Energy Act Applicant [REDACTED]
(25)

AMH:jar

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15 The "National Republic" of July, 1948, carried an
16 article entitled "Turning Searchlight on Reds" by Walter
17 S. Steele. The following is quoted from this article:

18
19 "National Council of Arts, Sciences and Professions
20 is a new front organized by the Red fronters in New York City.
21 Albert Einstein is among their headliners."
22

23 Publication card
24 National Republic, 7-48
25 (3)
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29 AMH:ddl
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7/2/48

~~SECRET~~

The Bureau received on October 11, 1948, a Restricted American Embassy Report dated September 9, 1948, Warsaw, Poland, entitled "Censorship, War-Mongering and False Reporting in Poland". On pages 21 and 22 of this report under the subheading "Refutation of False Reports on Professor Einstein's Message" the following is quoted: "Owing to the fact that some American newspapers have published false reports to the effect that Professor Einstein's message to the Congress of Intellectuals has been twisted, Jerzy Berejsza, Secretary General of the Congress sent the following explanation to PAP. *(X) m*

"(1) On August 26, Professor Julian Huxley, Chairman of the Congress, read the original of Professor Einstein's letter of July 6, greeting the Congress. The text of this letter has been published. *(X) m*

"(2) By a decision of the Presidium, Professor Einstein's message, as well as a number of other messages, (for instance Lombardo Toledano's) were not read to the Congress but were attached to the minutes of the Congress on the understanding that they will be published in the Congress Book. *(X) m*

"These facts are clear and obvious and they can be checked. An explanation in this connection has been sent to Professor Einstein in writing. It is not surprising that the Yellow Press in America wants to minimize the importance of the Wroclaw Congress by publishing falsehoods." "Source: Robotnik, September 1, 1948." *(X) m*

109-12-250-382
(83)'

AMH:man

OK to release per State

*PARAS
1-4 declassified
per State letter
dated 8/26/82
SP-466W/JHF
2/17/83*

~~SECRET~~

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61-7099-46 p 878-884

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these pages contain Congressional material which is not subject to the provisions of the FOIPA

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61-7099-46 p 885-890

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61-7099-46p 891

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[REDACTED]

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The Bulletin of Atomic Scientists, Volume 4, Number 10, for 1948, which was published by The Atomic Scientists of Chicago, 1126 East 59th Street, Chicago, Illinois, contained on page 295 and 299 an article entitled "A Message to the World Congress of Intellectuals" by Einstein. This article set out the text of the message of Albert Einstein to the Congress which was held in Breslaw, Poland, in August of 1948. Einstein in the message recommended world government. The article stated that Einstein was publishing a full text of the message to the Congress because the message attributed to him and published in Poland was entirely unlike the message which he had sent.

Chicago report, 2-17-51
Re: [REDACTED]
Espionage-R [REDACTED]
(62)

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The August 12, 1948 issue of the "New York Times" contained an article stating that among the United States delegation to the World Congress of Intellectuals, to be held in Wroclaw (Breslau) from August 22 to 26, 1948, would be Professor Otto Mathan, assistant of Professor Albert Einstein.

100-195220-A
(17)

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MA Dispatch number 550, dated August 18, 1948, from the American Embassy in Warsaw, Poland, ~~was~~ set out a list of names of participants in the World Congress of Intellectuals in Defense of Peace, which was held at Wroclaw, Poland, August 25 to 28, 1948. On the list of delegates from the United States appeared the name Professor [REDACTED]. A notation at the bottom of this list stated that [REDACTED] was reported to be bringing with him to the Congress an address prepared by Albert Einstein.

(No cover letter attached)
Dispatch received from the State Department through Liaison Channel on 9/16/48.
100-357519-21, pg. 6
(65)

b7C per State

~~RESTRICTED~~

CJO:bjw

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[redacted] made available a news item from the Polish newspaper "Kurier Codzienny" (Daily Courier), issued on August 18, 1948. This article reported on the American delegation enroute to Poland to participate in the World Congress of Intellectuals in Wroclaw, Poland. The delegation was composed of two groups. One group represented the "One World Award Committee", an organization of American Progressive Intellectuals. Otto Nathan, economist and friend of Professor Einstein, was a member of this group and was to deliver an address at the Congress. (No mention was made of the other group.)

Translation enclosed with
9/2/48 letter from the
Legal Attache, London, England.
Re: "Polish News Item"
100-357519-30X
(81)

CJO:bjw

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61-7099-46 p 896, 897 + (898-899)

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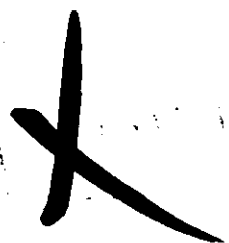
The October, 1948 issue of the "Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists" contained an article captioned "A Message to the World Congress of Intellectuals" by Albert Einstein. It consisted of Dr. Einstein's message to the Congress which met in Breslau, Poland, during August, 1948. The article contained a strong recommendation for world government.

It was preceded by a foreward explaining that Dr. Einstein released this message in Princeton on August 28 after publication of a completely dissimilar message in Poland, which was shortened and omitted his recommendations for a world government.

The Bulletin is described in summary reference 100-35064-31 located elsewhere in this memorandum.

Enclosed with
11-15-48 Memo from SAC, Chicago
Re: "Atomic Scientists of Chicago
Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists:
Internal Security - C"
100-350064-28
(41)

CJO:cdd



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61-7099-46 p 901 & 902

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Boston rpt. 3-22-49

Re: [REDACTED]

(15)

CMB:ddl

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The August 30, 1948, issue of the New York "Times", contained an article entitled "Einstein Clears Up 'Message' Mystery". The article stated that Dr. Albert Einstein charged that the Polish version of his message to the World Congress of Intellectual at Breslau, had been changed without his authorization or his knowledge. The article quoted both the actual message sent to the Congress by Einstein and a text which had been presented to Congress as his message, and Einstein's explanation of what caused the mixup. Another article in this same issue entitled "Nathan Withheld Message," explained that Dr. Otto Nathan had carried a message from Einstein to the Congress. It stated that Nathan did not give an explanation as to why he did not present Professor Einstein's message.

100-357519-A
(25)

CJO:bjw



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This reference is a translation of Page 1 of the August 30, 1948 issue of the Russian newspaper, "Russky Golos". The following is quoted therefrom:

"Prof. Einstein's message to the Congress of Intelligentsia."

100-21318-32, p. 12
(84)

CMB:vm

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The August 31, 1948, issue of the 'New York Herald Tribune', published an article entitled "Einstein Flea To Intellectual Harley Hot Road." The article reported that Dr. Otto Nathan of New York, who carried a message from Professor Albert Einstein to the World Congress of Intellectuals at Wroclaw declined to say why he decided not to present the message to the Congress. The article continued by presenting the difference between the Polish version of Einstein's message and the actual text that Nathan was to have presented to the Congress.

100-357519-A
(42)

CJO:bjw



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The Bureau received an OGI report from Chief of Naval Intelligence dated August 31, 1948, entitled "Subversive Trends of Current Interest". On page 1 of this report appeared the heading "Intellectuals' Named Leftist Peace Group". Under this heading it was stated that the World Congress of Intellectuals meeting in Breslau, Poland, had announced the establishment of an "International Committee in Defense of Peace" in Paris as part of a world wide campaign to avert a new war. (Date of meeting not indicated)

At the end of this article appeared the following comments: "It is interesting to note that whereas Henry Wallace addressed the Breslau Congress through the medium of a phonograph record prepared in advance, Albert Einstein's message was withheld by his representative, Mr. Otto Nathan, who declined to state why he did not read it."

This report was received from OGI on September 7, 1948.

100-153679-138
(40)

AMH:ddl

OK to release per Navy



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September 3, 1948 issue of the "Dziennik Zachodni" (Western Daily), a Polish newspaper, published an article entitled "The Wrocław Congress" a statement by its Secretary General. The statement was an answer to the American Press charges that Professor Einstein's report to the Congress of Intellectuals at Wrocław was misrepresented by the Congress.

Translation enclosed with letter to the Director from the Legal Attache, London, England dated September 10, 1948.
100-57513-22
(8)

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b7c
Newark letter dated September 8, 1948, pointed out that a thorough search of all [redacted] references in Newark files failed to develop any information regarding a contact of Albert Einstein at Princeton, New Jersey, which contact was believed to be [redacted]

Discreet contact with sources at Princeton, New Jersey, failed to develop any information regarding one [redacted] known to be a contact of Professor Einstein. [redacted]

Realizing that Professor Einstein's contacts were numerous and international and that no investigation had been conducted upon Albert Einstein's activities which would furnish a basis for determining his contacts, the Newark Office set forth information obtained at Princeton during the course of other investigations. [redacted]

Helen Dukas was the housekeeper and secretary of Professor Albert Einstein. She was naturalized on October 1, 1940, at Trenton, New Jersey, at the same time as Professor Einstein. Dukas resided with Einstein at his home, 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

Newark memo to Director, 1/1/49
Re: [redacted] contact of
Espionage-R [redacted] Professor Albert
Einstein.

(20)

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b7c

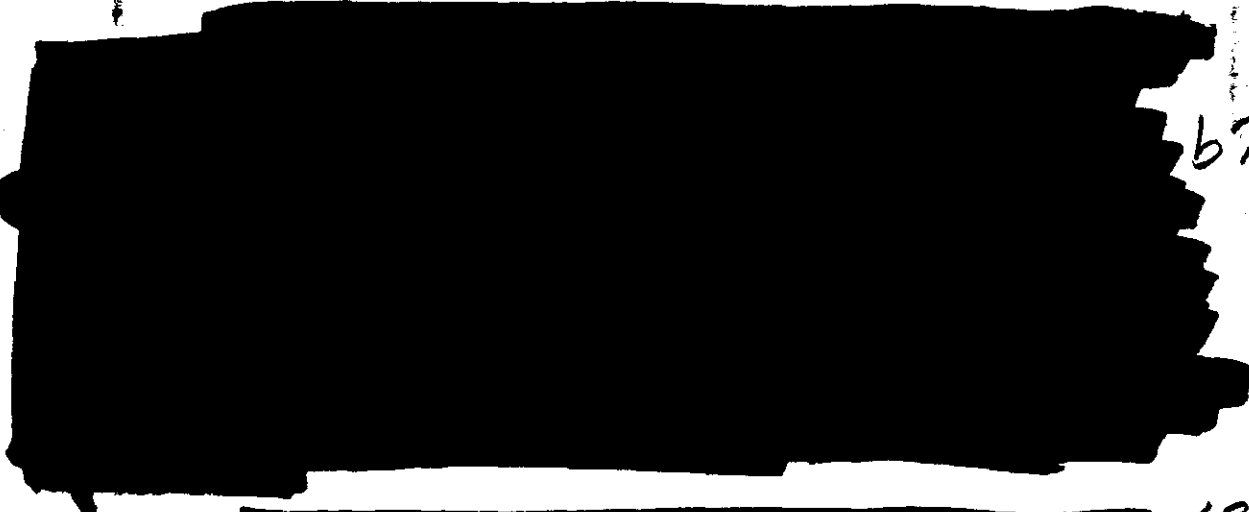
In San Francisco report dated September 15, 1948, the New York Field Division was requested to identify one [redacted] who was a contact of Professor Albert Einstein. On the basis of the available descriptive data furnished it was impossible to identify this individual with any of the approximately 1500 references to individuals named [redacted] which appeared in the indices of the New York Division.

NY memo to Director 11-17-48
Re: [redacted]
Espionage - R.

b7c (28)
SI - [redacted]
(20)

AMH:dsl

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b2, b7D

The September 3, 1948, issue of the "Peoples World", on page five contained an article "--Mark Down the Free International Foe of Scientific Information, and the American Soviet Science Society, as Victims of the Thomas Un-American Committee."

Those who made the news public and laid the blame squarely upon the Thomas Un-American Committee included, Harlow Shapley, world famous Astronomer; L. C. Dunn, an Editorial Associate of "Philosophy of Science, along with Albert Einstein; Alice Hamilton, Leo Loeb, Duncan A. MacInnes.

This article stated further, that these people said that its work had been hampered by the atmosphere of suspicion created by the Thomas Committee, which in the absence of any inquiry, had by insinuation alone sufficiently influenced a department of the government to prevent their receiving the material support needed for their work, and this had taken place in spite of the approval given to the Society's Scientific Exchange Service by American Scientists, by libraries, by many government bureaus and departments which have used their service, by the Rockefeller Foundation, and by the state of New York, under whose law the Society was incorporated as an educational organization.

San Francisco Memo 9/30/48
To the Director
Re: "American, Russian Institute
for Cultural Relations with the
Soviet Union
San Francisco; Internal Security-
Registration Act"
61-6211-673
(6)

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[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] furnished to the Bureau copies of a number of documents which had reportedly been sent out by the "American Council for a Democratic Greece", and which bore the Red Cross emblem and the words "Red Cross".

Included in these documents was a form letter which appeared to have served as a cover letter from the American Council for a Democratic Greece, 152 West 42nd Street, New York City, to prospective petition signers and financial contributors. This letter was dated September 24, 1948. The letterhead on which this form letter appeared bore the phraseology, "A petition to the International Red Cross to save lives in Greece", and the imitation Red Cross emblem in the upper left hand corner of the letterhead. A little to the right of this phraseology and emblem, appeared the drawing of a man holding a small child in his arms. In the right half of the letterhead, appeared the National Petitioners, whose names included Albert Einstein and nine other individuals. The letter was signed by Rev. John W. Darr, Jr.

b2, b7D



New York report, 2-10-49
Enclosing photostatic copies
of above-mentioned letter.
Re: "American Council for a
Democratic Greece, Red Cross Act"
10-813-5
(27)

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The "Washington Daily News" of September 27, 1948, carried an article entitled "House A-Quiz Report Based on Confessions".

This article stated in part that Dr. Robert Oppenheimer who was at that time working at Princeton, New Jersey, with Dr. Albert Einstein, would be questioned about charges of an ex FBI Agent that the scientist associated with Soviet Agents at a party given by heiress Louise Bransten, and that the first Russian attempt to penetrate the secret of the Radiation Laboratory at Berkeley, California, was relayed to him.

61-7582-A
(20)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- Deleted under exemption(s) b1, b7c, D with no segregable material available for release to you.
- Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

For your information: _____

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61-7099-46p 915 + 916

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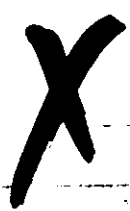
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The "New York Times" for August 30, 1948, carried the letter released by Albert Einstein.

10-29-48 Washington Field
Division Report
Re: "Polish Intelligence Activities
in the United States;
Internal Security - R & POL"
100-350264-316 p.3, 4, 5, 6
(12)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- Deleted under exemption(s) b1, b7D with no segregable material available for release to you.
- Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

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61-7099-46 p 918

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b2, b7D



[redacted] furnished to the Bureau a copy of the news letter of the "Association of Internes and Medical Students -- Committee on Academic Freedom and Civil Liberties" signed by Marvin Hirsch, Chairman. The following is quoted from this news letter:

"The 1947 national Convention of AIMS established a national Committee on Academic Freedom, Civil Liberties and Medical Research. It is the intent of this committee to tie up national and charter activities on these questions and we will publish a news letter for that purpose . . .

"The case of Dr. Edward Condon, Director of the National Bureau of Standards is best known: Dr. Harlow Shapley dean of our Astronomers and past President of the A.A.A.S. also has been mistreated and insulted especially by Representative Rankin. The Presidents of the New England colleges have protested the latter action. The American Committee of Atomic Scientists, headed by Albert Einstein, had condemned the attack on Condon." (News letter undated)

b2
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NY report, 11-10-48
Re: "Association of Internes and Medical Students, aka IS-C"
100-355953-6, p. 23
(40)

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In September or October, 1948, a highly confidential source furnished to the Bureau a list of names, apparently maintained by Len Goldsmith, Civil Rights Congress National Director. The name of Albert Einstein, 112 Mercer Street, Princeton 41162 appeared on this list.

Los Angeles Report
October 25, 1948
Re: "Civil Rights Congress;
Internal Security-C"
61-10149-779, p. 19
(27)

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The "Morning Freiheit", a Yiddish Communist Daily, on page 1, column 5, of the November 11, 1948, issue contained an article reporting on the Israel Independence Banquet held at the Biltmore Hotel, (date not given) in New York City. The Banquet was organized by the Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists, to express their thankfulness and recognition to the Soviet Union for the aid and support they gave to the State of Israel.

Professor Albert Einstein sent his congratulations to the Banquet.

The Banquet was dedicated to the Ambassadors from Poland and Czechoslovakia, Dr. Joseph Winiewicz and Dr. Vladimir Autrata, respectively.

Translation enclosed with
11/24/48 memo from SAC
New York
Re: [REDACTED]

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In the May 26, 1949 issue of the "New York Times" appeared an article on page 5, captioned "Bohm on Loyalty Group." The article reported statements made by faculty members of Princeton University in connection with the investigation of David Bohm by the House Committee on Un-American Activities. It also cited that on October 18, 1948, the Federation of American Scientists, Washington, announced that Dr. Bohm had been appointed a member of its newly-formed Scientists Committee on Loyalty Problems. Fellow members included Dr. Albert Einstein and thirteen other Eastern scientists.

100-207045-A
(17) 1

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The October 18, 1948 issue of the "Newark Evening News" carried an article under the caption "Defends U. S. Scientist" with the subheading of "Federation Names Committee to Combat Vicious Type of Character Assassination" which stated that the Federation of American Scientists, representing more than 4,000 members of that day announced the creation of a scientists committee on loyalty problems to combat "the vicious types of character assassinations" levied at Dr. Edward U. Condon, Director of the National Bureau of Standards.

The article stated that Professor Henry De Wolf Smyth of Princeton University, acting as spokesman for the fifteen-man committee, said that the Federation backed a three-fold program which included provisions for competent legal counsel to individual scientists summoned to Congressional hearings, standardization of legal procedure involved and eliminations of "black listing" a scientist from general employment.

The article continued that to pursue these ends, the Federation had nominated W. A. Higgenbotham of Brookhaven National Laboratory as chairman of the group, which included Dr. Albert Einstein, Dr. Luther P. Eisenhart, dean emeritus of Princeton's Graduate school and others.

The October 19, 1948 issue of the "Trenton Times" in an article entitled "Loyalty Clearance Problems Taken Up by Scientists" also contained the above information.

Newark memorandum dated 11-2-48
with enclosed newspaper clippings.
Re: "Federation of American Scientists;
Internal Security - C."
100-344452-239
(23)

SI 121-21064-2
(26) (Washington Evening Star, 10-18-48)
SI 121-21064-3
(16) (The Harvard Crimson 10-15-48)
SI 100-344452-A
(23) (Washington Post 10-18-48)
SI 100-344452-A
(23) (Washington Times Herald 10-18-48)
SI 100-344452-230
FBI (32) (New York Times 10-18-48)

CMB:lh

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 15 addressed a Sunday forum of the Socialist Workers Party
 16 of the St. Paul Branch, at 420 Cedar Avenue, St. Paul,
 17 Minnesota (date not stated). At this forum she spoke on
 18 the subject "Socialism versus Barbarianism." Informant
 19 stated that she devoted much time to an outline of an
 20 article by Albert Einstein in the October 28, "Minneapolis
 21 Tribune." This article was concerned with the Atomic Bomb.
 22 [redacted] was very critical of Einstein, pointing out that
 23 although he was a great scientist, he was a physicist. She
 24 stated: "What does he ask for? As a result he wants a
 25 world government. Now of course, that is what we want.
 26 He wants a socialist United States of the World. We
 27 believe that it will be impossible to have any kind of a
 28 world government unless first there is a change in the
 29 economic system and Socialism dominates the World."

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b7C, D

30 St. Paul report, August 19, 1949.
 31 Re: [redacted]

[redacted]

(70)

b7C

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On March 21, 1948, an article appeared in the "Daily Worker" which stated in part that Mrs. Irene Joliot-Curie at a press conference in the offices of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee which sponsored her trip to America, stated that among other things, she would buy equipment for her Paris laboratory and would see Dr. Albert Einstein. It was stated further that in Paris, her husband, Frederick, said Dr. Einstein was one of those who invited her to visit the United States; further that her husband was a Communist and head of France's Atomic Energy Commission.



b1, b2,
b7C
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b1, b2, b7D [redacted] furnished to the New York Office a letter dated October 29, 1948, which was signed by Milton Wolff, Political Director, JAFRC and was written on the stationery of the Spanish Refugee Appeal of the JAFRC. Printed on this stationery were the names of the national sponsors, one of whom was Albert Einstein.

NY rpt., 2-1-49
Re: "Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee
Committee; IS-C"
100-7061-1815, p. 35, 37, 56
(31)

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b2, b7D

On February 9, 1942, [redacted] submitted a report concerning the American Committee O.S.E. It was organized in the United States in 1940 for the purpose of promoting health, hygiene and sanitation among the Jews of Europe, through its various affiliates which had spread to other parts of the world. Informant named the officers of this organization. Albert Einstein was named as a member of the Honorary Committee.

Informant reported that no derogatory information had been obtained concerning the American Committee O.S.E.

b2, b7D [redacted] advised that O.S.E. stands for Organization Sanitaire Etaciale.

[redacted] b1, b2, b7D [redacted] that Professor Albert Einstein was an honorary member of the "O.S.E. American Committee".

[redacted] b1, b2, b7D [redacted] furnished some literature received from O.S.E. American Committee, 24 West 40th Street, New York City. On the back of a folder which explained the work of O.S.E., appeared "Tributes to O.S.E." by various individuals, including one by Professor A. Einstein. Also listed on the folder were the names of leaders of O.S.E. in the U.S.A. Professor A. Einstein was listed as a member of the Honorary Committee.

b2, b7D

[redacted] United States Office of [redacted] Censorship [redacted]

12-13-48 New York Report
Re: "American Committee of O.S.E.,
aka, O.S.E. American Committee,
O.E.U.R.R.E. De Secours Aux Enfants,
"Toz";
Internal Security - R"
100-349527-9 p. 4, 9, 10, 11, 18
(39, 70)

CJO:ddd

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In the November 1948 issue of the "Forum Und Tribuene" an American monthly, published in New York City, appeared an article on page 2, columns 3 and 4, entitled, "Hellmer or Einstein?". The article pertained to a column in "Ausbau" written by Kurt Hellmer. Hellmer was against all foreign language papers and against "foreigners" if they supported the Wallace Party. It stated that Hellmer criticized this paper (Foreign Und Tribuene). The article went on to say that "we are against Hellmer's attempt at intrusion and are in favor of the upright attitude of Thomas Mann and Albert Einstein, opposed to agitation against foreigners, Reds, and Jews and in favor of Henry Wallace.

Translation from German
enclosed with 12-14-48
memo from SAC Philadelphia
Re: "The German American,
Internal Security - C"
100-279704-146 p. 17
(36)

CJC:mm

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b1, b2, b7C, D

[REDACTED] attempting to further
sale of Barrows Dunham's "Man Against Myth" wrote a letter
to [REDACTED] In the
letter, [REDACTED] Dunham's book was one of the best
and suggested that [REDACTED] quote the endorsements on the book
furnished by the following:

- Donald Ogden Stewart
- Albert Einstein
- Dorothy Parker
- J. B. S. Haldane
- J. D. Bernal.

b1, b2, b7C, D

[REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED]

Boston Report
11-12-48

b7C

Re: [REDACTED]

Internal Security - C

(15)

CHB:cdd

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The New York Times of 11/1/48 carried an article entitled "Kallach" cited by Teacher's Union.

This article stated, in part, that the Teacher's Union had reported on the previous day that it had received hundreds of telegrams and letters from educators, parents, authors, artists and trade unionists commending the statement "in defense of the Constitution and the Bill of Rights" made by Samuel Kallach, former president of the Teacher's Union, before a Congressional sub-committee on education and labor.

The article further stated that those named by the union as having come to his support included Albert Einstein and ten other educators.

61-7550-A
(15)

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b2, b7C, D

[REDACTED]

b7C, D

[REDACTED]

b7C

The same informant advised that a committee in New York of which Albert Einstein was honorary chairman, was sponsoring appearance at the Commodore Hotel in New York City. (date not stated)

Washington Field Office New London
November 1, 1950

b7C

Re: [REDACTED]
Internal Security - [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
(2)

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AMH:vw

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12 On November 9, 1948 a dinner in honor of Israel's
13 independence was held at the Hotel Biltmore, New York. The
14 dinner was sponsored by the American Committee of Jewish Writers,
15 Artists and Scientists. Speakers included Dr. Vladimir Outrata,
16 Czech Ambassador to the United States and Polish Ambassador Josef
17 Winiewicz.

18
19 Messages and greetings were received from Henry A.
20 Wallace, Professor Albert Einstein, honorary president of the
21 sponsoring committee of the dinner; Eliahu Epstein, Israel
22 Representative to the United States, and others.
23

24 Source newspaper clipping,
25 "New York Post and Home News" dated
26 November 10, 1948
27 62-84266-A
28 (28)

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This reference is an undated pamphlet put out by the "United World Federalists, Inc."; 7 East 12th Street, New York, New York; captioned "Beliefs, Purposes and Policies," adopted November 13, 1948.

This pamphlet set out a list of the names of the members of the National Advisory Board, one of whom was Dr. Albert Einstein, Chairman, Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists. (No source given)

100-343001-213, p. 1
(38)

AMH:cmn



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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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61-7099-46 p (935-936-937)

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A list of the governing officers of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc., 114 East 32nd Street, New York City as well as a list of the members of the Board of Directors and sponsors of the NCASF, was obtained from a letterhead of the above-mentioned organization dated November 19, 1948. According to this letterhead, Professor Albert Einstein was a sponsor of the NCASF.

61, 62, 67D

[REDACTED]
New York report dated
1-3-49
Re: "National Council
of American-Soviet
Friendship, Inc.;
Internal Security - C"
100-146964-1425 p. 5
(3)

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The W.F.D.Y. Information Service, published by the World Federation of Democratic Youth, bulletin No. 31, dated December 1, 1948, contained the following information under the title "Youth in the Struggle for Peace:"

"France: On November 27 and 28, the 'National Assizes of the French People for Peace and Freedom' took place in Paris, which was attended by 12,000 delegates from 81 departments. Messages of greetings were sent to these Assizes by Albert Einstein, the Dean of Canterbury, and from Professor Blacket."

62,67D



New York memo, 3-15-50 enclosing photostatic copy of above bulletin
Re: "American Youth for a Free World; Internal Security-C"
100-189202-74, p. 1
(71)

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[REDACTED]

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b7D
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According to [REDACTED] Einstein made the following statement:

"I came to this country because I believed that America was the land of liberty. When I came here it was, I found the liberty I was seeking, but in recent months I have seen this country moving farther and farther away from those liberties until today it reminds me far more of the Prussia I left than the America to which I came."

b7C, E

[REDACTED]

as set forth in Philadelphia, letter to the Bureau dated September 16, 1948, in the case entitled "Progressive Citizens of America, Internal Security - C" revealed that a copy of the "Report of the Meeting of the Organizing Committee of the National Council of the Arts, Sciences and Professions held in Chicago at the Andrew Wilson room, 84 East Randolph, January 16-17, 1948" was obtained. According to this report, there were forty-seven delegates from thirteen chapters and eleven states present at the opening session on January 16, 1948. In addition, there were nine state PCA Directors, six PCA Board Members, and eighteen visitors.

The first order of business was the election of committees. George Pepper was elected Chairman of the Nominating Committee.

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Mr. Pepper, Chairman of the Nominating Committee submitted nominations for the Chairmen and members at large. The name of Dr. Albert Einstein was submitted along with two other individuals as Honorary Chairmen.

b1, b2, b7D

[redacted] identified the national officers of the ASP. Albert Einstein was identified by informant as a member-at-large.

[redacted]

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b1, b2, b7D

[redacted] advised that the ASP had sponsored a meeting at Carnegie Hall on June 17, 1948, which was attended by 3,000 people. All speakers, according to [redacted] stressed the two rejections by the United States Government of the Soviet offer to enter into direct negotiations aimed to bring about an understanding between the two nations on the matters which were endangering the peace of the World and the Democratic institutions of our country.

According to informant, Professor Albert Einstein addressed the meeting over the telephone from his home at Princeton, New Jersey. He declared that "no government can disregard the will of its people. Not even dictatorial governments. How is it possible that our government disregards the will of our people." Einstein criticized the United States Government for its refusal to accept the suggestion of the USSR for direct negotiations. He emphasized that the refusal of negotiations of the two worlds greatest powers was endangering the peace of the world. He concluded that "Any new step to militarization of the country takes us further away from peace."

NY rpt. 1-18-49
Re: "Progressive Party,
IS - C."
100-357934-15, p. 175
(10)

AMM:d11

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12 The following information was taken from a memorandum
13 dated September 17, 1948, "To Associations" prepared by the
14 Federation of American Scientists:

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16 "SCLP. In anticipation of the present situation
17 and out of concern about less publicized clearance problems,
18 the Federation has set up the Scientists' Committee on Loyalty
19 Problems. The functions and history of this committee are
20 described in the Prospectus and Interim Report, respectively,
21 copies of which were mailed to the associations recently, and
22 can be obtained from the address below. The Committee is now
23 complete and has the following members: W.A. Higinbotham,
24 Chairman, A.S. Wightman, Secretary, R.J. Britten, R.R. Bush,
25 A. Einstein, S.A. Goudsmit, D.R. Hamilton, H.S. Livingston,
26 S. Mudd, W.D. Smyth, Thomas L. Spitzer, C. Veblen, and I. Wolff.
27 The first meeting of the committee will be held in Princeton
28 on September 25. Letters have been sent to one hundred and
29 fifty leading scientists throughout the country, inviting them
30 to become sponsors of the Committee. In connection with the
31 present hearings, several members of the committee are working
32 closely with FAS Office. A number of legal contracts have
33 been made and not only are these proving useful now in Washing-
34 ton but it is expected that they will be helpful for consultations
35 on individual clearance problems. Attempts to raise money are
36 being made and educational activities are being planned. The
37 member associations can be very helpful to the Committee
38 (1) by sending its suggestions and reports on topics suitable
39 for educational work, and (2) by supplying information on
40 individuals who may need help in clearing problems. We must
41 know about problems early to give effective help. Address:
42 Scientists' Committee on Loyalty Problems, 14 Battle Pass,
43 Princeton, New Jersey." (page 17)

44
45 *LRB2* On April 29, 1949, [redacted] who had been closely associated
46 with FAS since its inception, advised that the Scientists'
47 Committee on Loyalty Problems of FAS was under the leadership of
48 the more conservative members of the Committee, namely H.D.
49 Smyth, I. Spitzer, and William A. Higinbotham, as well as
50 S.A. Goldsmith, whom T-1 described as being one of the best
51 informed scientists on security matters. T-1 said that the
52 more "left-wing members" such as Einstein were disinterested
53 and did not count as far as the work of the Committee was con-
54 cerned. (page 20)

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b2, b7C, D

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[REDACTED] learned that in [REDACTED]

made certain efforts to have the National Council of Arts, Sciences, and Professions of the PCA (Progressive Citizens of America) and the American Association of Scientific Workers furnish aid in the defense of the "Hollywood Ten", these being personages connected with the Hollywood movie industry who appeared before the House Committee on Un-American Activities in 1947, at which time they were held in contempt by that body.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] should tell the Princeton group that the Arts, Sciences, and Professions Council was soliciting briefs to file in the case of the "Hollywood Ten" which would be heard in Washington about January, 1949. [REDACTED] stated that the persons on this Committee who could be contacted and who were reliable were [REDACTED] Albert Einstein, and [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

(page 29)

[REDACTED]

b2, b7D

Washington Field Office, 5-27-49
Re: "Federation of American Scientists"
Internal Security-C
100-344452-258 p. 17, 20, 29
(11, 76)

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[REDACTED]

b7C
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they should tell the Princeton group that the "Arts, Sciences and Professions Council" was soliciting briefs to be filed in the case of the "Hollywood Ten", which would be heard in Washington approximately January 12, 1949. The Arts, Sciences and Professions Council was soliciting these briefs because an attack on artists such as the Hollywood group, opened the door to further attacks on educators [REDACTED] stated that among the persons on this committee who could be contacted and who were reliable were [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] Albert Einstein and [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Boston memorandum to the Director,
12-4-48
Re: [REDACTED]

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(37)

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My memorandum dated December 7, 1948, the Philadelphia Office enclosed to the Bureau translations of three items of interest to the Bureau taken from the December 5, 1948, issue of the "Sonntagsblatt (New Yorker) Staatszeitung Und Herald," published in New York City.

One of these items was taken from page 164, column 9, and was entitled "Professor Einstein Encourages 'World Citizens'" by Larry Davis. This article stated that "Larry Davis, who renounced his American citizenship seven months ago and declared himself a 'world citizen', stated in connection with the calling of a meeting to establish a world government that he had received telegrams from Professor Albert Einstein and Sir John Boyd Orr.

"The Einstein telegram states that Davis had made a sacrifice for the benefit of humanity. He has made himself a man without a country (DP) to fight for the rights of those who are witnesses to the low moral level of our time.

"The worst slavery of the present time would be universal militarization. This is again the result of the universal fear. The good intention to control the situation by the founding of the United Nations has proved to be inadequate.

"If a supranational organization should plan to solve the problem of international security, it would have to have sufficient means of power. Only the unflinching will of the peoples can liberate the forces which can effect a clear break with spent traditions of politics."

65-2111-111
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On December 13, 1948, the New York World Telegram contained an article entitled, "Reds See Garden Jammed Tonight with State Department Publicity Build-Up." It reported that a rally was being held that night at Madison Square Garden to climax the tour of the Very Reverend Hewlett Johnson, "Red Dean" of Canterbury and a member of the Governing Board of the Communist London "Daily Worker."

The Dean was invited to tour this country under the auspices of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship. The State Department refused to issue the Dean a visa because the sponsor was deemed subversive. At the same time, the State Department made clear there was no objection to Dr. Johnson himself provided he came properly chaperoned. The Dean was issued a visa when a "Committee of Welcome" was formed to sponsor his tour. Although termed Communist by the government, the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, in promoting the above-mentioned pro-Russia rally, had been using such names as Albert Einstein, Senator Arthur Capper, Albert D. Thomas and Claude Pepper, Helen Keller, Maxwell Stuart, and others.

100-15351-A
(30)

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The "Summary of Trends and Developments," of December, 1948, states that a "National Civil Rights Legislative Conference" would be held in Washington on the 10th; further that 150 notables sponsored the conference which would be addressed by progressive senators and congressmen; that Albert Einstein was among the "150 notables" sponsoring the conference and mass meeting.

"Summary of Trends and Developments" the National Americanism Commission, Subcommittee on Subversive Activities, the American Legion National Headquarters, Indianapolis 6, Indiana.
94-17998-1840
(8)

AMH:ddl



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On September 15, 1949 Edith Rosenberg, Executive Secretary, of the American Council for a Democratic Greece Inc., appeared at the office of Assistant United States Attorney Thomas F. Murphy, Southern District of New York at which time Miss Rosenberg accepted service of the subpoena duces tecum, calling for Miss Rosenberg to produce the original receipt books, cash receipt books and cash disbursement books for the American Council for a Democratic Greece, Inc., for the year 1948. X

Included in the documents which were introduced in evidence before the Grand Jury on the same date by Rosenberg was

[REDACTED] b3

[REDACTED] b3

New York report,
10-13-49
Re: "American Council
for a Democratic Greece,
Inc., Red Cross Act"
100-813-12
(17)

AMH:vm

b3 used in conjunction with
Rule 6(e) of the Federal Rules of
Criminal Procedure.

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The December 19, 1948 issue of "France Avenir", published in New York City, contained an article on page 8 entitled "The 'Citizen of the World' at Velodrome d'iver." This article reported that Mr. Garry Davis, "first citizen of the world," spoke last week at the Velodrome d'iver (Winter Cycle Racing Track) in Paris, in a big demonstration organized under the eminent patronage of Andre Gide and Einstein.

Translation of article carried as
enclosure to
12-29-48 Memo from SAC, Philadelphia
Re: Communist Activities in France
Internal Security-C
64-200-281-808 p.1
(85)

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12 The December 31, 1948 issue of the "Daily Worker"
13 carried an article under the caption "5000 Rally to Ask End
14 to Trial of 'Twelve'" which stated that 5000 house, shop and
15 block meetings were scheduled to be held in New York's five
16 boroughs starting January 8th to call on Attorney General Tom
17 Clark to dismiss the indictment against the 12 Communist leaders.
18

19 According to the article, the meetings, organized under
20 the auspices of the Civil Rights Congress, were to elect delegates
21 to the Freedom Crusade, in Washington, D.C., January 18th, the
22 day after the trial of the Communist leaders opened in the
23 Federal Court in New York City.

24 The article stated that the house, shop and block
25 rallies, according to the spokesman for the Civil Rights Congress,
26 would call for: ending prosecution of the Communists; abolition
27 of the Un-American Committee; passage by Congress of the Anti-
28 Lynching Bill; adoption of fair employment practices legislation
29 and the repeal of the Taft-Hartley Act.
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31 According to the article, sponsors for the Freedom
32 Crusade to Washington included Albert Einstein.
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