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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ALBERT EINSTEIN

PART 3 OF 9

BUFILE NUMBER: 61-7099

Albert Einstein

61-7099

Section 3

180 Pages Available

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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61-7099-46 p 240 & 241

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[REDACTED]

b7C
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[REDACTED] stated that he personally had seen a list of names described to him as Hitler's "black list", which purported to consist of Jewish refugees who were wanted by the Nazis "dead or alive". He recalled that [REDACTED] name was on this list, which also included Albert Einstein, the famous scientist.

b7C D

[REDACTED]

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[REDACTED] mentioned that he understood that some member of [REDACTED] family was a very close friend of Professor Albert Einstein, the noted scientist.

Washington Field Office letter to Director
January 22, 1943
Re: [REDACTED]

b7C

Internal Security,
[REDACTED]

(S)

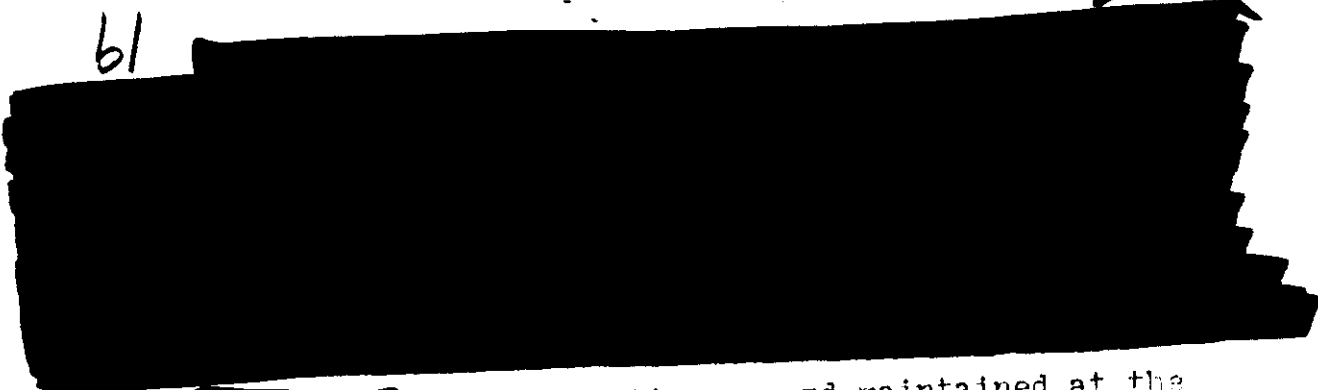
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b1



b7c [redacted] s naturalization record maintained at the U. S. Post Office building, Trenton, New Jersey, showed that he filed a petition for naturalization on February 4, 1943. One of the witnesses on this petition was Albert Einstein, Professor, 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

9-3-47 Memo from SAC, Newark
Re: "Committee for Foreign
Correspondence;
Internal Security - R"
100-346921-60
(24)

WCJO:cdd

243

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This reference consists of an undated letter on the letterhead of the National Federation for Constitutional Liberties, 1123 Broadway, New York, New York, enclosing a special message to the House of Representatives, calling for the abolition of the Dies Committee, signed by more than 1,000 leading American citizens from every field of community activity. Albert Einstein, Princeton, New Jersey, appeared on this list of signers.

The following was set out above the list of names, "I hereby join in signing the January, 1941, message to the House of Representatives, opposing renewal of the Dies Committee."

No source given
100-1170-239
(54-60)

AMH:ddl

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The January 1943 issue of "Freies Deutschland X
(Alemania Libre)" (Free Germany), a monthly magazine published
in German in Mexico City, contained an article on page 31,
column 3, on the Freundeskreis Der Bewegung Freies Deutschland
(Circle of Friends of the Movement Free Germany) which had just
been founded in Cuba. It stated further that articles of con-
gratulations from Albert Einstein and others to the Mexican
"Freies Deutschland" were reprinted in the "Mitteilungen" another
refugee paper in Cuba.

[REDACTED]

b7D

New York City.

(72)

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The January 7, 1943, issue of the Daily Worker contained an article on page 2 to the effect that 5,000 Jewish organizations received a call to attend the 1st Anniversary Conference of the Jewish Council for Russian War Relief. The call was announced by Professor Albert Einstein, Honorary Chairman of the Council. The conference was to be an all day affair at the New York Hotel Commodore on Sunday, February 28. It was to be followed by a "Modern Maccabees Dinner" dedicated to the Jewish heroes in the armies of the United Nations.

100-37226-Sub A
(67)

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In March, 1943 Leon Denen, official of the Jewish Labor Committee, 1752 Broadway, New York City, furnished a history of the activities in the labor movement of Henryk Erlich and Victor Alter, prior to an announcement by Ambassador Litvinoff of the USSR that Erlich and Alter had been executed by the Soviet Government in December, 1942.

According to Denen, Erlich was a labor attorney in Warsaw, as well as an editor and political director of the Polish organization of the General Jewish Workers Union, an organization of Jewish laborers in Poland, and Alter was active in trade union work among the Jewish people.

In Lubin, Poland, both men were arrested by the Russian authorities when Russia occupied Eastern Poland under terms which grew out of the Hitler-Stalin pact. They were kept in a Russian prison for almost two years, and no reason was given by the Russian Government. Following the Hitler invasion of Russia in June, 1941, an agreement was reached between the Polish Government and the Soviet Government, in September, 1941, to cooperate in the war against Germany, and all Polish citizens interned or imprisoned on Russian territory were granted freedom, and at this time Alter and Erlich were set free with the Russian Government's apologies.

In October, 1941 the Russian Government discussed with Erlich and Alter a project to organize a Jewish Anti-Fascist Committee in Moscow to help in the fight against Hitler Germany. The proposal was that Erlich and Alter establish communications for the underground movement in Poland and strengthen its opposition to the Nazis. In December, 1941 the men were once again arrested in Kuibyshev, Russia.

After the second arrest of these men in December, 1941, many American and British labor organizations pleaded with the Soviet Government through Ambassador Maxim Litvinoff in Washington on their behalf because of their widely-known activities in behalf of laboring people. Well-known American labor union progressives who pleaded for their freedom included Phillip Murray, President of the CIO; Clinton Golden, Assistant

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President of the United Steel Workers of America: Professor Albert Einstein and many others.

As late as January 23, 1943 a cable was sent to the Soviet Government by the group listed above requesting the Russian Government to give Erlick and Alter their immediate freedom.

There was no reply to any of these communications until William Green, of the American Federation of Labor, received from Soviet Ambassador Litvinoff a communication dated February 15, 1943, stating that the men had been executed some time in December 1942.

New York report 4-13-43
RF: "Communist Party, USA
District #2, New York Field Division:
Internal Security - R"
100-3-4-1655.
(69)

CMB:mg

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[REDACTED]

of individuals who he alleged to be former German Communists, fellow travelers or Communist stooges. On this list appeared the name of Albert Einstein.



Memo to Bureau from
SAC, New York
dated February 10, 1943.
Re: "Communist Party, USA
District #2, NY Field Division;
Internal Security - C"
100-200123-4
(66)

CJO:cdd



1/29/43

*Parsons declared
1, 2, 3 per State*

*letter dtd 8/24/42
SP-424/JHC
2/17/43*

~~SECRET~~

b2b7D

In April, 1943, [redacted] caused a search of the Division of Communications and Records, Department of State, to be conducted for all information concerning the Victor Alter-Henrich Ehrlich case. *Xm*

An examination of these files reflected a telegram from J. Baskin, General Secretary, Workmen's Circle, 175 East Broadway, New York City, to the Secretary of State dated December 19, 1941, quoting a cablegram sent to the Soviet Government through Maxim Litvinov regarding the Alter-Ehrlich case. This letter (SIC) stated that Alter and Ehrlich during their prior visits to the United States were active in behalf of the Workmen's Circle. The above-mentioned cablegram stated that the organization was elated several months before to learn that Alter and Ehrlich were among the number of arrested Socialists from Poland, who were liberated in Russia. Then the organization just learned from the American press that Alter and Ehrlich were again arrested. The Workmen's Circle appealed through Litvinov to the Soviet Government to set them free, recognizing the valiant fight Russia was conducting against Hitler. *Xm*

The files also reflected a telegram from Philip Murray, President, CIO, William Green, Albert Einstein and other prominent individuals, dated January 29, 1943, urging the release of Alter and Ehrlich. *Xm*

Washington Field Office report dated 4-21-43
Re: "Communist Party, USA, District #2, New York Field Division; Internal Security-R" 100-3-4-1687 (69)

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[REDACTED]

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b7c.D [REDACTED] stated that through the assistance of [REDACTED] Professor Albert Einstein, Institute for Advanced Studies, Princeton, New Jersey, he obtained a scholarship at Springfield College, Springfield, Massachusetts where he spent two scholastic years.

6-16-43 Boston Report

Re: [REDACTED] was.

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Internal Security - [REDACTED]
Alien Enemy Control

(6)
SI [REDACTED]
(22)

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Records of Local Board #1 Princeton, New Jersey, reviewed in June, 1944, reflected that [redacted] Princeton, New Jersey, [redacted] came to the United States in 1937 and had since been a research *assistant* at the Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, New Jersey. In a deferment request on file at the local board and submitted by the Institute for Advanced Study it was stated that [redacted] was an assistant to Professor Einstein from 1940 to 1943 [redacted]

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[redacted] naturalization record maintained at the United States Post Office Building, Trenton, New Jersey, reflected that [redacted] filed a petition for naturalization on January 2, 1943, giving residence as 44 Park Place, Princeton, New Jersey. Witnesses on this petition were Albert Einstein, Professor, 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey, and Helen Dukas, secretary to Albert Einstein, and residing at the same address.

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[redacted]

b2, b7c,
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Newark report April 4, 1951

Re: [redacted] was. [redacted]
Internal Security - R"

b7c

(47)

Correlator's Note:

[redacted]

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An examination of the Congressional Record of even date revealed that on page 783 appeared a list of persons who were signers of a petition that the Dies Committee not be continued. Those names included that of Albert Einstein, Princeton, New Jersey.

Memorandum for Mr. Ladd
from W. R. Glavin
2-8-52
66-1721-418X2
(66)

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This reference is a full-page advertisement of the National Federation for Constitutional Liberties, 1400 L Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., taken from the "Washington Post" of February 8, 1943. This advertisement was captioned "Abolish the Dies Committee" as a step toward victory in '43. This advertisement stated that 1,200 American leaders were signers of a message to Congress to abolish the Dies Committee. The name of Albert Einstein, Princeton, New Jersey, was among the signers of the message.

No source given
100-1170-238
(59; 60)

AMR:061

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12 The "New York World Telegram" on February 9, 1943
13 carried an article by Frederick Woltman, under the caption
14 "Neds Adopt Jap-American Victory Forum" which stated that the
15 Communists, following their recent pattern of infiltrating
16 foreign language groups by setting up "Victory Councils"; and
17 started to move in on the loyal Japanese-Americans.

18
19 The article stated that prominent Communists and
20 leaders of Communist front organizations had virtually taken
21 over the Forum on Japanese-Americans in the Victory Program which
22 was to be held the following Saturday in the Hotel Commodore,
23 New York City.

24
25 According to the article, the forum was held in
26 conjunction with the Japanese-American Committee for Democracy.
27 The Committee's officers were Japanese-Americans whose stated
28 purpose was to develop an anti-Axis leadership among their own
29 group and to help integrate into the American community the
30 110,000 Japanese-Americans evacuated from the West Coast.
31 However, the article continued, the co-sponsor of the Forum was
32 the American Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born, one
33 of whose founders and principal backers had been Congressman Vito
34 Marcantonio and who, in its 1941 convention had assailed the
35 deportation action against Harry Bridges and the attempts to
36 revoke the citizenship of the California secretary of the
37 Communist Party as stemming "directly from efforts of the
38 Roosevelt administration to involve America in the European War."

39
40 The article further stated that the Japanese-American
41 Committee, which was located at 22 West 32nd Street, New York
42 City, listed on its advisory board the late Professor Henry Ford,
43 Pearl Buck, Professor Albert Einstein, and others.

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45 100-0-17648
46 (69)
47 100-71226-27-71
48 (12)
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This reference is a document from an unknown source dated February 12, 1943, at New York City, and is entitled "Fellow Travellers or Intellectual Communists".

This document sets out a list of names and states that "If our readers make an index card file of these 1,600 names, they will have the base of one fine set up of 'Red Birds'." The name of Albert Einstein, Princeton, New Jersey, appeared on this list.

100-1170-245
(49; 60)

AKH:ddl

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An examination of the personal effects of [redacted]
[redacted]
made by Bureau Agents, revealed that among [redacted] effects was
an autographed photograph of Dr. Albert Einstein, world-famous
mathematician, and numerous other snapshots and communications
[redacted]

b7c

New Orleans report, 3-31-43
Re: "[redacted] 161,
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b7C.D

[REDACTED]

she advised that
was at that time associated with Dr. Albert Einstein at
Princeton, New Jersey.

b7C

New York report, 1/2/42
re: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] all-in
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This reference is a report of unknown author dated April 13, 1943, at New York, New York, entitled "National Society of American-Soviet Friendship Incorporated, New York City."

This report stated that this new outfit was formed April 6, 1943, and among the sponsors was "Albert Einstein -- Red and nuts."

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cept in case of a special mission.

Previous correspondence also revealed that writer had claimed various other inventions and had attempted to obtain release from internment.

100-2055-100
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The New York Office had in its possession a five-page form letter on the stationery of Free World, 55 West 42nd Street, New York City. This letter was in the form of advertising apparently to increase the circulation of the Free World and quoted hundreds of letters of praise and inspiration received from many of the great figures of the world. (no source given) (no date given)

The International Honorary Board of the Free World was made up of 84 individuals one of whom was Albert Einstein. (no source or date given but possibly taken from above mentioned form letter)

New York report April 24, 1943
RE: "Free World, Inc.; Free World
Association; Free World; Internal
Security-C"
100-90431-20
(53)

AMR:njf

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62.67D

[redacted] prepared a memorandum for the Bureau entitled "German Communist Activities In The Western Hemisphere." In this memorandum informant stated that the German-American Emergency Conference must be regarded in its organizational set-up mainly as a holding, or a roof organization; besides individual members and memberships also consisted of delegates from other organizations; among those other organizations, the German-American League for Culture and certain branches of the Workmen's Sick and Beneficial Funds were the main supporters.

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Informant stated further in this memorandum that "the fact that the German-American League for Culture has the same aims as the German-American Emergency Conference is apparent from the publication in the German-American of May, 1943," which was set out in this reference.

This article stated in part that "the founding of the German-American League for Culture in the year 1939 was occasioned by the unprecedented brutal destruction of culture carried out by Nazism in Germany. The burning of the books on May 10, 1933, the eviction of world-famous German authors and scientists, among them numerous Nobel Prize winners, such as Thomas Mann and Albert Einstein, (from 1901 to 1927, 28 Nobel Prizes were given to German scientists), the brutal interference with artistic and scientific creation, which in the field of music, for instance, led to the results that Germany for the first time in two hundred years, has not even produced a second class composer, placed us under the obligation to protect and to foster German cultural values violated by Nazism, and to combat this Nazism."

62.67X.D

[redacted]

Philadelphia report,
12/3/43
Re; "Deutsch Amerikanischer
Kulturverband
(German-American League
for Culture) ISG.
100-131905-10 p. 6
(55)

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A photostatic copy of a report of the New York Office by the District Postal Censors, New York City, reflecting the results of an examination of 19 bags of publications received from the Soviet Union, Washington, was obtained by the New York Office.

According to the report, this shipment was distributed to American universities, agricultural experimental stations, forums, public libraries, Russian War Relief Offices, Soviet Consulates, as well as the Four Continent Book Corporation in New York, and to individuals.

The report reflected that a copy of the "Voks" magazine was addressed to the Soviet Consulate, 20 West 49th St., New York City.

New York Memorandum Dated 12-21-50
Re: Russian Propaganda Activities
along Pacific Coast: Internal
Security-C, Subdivision 2
65-14085-1
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This reference is a blind memorandum dated June 8, 1944, entitled "The German-American Writers Association; the Free Tribune of Free German Literature and Art in America."

This memorandum stated that the Free Tribune of Free German Literature and Art in America was also known as Die Tribuene.

Under the heading "Activities" it was stated that the first performance of the Die Tribuene took place in October, 1941, with the showing of a play written by Ferdinand Bruckner entitled "The Races"; that this play was given in the Studio work Shop Theater at the New School for Social Research, 66 West 12th Street, New York City, under the direction of Erwin Piscator.

This memorandum stated further that since its initial production the Die Tribuene's activities were said to have grown rapidly and during 1943 the organization was reported to have sponsored numerous exhibitions, lectures, theater performances, and other celebrations in furtherance of its endeavor.

On May 10, 1943, according to this memorandum the society celebrated a performance known as the Free World Unity through Free Creative Art, an international commemoration of the 10th anniversary of the burning of books of famous authors on the part of the Hitler Regime. This program had as its objective the restoration of burned and banished books in Europe. Ten organizations assisted the Die Tribuene in that endeavor.

The sponsors of that celebration together with the officials of the Die Tribuene according to the memorandum included Albert Einstein and 13 other individuals. (No source given.)

100-210583
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61-7099-46 p 267

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12 The "Daily Worker" of May 19, 1943 carried an article
13 entitled "Enduring Friendship". This article stated in part
14 that 700 distinguished Americans on the previous day issued a
15 moving plea for enduring friendship with the Soviet Union which
16 act did much to build up our nation's successful prosecution of
17 the war.

18
19 The article stated further that as their own words
20 declare so well since the policy of this government was that
21 "The defense of the Soviet Union is vital to the defense of
22 the United States", the current anti-Soviet movement was also
23 an anti-American movement.

24
25 The article stated further that that the 700 distinguished
26 uished Americans had said would go a long way toward offsetting
27 the seditious activities of those quisling-minded groups; that
28 the respect in which such men and women as Albert Einstein and
29 other signers were held in the American eyes would give added
30 weight to their words, which expressed what the American people
31 instinctively wanted.

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b7C(D)

~~SECRET~~

[REDACTED]

A review of the files of the New York office reflected an undated letter of the Die-Tribune, advertising a meeting at Hunter College to be held May 18, 1943. The body of this letter reflected Albert Einstein to be a member of the honorary committee for the meeting at Hunter College.

New York report dated 5-18-43
Re: [REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED] Internal Security-R;
[REDACTED] (C) (S) (T) (U) (V) (W) (X) (Y) (Z)
[REDACTED]
(7)

CMB:svw

X

62.67D

[REDACTED] X
furnished information concerning the officers and sponsors of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship Incorporated whose names were to be publicly announced on April 6, 1943. According to informant the sponsors included Albert Einstein and others.

(page 6)

The New York "Journal American" of May 10, 1943, contained an article headlined "Pro-Soviet Pole Bolts Unity Rally." This article stated in part that "last minute attempts to inject the Alter-Billich Case into the 'Allied Unity Rally' at Carnegie Hall tomorrow night boomeranged today on the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship."

This article stated further that "meanwhile speakers and sponsors of the rally, such as Senator Claude D. Pepper, Albert Einstein, Leland Stowe, Thomas Mann, Mrs. Louis D. Brandis, and Miss Helen Keller, today found themselves in a position of backing a charge that the prominent persons who protected the Soviet Executions of the two Polish Labor Leaders are engaging in a 'conspiracy' to 'disrupt American-Soviet Friendship'."

(page 10)

On May 18, 1943, the New York "Times" carried a seven-column advertisement entitled "American-Soviet Friendship, An Open Letter To The American People." The opening paragraph of the advertisement signed by Carliss Lamont referred to an open letter initiated to promote home unity "against those who would divide us." The announcement was signed by approximately 85 individuals, many of whom had been identified with other Communist-front organizations, including Albert Einstein.

(page 12)

New York report,
10/21/43
Re: "National Council
of American-Soviet
Friendship, Incorporated
IS-C"
100-146964-95
(56) X

AMH;fjh

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This reference is a report dated May 21, 1943, at New York, New York, entitled National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Incorporated, 232 Madison Avenue, New York, New York, of unknown author.

This report sets out a list of individuals who permitted their names to be used as sponsors for the Soviet Rally held at Carnegie Hall on May 20, 1942. The name of Albert Einstein appeared on this list.

AMH:fjh

- 100-146964-50
(55)
- SI 100-146964-52
(no source given)
(55)
- SI 100-146964-64
(Military Intelligence
Service Report, 6/2/43
Original source not
given)
(56)

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Page 7, volume 2, # 7, June, 1943, issue of the monthly periodical "Freies Deutschland" contained an item on the Alter and Ehrlich affair (the two Polish Trotzkyites shot by the Soviets a few months before as Nazi spies). It was said that the items in the "New York Times" of March 5, stating that Albert Einstein had commented on the affair had been verified by Einstein himself (it was not known what this comment was, but it seemed reasonable to assume that he criticized Soviet authorities, judging from the attitude of "Freies Deutschland"). It was said that the *editors* were sorry for Einstein's attitude and could not believe that he was really *Sincere* in his admiration of the Soviet Union. Further, it was said that in the Alter and Ehrlich affair, moral and judicial justification was on the side of the Soviet Government.

Mexico Report
dated 6-12-43
Re: "Alemania Libre (Free Germany
or Freies Deutschland); Mexico
Political-G"
100-72924-85
(53)

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This reference is a blind memorandum entitled "Free World Association" which contained a penciled date of June 1, 1943 in the upper right-hand corner.

This memorandum stated that on September 24, 1941 the Free World magazine which was published by the Free World Association appeared on the newsstands. It was reported that there were also Spanish language and Chinese language editions of that same publication. The headquarters of the publication and the headquarters of the Free World Association were located at 55 West 42nd Street, New York City.

This memorandum stated further that the International Honorary Board of the Free World publication was composed of 14 individuals one of whom was Albert Einstein.

100-90431-37
(53)

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b7C, D

On June 23, 1943, [redacted] of the Friends Society, New York City, furnished a letter that the Society had received containing background information on [redacted] from the National Refugee Service. It was shown in this letter that [redacted] gave as a reference Professor Albert Einstein, Princeton, New Jersey.

b7C, D

[redacted]

7-30-43 New York report

re: [redacted]

b7C

Custodial Detention (C)

[redacted]

(56)

*(Not identified)

CJU:svw

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61-7099-46 p 275

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b2, b7D

[REDACTED]

advised that arrangements were made by Professor Solomon Isaacovich Michaels and Lieutenant Colonel Itzik Feffer to meet Einstein at Princeton University.

X

An article appearing in the "Daily Worker", June 17, 1943, indicated that Professor Michaels and Colonel Feffer composed a Jewish delegation from the USSR sent to make a tour of the United States, bringing greetings from the Jewish people of the Soviet Union. The purpose of the trip was reported to be the strengthening and improving of relations between the Jewish people in the United States and the USSR.

[REDACTED]

b7C, D

[REDACTED]

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1-31-47 San Francisco Report
re: "Communist Infiltration of
Radiation Laboratory,
University of California,
Berkeley, California;
Internal Security-R"
100-190625-2048 p. 119
(17, 74)

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CJC:svw

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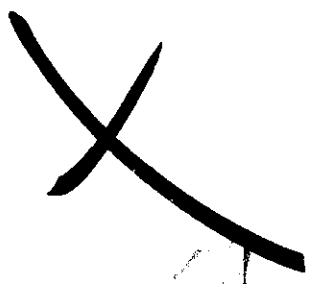
The "Daily Worker" of June 29, 1943, carried an article entitled "Polo Grounds Rally for Soviet Visitors". This article stated in part that a Soviet delegation consisting of Professor Solomon Michaels, founder, director and star of the Moscow Jewish Art Theatre and Itzik Feffer, outstanding Jewish poet of the Soviet Union had arrived in Washington by plane from Kuiveshev a few days previous at the joint invitation of the Committee of Jewish Writers and Artists and the Jewish Council of Russian War Relief, who were sponsoring the Polo Grounds meeting.

The article stated further that the two sponsoring organizations had announced formation of a National Information Committee, headed by Professor Albert Einstein to welcome the Soviet delegation.

100-181445-5-A
(66)
(SI 100-225072-A
(68) (New York Times 6-30-43)



AMH:svw



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The "Daily Worker" of June 28, 1932, carried an article entitled "Famous Soviet Jews to be Feted Here". This article stated in part that Sholem Asch, President of the Committee of Jewish Writers and Artists had announced the formation of a national reception committee, headed by Professor Albert Einstein, to welcome a distinguished Jewish cultural delegation from the Soviet Union which had arrived by plane from Kuibyshev.



This article stated further that the National Reception Committee, which included leaders from every walk of American cultural, civic, religious and trade union life, would be formally introduced to the distinguished visitors at a reception given by the Soviet Consul General in New York at the Consulate on June 29, 1932.

100-18480-A
(66)

AMH:221



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The letterhead of the "American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists, and Scientists, Inc.," revealed that Albert Einstein was Honorary President. (Date and source not indicated)



The American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists, Inc., of which Albert Einstein was the Honorary Chairman, purchased one half page in the June 12, 1943 issue of the "Daily Worker" to advertise "the official delegation from the U.S.S.R." at the Polo Grounds, which delegation was composed of Solomon Michaelis and Itzik Feffer. (Source not clearly indicated)

New York Rpt., Aug. 24, 1944
Re: "American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists, Inc., Internal Security - C"
100-184489-5, p. 3, 6:
(66)

AMH:cmm



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61-7099-46 p 281

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The "Worker" of July 1, 1943, contained an article entitled, "Polo Grounds Rally for Soviet Guests to Hear Einstein." The article stated that Professor Albert Einstein, world famous scientist, would be one of the main speakers at the great welcoming reception at the Polo Grounds the following Thursday night for the two distinguished guests, Professor Solomon Mikhoels, Chairman of the Jewish Anti-Fascist Committee of the USSR, and Lieutenant Colonel Itzik Peffer, great Soviet Jewish poet. In accepting the title of honorary chairman of the National Reception Committee to the Delegation from the USSR, Professor Einstein stated that in these grave times it was especially important to preserve and cherish the solidarity of the Jewish people. Such solidarity would further the cooperation and mutual understanding of the Russian and American people. He further stated that the delegation find a response in this country commensurate with our loyalty to the ethical ideals we hold in common, and also with our gratitude for Russia's heroic achievement in the struggle against the basest criminals who have ever threatened the world."

100-225072-A
(63)
SI 100-225072-A
(63) Daily Worker 7-6-43

CSO:svw

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b2, b7C, D

[REDACTED]

stated that he attended a reception given to Michaels and Feffer, both of whom are in the United States as delegates from the Jewish Anti-Fascist Committee of the Soviet Union. He further stated that there was to be a Mass Meeting at the Polo Grounds the next Thursday at which they (Michaels and Feffer) and Professor Einstein would speak [REDACTED] said that Michaels was one of the best speakers he had ever heard.

b2, b7D

[REDACTED]

6-15-45 New York Report

Re: [REDACTED] was

b7C

Internal Security - C

Refer 5 - IS

[REDACTED]

(80)

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b3 per CIA



This report stated that over 45,000 people attended the meetings arranged by the Committee of Jewish Writers and Artists which was held at the Polo Grounds, New York City on July 8, 1943; further that the meeting was planned as a welcome to Professor Solomon Michaels and Lieutenant Colonel Itzik Feffer, members of a Soviet delegation to the United States; that the stadium and speakers platform were decorated with American, Soviet and Palestinian flags.

This report stated further that most of the speakers spoke on the theme of unity of the United Nations, the heroic fight of the Russian Army, the brilliant leadership of Roosevelt and Stalin, outlawing of anti-Semitism in Russia, and great deeds of Russia in helping Jews from eastern Europe to safety. According to this report Albert Einstein sent a message.

100-225072-2
(55)

AMH:adl

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OK per Army



A letter dated July 10, 1943, from the Acting District Intelligence Officer, Second Service Command, War Department, advised of a rally which was held at the Polo Grounds, New York on July 8, 1943, in honor of Professor Solomon Michaelis and Lieutenant Itzik Feffer, sponsored by the National Association Committee to the Soviet Delegation.

The letter stated further that a message was sent by telephone from Professor Albert Einstein's home in Princeton, New Jersey, calling for the solidarity of the Jewish people. The letter stated further that Herman Hoffman, Grand Master of the Independent Order of Brith Abraham, and National Chairman of Executive Board, Jewish Council for Russian War Relief, indicated that "We must fight for the outlawing of race persecution by international agreement. Without it, there can be no peace, no security, nothing but a terrorized chaotic world."

In September, 1943, Hoffmann, attorney and chairman of the Non-Sectarian of the Anti-Nazi League, was interviewed by Bureau agents regarding remarks made by him on July 27, 1943, at Pittsburgh regarding the German American Bund.

NY rpt. 6-9-43
Re: German American Bund,
IS - C, "International
Proceedings."
100-1234-226
(26)
SI 100-225072-A
(68) (Daily Worker 7-10-43)

AMH:ddl



289-290

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12 This reference contains a letter dated July 19, 1943
13 from the Executive Secretary of the Japanese-American Committee
14 for Democracy, 72 West 52nd Street, New York, New York.

15
16 This letter was an invitation to Trade Unions to send
17 representatives to an informal meeting of the Japanese-American
18 Committee for Democracy on July 29, 1943 at 8:00 p.m. at 72
19 West 52nd Street, at which time they would discuss concretely
20 how trade unions could help in the carrying out of the successful
21 resettlement of loyal Japanese-American evacuees into the production
22 for victory program.

23
24 The letterhead of this letter set out a list of the
25 members of the advisory board of the above organization. The
26 name of Professor Albert Einstein, Princeton University, appeared
27 on this list.

28
29 (no source given)
30 100-71226-34
31 (50)

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33 AME:vm
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12 *b7c* The United States Office of Censorship intercepted
13 a letter dated July 27, 1943, addressed to Professor Albert
14 Einstein, 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey, U. S. A.,
15 from [REDACTED] Mexico, D. F.

16
17
18 A report made by the Office of Censorship stated
19 that the writer, using the letterhead of "Freies Deutschland,"
20 elaborated on the recently published reports concerning the
21 establishment of a National Committee of Free Germany by Ger-
22 man prisoners of war in Russia.

23 Following up his comments the writer stated that
24 considering the role which this extraordinary occurrence
25 could play in the German anti-Nazi oppositions struggle for
26 an Allied Nations Victory, the writer's organization through
27 its periodical "Freies Deutschland" was in ~~organizing~~ *suggesting* a free
28 discussion concerning the National and International import-
29 ance of the Moscow Committee (of Free Germany.)

30
31 The writer invited Einstein to participate in this
32 discussion and to state his attitude at the possible earliest
33 moment.

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35 According to the censorship examiners note, the
36 writer was associated editorially with "Freies Deutschland
37 a German language periodical sponsored by the Free German
38 Movement.

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41 Censorship excerpt
42 100-72924-145
43 (53)

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b7C, D



advised that the local council of the NCASF had not been formed at that time but that T. Percival Gerson, Hollywood Roosevelt Hotel, and on the Hollywood Bowl Committee, had agreed to act as chairman. She stated the purpose of the group was to combat anti-Soviet propaganda by an educational program. She furnished the agent with certain materials which included a folder listing the aims and purposes of the national offices of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship Incorporated. The name of Professor Albert Einstein appeared in the list of sponsors.

Los Angeles report, 9-1-43
Re: "National Council of
American-Soviet Friendship
Incorporated formerly known
as American Council on Soviet
Relations; IS-C
100-146964-84 1. 36
(56)

AMH:svw

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62,67D

In Havana report dated [redacted]
[redacted] set out a list of persons who were members of the Honorary Advisory Board of the International Free World Association. The name of Albert Einstein, member of the faculty of the Institute for Advanced Study at Princeton, New Jersey, appeared on this list.

RE: "Free World, Inc.; Free World Association; Free World Cuba Political-R"
100-90431-40
(53)

AMH:njf

52

On August 10, 1943, a Soviet delegation arrived in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, for a 3 day visit. Dr. Albert Einstein, scientist, was chairman of the reception committee. X

The above information is evaluated in this report as having been received from a usually reliable source whose information was probably true. X u

Weekly Intelligence report, dated August 14, 1943, Headquarters 3rd Service Command, United States Army, Baltimore, Maryland. Letter from the Military Intelligence Service, War Department, Washington, D.C., dated August 21, 1943, to the Bureau. 100-7660-1602 (19)

X
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disclosed
per Army
letter to
12/23/43
SP-4 E W DHF
2/16/43

OK per Army

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CJO:bjw

~~SECRET~~

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This reference is a letter from the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Incorporated, Sixty-nine Fifth Avenue, New York, New York, dated August 14, 1943, addressed to Mr. Hemingway.

This letter^{ed} closed a statement signed by more than one-hundred leaders in almost every field of American life, an appeal to the addressee to contribute to the establishment of a vitally necessary Defense Fund to safeguard the rights of the Negro citizen.

The signers of this petition included Albert Einstein, Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, New Jersey.

This material was received from Lieutenant Colonel J.F. Perry on November 2, 1943. (Photostatic copy.)

61-3176-163
(51)

AMH:grp



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"PM" of August 17, 1943, carried an article entitled
"138 Americans Ask Roosevelt to Stop Riots".

This article stated in part that a resolution signed
by 138 noted Americans had called upon President Roosevelt,
"to use all wisdom to prevent a repetition of the horrors of
Detroit elsewhere in our country".

The article stated further that the signers of the
resolution included Albert Einstein and others.

44-800-A
(13)

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The files of the Immigration and Naturalization Service reflected that Hans Albert Einstein filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen on December 21, 1928. It was filed at Greenville, South Carolina, and Einstein gave his address at that time as 223 Randall Street, Greenville, South Carolina.

The above file contained two depositions, both dated August 26, 1928. The first was from Albert Einstein, Professor, 112 Gardner Street, Princeton, New Jersey, who was born at Ulm, Germany, and who listed his age as 61. He stated that he was a citizen of the United States (naturalized October 1, 1900, at Trenton, New Jersey, certificate No. 5013645), and that Hans Albert Einstein was his son whom he had known since his birth at Bern, Switzerland, in 1904.

He further stated that while Hans Albert Einstein resided at Princeton, New Jersey, from October, 1927, to January, 1928, and from June, 1928, until June, 1928, he saw him every day. (This is the way it is written in the file.) In answer to the question as to whether Hans Albert Einstein had been absent from the United States since he had known him, Professor Einstein answered that his son had been in Switzerland from January, 1928, until June, 1928.

The second deposition was made by Caroline McFlure Hibbs, 22 Chestnut Street, Princeton, New Jersey. She stated that she was a housekeeper for Einstein at Princeton, New Jersey, from October, 1927, until January, 1928, when he went to Switzerland and she again saw him in June, 1928, when he returned from Switzerland.

The INS records also contained a rather extensive file on Professor Albert Einstein of Princeton, New Jersey, but this file was not reviewed in connection with this case.

OK per INS

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[REDACTED]

X

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[REDACTED]

was identified as Albert Einstein, born March 14, 1879, Ger-
many, and who in 1946, was residing at Princeton, New Jersey.

WFO memo 3-2-50
to Director
Re: [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

IS - Y.

(63)

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The "Daily Worker" of 9-9-43 carried an article entitled "Theatre to Greet Michoels and Feffer".

This article stated in part that a special theatre meeting in honor of two representatives from the USSR, Professor Solomon Michoels, internationally known Soviet actor and director and Lieutenant Colonel Itzik Feffer, noted Soviet author and poet, would be held on September 17, 11:30 P. M. at the Royal Theatre.

The article stated further that the meeting was being held under the auspices of the National Reception Committee of the Soviet Delegation of which Professor Albert Einstein was honorary chairman.

100-225072-A
(6P)

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[redacted] exhibited a telegram [redacted] signed by six individuals, one being Albert Einstein. The message asked on behalf of the U. S. Treasury Department if he would contribute some personal memento to be auctioned at a War Bond Rally in connection with The Third War Bond Drive.

9-25-43 New York Report

Re: [redacted]

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[redacted]; Espionage-G"

[redacted] (72)

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[redacted] obtained a portion of a letterhead which stated "American Visit Arranged by Committee of Jewish Writers and Artists, Sholem Asch, President" which listed the membership of the "National Reception Committee of the Soviet Delegation". The name of Professor Albert Einstein appeared on this list as honorary chairman.

The date of the above-mentioned letterhead which was retained in the Los Angeles Field Division files was not given. Date information was received by informant was not given.

LA rpt. 9-23-43
Re: "Joint Anti-Fascist
Refugee Committee"
100-7061-520
(4)

Operator's note: The visit referred to above was apparently the visit of Professor Solomon Michael and Dr. Robert H. Feffer to Los Angeles, Calif. as official representatives of the Jewish Anti-Fascist Committee of the U.S.S.R. scheduled for a seven day visit to "create closer ties between the writers and artists of Russia and the U.S."

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The "Daily Worker" of September 29, 1943, carried an article entitled "Sponsors of U.S. - Soviet Friendship Rallies" which set out a list of sponsors of the tenth anniversary U.S. - Soviet Friendship Congress. This list included the name of Professor Albert Einstein.

100-146964-86
(55)

(Correlator's note: The above referred to article was filed with Bureau letter dated October 6, 1943, to SAC in New York, Re: "National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Internal Security-C.")

AMH:fjh

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- Deleted under exemption(s) b1 with no segregable material available for release to you.
- Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

For your information: _____

The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
61-7099-46p 306

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The "Daily Worker" of October 2, 1947, carried an article entitled "Final Hearing Set on Buckhannon Fight" with the subheading "Einstein Joins Defense to Halt Negro Extradition". This article stated in part that Professor Albert Einstein, the world renowned scientist, was the latest to add his name to those battling to save Sam Buckhannon, 34-year old Negro who had served fourteen years on the chain gang for stealing a package of cigarettes.

The article stated further that the National Organization for Constitutional Liberties was conducting the fight to save Buckhannon.

100-1179-A
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- Deleted under exemption(s) b1 with no segregable material available for release to you.
- Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
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- Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

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61-7099-46 p 308 + 309

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(c)
Information in the files of the New York Field Office and various articles appearing in the "Daily Worker" on June 17, 1943, through October 10, 1943, reflect that Professor Solomon Michaels and Lieutenant Itzik Lofier composed a Jewish delegation from the USSR, allegedly sent to this country for the purpose of improving and strengthening relations between the Jewish people in the United States and the USSR.

Subsequent articles in the "Daily Worker" reported that on July 8, 1943, a rally was held for the delegation on the Polo Grounds, New York City. At this rally, Professor Albert Einstein was the main speaker. Mr. B. Z. Goldring, Chairman of the Committee of Jewish Writers and Artists, was chairman of this meeting which was sponsored by the Jewish Committee of Writers and Artists and the Jewish Council of Russian War Relief.

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[REDACTED]

Re: 11-6-44
Re: Communist Infiltration
of the Radiation Laboratory,
University of California,
Berkeley, Calif. IS - C-1
100-100,200-107, 108, 109, 110
(66)

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On November 6, 1943 the United States
Consulship intercepted a letter from [redacted]
Mexico, D.F., dated October 1, 1943. [redacted]

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which a visa despite an effort to [redacted]

Memorandum for [redacted]
7-527 - 1-1433
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(page 13)

On November 23, 1943, Bureau Agents of the Newark Field Division attended the 10th Anniversary meeting of the League for American-Soviet Friendship held at the Continental Auditorium, 298 Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey. The admission to that meeting was \$.55 per person. The program set out a list of the sponsors, one of whom was Professor Albert Einstein.

(page 20)

The Trenton "Evening Times" of Trenton, New Jersey, on November 26, 1943, carried an article which reflected that the Trenton Council for American-Soviet Friendship had planned a great mass meeting for the afternoon of December 5, 1943, to celebrate the freeing of Kiev, the ancient capital of the Ukraine, and the 10th anniversary of American-Soviet diplomatic relations; the officers and sponsors of the Trenton Council for American-Soviet Friendship were listed which included Professor Albert Einstein.

(page 42)

Newark report January 31, 1944
RE: "National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc. aka; Internal Security-R"
100-146964-151
(56)

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6X In an office of censorship report there was set out a translation of a letter, dated 11-26-43, from [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] London, W. 9, to [REDACTED] New York City. The writer referred to his own Circular letters which he had sent to a number of people in the U.S.A. He mentioned having sent them to Einstein. The contents of the Circular letters were not given.

67C.D

[REDACTED]

Inclosure-None to the SAC New York, dated March 13, 1945
Re: "Society for Prevention of World War III, Inc., Internal Security-X"
100-292970-21
(81)

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12 The files of the New York Office revealed the
13 following information relative to Albert Einstein:
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15 Albert Einstein had charge of the Advanced Study School at
16 Princeton University.
17

18 It was to be noted that it had come to the attention of the
19 N. Y. Office that the Communist Political Association at 3 West
20 Front Street, Trenton, New Jersey, had received several letters
21 with the return address of the Advanced Study School, Princeton,
22 New Jersey.
23

24 The files of the Commonwealth College, Arkansas, reflected that
25 Albert Einstein was listed among the visitors and friends of the
26 college. It was noted that this school was investigated for
27 Communism by the state officials of Arkansas.
28

29 The files of the N. Y. Office also reflected that Albert Einstein
30 stated that he felt that the National Council of American-Soviet
31 Friendship was very good.
32

33 On November 23, 1943, the League for American-Soviet Friendship
34 held their tenth anniversary meeting at the Continental Auditorium,
35 526 Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey. The program for this occasion
36 reflected that Albert Einstein was one of the sponsors.
37

38 The Trenton council for the American-Soviet Friendship had a great
39 mass meeting on the afternoon of December 5, 1943, to celebrate the
40 freeing of the Kiev, the ancient capital of the Ukraine. Albert
41 Einstein was listed as a sponsor for this organization on this
42 occasion.
43

44 Albert Einstein was reported to have carried on correspondence
45 with one Dr. F. Schirokaner, who was a German prisoner interned at
46 Springtown, Oklahoma. One letter written to this German prisoner
47 by Einstein reads as follows:
48

49 "Your second letter addressed to me and Thomas Mann
50 is rather thorough in a certain sense; however, not
51 of such a nature that I have a clear picture of your
52 ability in any field. If the statements in your letter
53 are correct, then you should be well known in biological
54 faculty circles. Such a colleague should be best
55 qualified and justified to represent your case..."
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12 Previous correspondence revealed that the internee had written to
13 Professor Einstein, claiming to have had a new invention, a spray
14 process with Titan-karbid for ships which was also to be used for
15 aircraft and tanks. He appealed for Professor Einstein's help
16 regarding his return to Russia. Professor Einstein had answered that
17 he would contact a Professor who was an expert in the chemical field.
18 In addition, he had enclosed the copy of a letter from Ambassador
19 Litvinoff who informed him that he did not know the internee and that
20 no entrance permits to Russia were granted for the duration except
21 in case of special mission.

22
23 Previous correspondence also revealed that the internee claimed
24 various other inventions and had attempted to obtain his release
25 from internment.

26
27 On April 24, 1943, Einstein again corresponded with Dr. F. Schirckner.
28 Einstein stated, "The colleague whom sender had asked in reference to
29 internee's project had answered that he could not give any information
30 because of military secrecy. Writer suggests, therefore, a written
31 application to the National Council, Department of Commerce,
32 Washington, D. C. This is the official place for testing this kind
33 of suggestion."

34
35 There appeared in the "Daily Worker", dated October 31, 1941, a list
36 of sponsors for the American Committee for the Protection of Foreign
37 Born, 79 5th Avenue, New York City. Professor Albert Einstein,
38 Princeton University, was listed as one of the sponsors.

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45 sign a petition which was
46 believed to be relative to allowing Mrs. Browder to stay in the
47 United States. b7c
D'
48 would have to think it over and that he also might be able to speak
49 to Dr. Albert Einstein and a few others and have them send letters
50 relative to Mrs. Browder's deportation.

51 A confidential informant of this office has advised that the
52 functionaries of the Communist Political Association in Mercer County,
53 New Jersey, spoke of Einstein as a very progressive individual and
54 also in connection with the New Jersey Independent League for
55 Roosevelt.

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Helen Pukas was the Secretary of Albert Einstein, as well as his personal maid. Both of them resided at 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey. They came to this country together and both were naturalized on the same date.

b7C, D
[REDACTED]

N. Y. Letter 11/20/44 to
Lieutenant David L. Scerle,
Special Counter Intelligence Corps
Detachment Manhattan District,
United States Engineers' Office, 225
Broadway, N. Y., N. Y.
Re: "Cinrad, I.S.A."
100-190625-1267
(66)

AH:vw

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On December 14, 1943 the San Antonio Office furnished a translation made by [redacted] of the book "Unser Kampf Gegen Hitler" (Our Struggle Against Hitler) into the English language. The translation indicated the beginning and ending of a page and the specific page number. The following information appeared on page 107:

"On May 10, ten years ago, National Socialism showed its true face. On the upper plaza in Berlin--not far away from the monument of the humanistic brothers, Wilhelm and Alexander Von Humboldt--under the joyous cries of the Nazi mob, the books were burned which are the pride of the world. Among the victims were not only the works of Marx and Engels, but also those of Albert Einstein and Sigmund Freud, of Thomas Mann, and

The following information appeared on page 111 of this book:

"The esteem which the movement 'Free German' has won in the relatively short time of its existence, since it has received numerous salutations which were addressed to our Government by the largest and most influential organizations and unions. There is to be mentioned first the message of the Mexican State Party (PSM), in which it is stated:

"Your attitude and the attitude of your skilled country men in those countries where still the norms of right rule, not only rehabilitates free German people before the conscience of the world, but also liberates them from the responsibility for the crime against the civilization, which Hitler and his accomplices have committed by selecting this time for the murder of times and by murdering millions of innocent children. Your attitude is at the same time proof of the existence of many thousands of Germans who have made the cause of liberty their own and who after the defeat of the reactionary Axis powers must return to the fatherland of Goethe, Beine, Beethoven, Marx, and Einstein, to restore an order of law which will be based upon the principles of the Atlantic Charter."

San Antonio Letter dated 12-14-43
with enclosed translation
for [redacted]
concerning "Unser Kampf gegen Hitler."
100-72924-209
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b7D

[REDACTED]

transmitted the following letter to the Newark office

"December 14, 1943

[REDACTED]

New Jersey Chapter
Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee
40 Clinton Street
Newark, New Jersey. b7c

"My dear [REDACTED]

"I am gladly willing to become a sponsor of the New Jersey branch of your committee. However, I cannot pride myself to have played an active part of the systematic kind in the fight against Fascism. I cooperated only in the individual cases which came to my attention. But I feel keenly the danger threatening this country in the political and economic field.

"Sincerely yours,

"[REDACTED]

Newark rpt. 5-4-44
Re: "Joint Anti-Fascist
Refugee Committee; IS - C."
100-7061-509
(11)

AMH:ddl

Chapter 24 of the report of the "Un-American Activities Committee" was captioned "American Peace Crusade". Under the above caption appeared exhibit number 8 which appeared to be an advertisement taken from the "Daily Worker" of September 29, 1943, which set out the sponsors of the Tenth Anniversary U. S. Soviet Friendship Congress. The name of Professor Albert Einstein appeared on this list of sponsors.

(page 181)

Chapter 25 of this same report was captioned "American Rescue Ship Mission". Under the above caption it was stated that the American Rescue Ship Mission was one of the most influential American lists of Communist Party members in the United States. It was stated further that Germany, before Hitler, had many distinguished citizens who continually lent their influence and prestige to German Communism, among them Albert Einstein and two other individuals.

(page 192)

Chapter 85 of this report was captioned "Friends of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade". Exhibit number 4 under the above caption appeared to be an article taken from the "Daily Worker" of March 24, 1939.

This article stated in part that among the most active supporters of the campaign to rehabilitate and provide medical care and attention for 180 seriously wounded Americans returning from the Spanish War were Professor Albert Einstein and six other individuals.

(page 75b)

Chapter 93 of the above report was captioned "Hollywood Democratic Committee". Exhibit number 4 was the back page of a folder of a motion picture artists committee and carried a list of the national sponsors. The name of Albert Einstein appeared on this list.

(page 74)

Chapter 105 of this report was captioned "Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee". Exhibit number 1 under the above caption appeared to be an advertisement of the above

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committee concerning a dinner on "The Century of the Common Man" held at the Hotel Astor on October 27, 1943. A list of sponsors was set out in the above referred to advertisement. The name of Albert Einstein appeared in this list.

(page 941)

Exhibit number 4 under the above caption was entitled "Survey of the Work of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee from its Inception March 11, 1942 to Date, June, 1944, (including a Financial Report)". The above exhibit stated that among those who has sponsored the various functions of the committee included Professor Albert Einstein and others.

(page 947)

Chapter 126 of the above report was entitled "Miscellaneous Communists and Communist Front Organizations". Under the above title appeared exhibit number 11 taken from the "Daily Worker" of July 6, 1940, which was entitled "Doctors, Others Pledge to Push Aid for China". This article stated in part that pledging to rally the American people to provide more medical aid and financial support to the stricken people of China, the American Friends of the Chinese People on the previous day forwarded by clipper a parchment letter of greetings and support to Generalissimo and Madame Chiang Kai-shek.

This article stated further that the letter was signed by Albert Einstein and several other individuals. The letter declared:

We greet the successes of the Chinese nation as a token, at this moment of trial, of the great democratic nation China will become. A 'defenseless China' has practically brought the proud and arrogant Japan to a halt, and is now welding a unified nation through the resistance to the invader and a democratization of China under government leadership. We greet your new constitution and hope it will prove a milestone on the road of China's march to original democratic statehood.

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"We know *at* what cost China has taken up arms against the first aggressor nation. We know the millions who have suffered untold privation; of the millions who have died; and of the other millions of heroic sons of China, who have laid down their lives so that China might retain her freedom and become a great progressive democratic nation.

"...I am glad to join in signing the letter to Generalissimo and Madame Chiang Kai-shek presented to the American Friends of the Chinese People.../s/ Stanley M. Isaacs".

(page 1126)

Chapter 126 of this report was captioned "Miscellaneous Communists and Communist Front Organizations", and appearing under this title was exhibit number 77 which appeared to be an advertisement of a party to be given on October 16 at 9 p.m. at the Sherman Square Studios, 160 West 73rd, sponsored by the Musicians Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy. A list of sponsors was set out and the name of Albert Einstein appeared in this list.

(page 1113)

Chapter 130 was captioned "National Committee to Aid the Victims of German Fascism". Under the above title appeared exhibit number 1 which was entitled "National Committee to Aid Victims of German Fascism". According to the exhibit, the international officers of the above organization included Professor Albert Einstein, Honorary Chairman, and two other individuals.

(page 1170)

Chapter 139 of the above report was captioned "National Council of American Soviet Friendship". Under the above caption appeared exhibit number 1 taken from "Soviet Russia Today" of December, 1942, an article entitled "Sponsors of the Congress". According to this article, the sponsors included names of importance in many fields including Albert

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Einstein.

(page 122)

Chapter 143 was entitled "National Federation for Constitutional Liberties". Under the above captioned appeared exhibit number 6 entitled "A Message to the House of Representatives". This exhibit set out a list of the individuals who signed the January, 1943, "Message to the House of Representatives" opposing removal of the Dies Committee. The name of Albert Einstein, Princeton, New Jersey, appeared on this list.

(page 124)

Chapter 149 of the above report was captioned "National Reception Committee to the Russian Delegation". Under the above caption appeared exhibit number 1 taken from the "Jewish Advocate" of July 16, 1943, and was entitled "The Home Reception" in honor of Itzik Feffer, noted Jewish poet, and Professor Solomon Michaels, people's artist of the USSR, Chairman, Jewish Anti-Fascist Committee of the USSR to be held at Symphony Hall, Boston, July 18. This exhibit set out a list of the members of the National Committee. The name of Professor Albert Einstein appeared as Honorary Chairman.

(page 130)

Chapter 190 of the above report was entitled "Reichstag Fire Trial Anniversary Committee". Under the above caption was set out a list of individuals affiliated with the Reichstag Fire Trial Anniversary Committee, one of whom was Professor Albert Einstein. (New York "Times", December 22, 1943, page 40)

(page 153)

Chapter 204 of the above report was captioned "Spanish Defense Committees." Under the above caption appeared exhibit number 2 which appeared to be a letter written on the letterhead of the Medical Bureau on Committee

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15 to Aid Spanish Democracy, 912 Charlevoix Building, Detroit, Michigan,
16 dated February 2, 1939, addressed to "Dear Friend" and signed
17 Mitchell Webb, Secretary. Exhibit number 2 also set out a
18 list of sponsors which apparently were taken from the letter-
19 head of the above-mentioned letter. The name of Professor
20 Albert Einstein appeared in this list.

(page 1611)

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Exhibit 202 of the above-mentioned report was
captioned "Soviet Russia Today". Exhibit number 3 appeared
under the above caption which apparently was an advertisement
of a dinner celebrating the twentieth-fifth anniversary of the
Red Army which was to be held on February 23 at the Hotel
Commodore, New York, New York, sponsored by the magazine,
"Soviet Russia Today". A list of the sponsors was set out
including Professor Albert Einstein.

(page 1604)

Exhibit 245 was captioned "Supplemental Group of
Communist Agents". Under the above caption appeared exhibit
number 1 which was a letter of the American Pushkin Committee
for the commemoration of the Centenary of the death of the great
Russian poet, 56 West 45th Street, New York City. A list of
sponsors was set out on this letterhead one of whom was Albert
Einstein.

(page 1772)

Report of the Special
Committee on Un-American
Activities, House of Rep-
resentatives, 76th Congress,
1941.
61-1298-1298
(48)

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On 7/2/43 Joseph Tooru Kanazawa* testified before the Subcommittee of the Special Committee to investigate un-American activities.

During this testimony Mr. Kanazawa was asked by Robert E. Stripling, chief investigator, if he were familiar with the members of the Advisory Board of the "Japanese American Committee for Democracy". Mr. Kanazawa named the following individuals as members of the advisory board: Bishop McConnell, of New York City, Gayland Pinner of Grinda, Calif., Roger Baldwin of the American Civil Liberties Union, Albert Einstein, Frank Boas, an anthropologist at Columbia and Pearl Buck.

X

Report of the Special Committee on un-American Activities, House of Representatives, June and July, 1943.
61-7582-1241X Page 946
(7)

*At one time the recording secretary of the Japanese-American Committee for Democracy.

AMP:svw

X

The Reichstag Fire Trial Anniversary Committee of 55 West 42nd Street, Room 743, New York City, sponsored a large advertisement in the "New York Times", issue of December 22, 1943. This advertisement consisted of a declaration "The Fire that has been burning for 10 years." This statement advanced the point of view that George Dimitroff was the first to brand fascism as a menace to humanity. Included among the signers of the declaration was Professor Albert Einstein.

~~SECRET~~

Dimitroff was General Secretary of the Communist Internationale at the time it was dissolved.

The above information is evaluated in this report as having been received from a completely reliable source whose information was confirmed by other sources.

Report of District #1,
Second Service Command ASF,
War Department, 52 Broadway,
New York, New York, dated
December 23, 1943.
Re: "Reichstag Fire Trial
Anniversary, Carnegie Hall,
New York City, December 22,
1943."
100-270553-1
(68)
SI 100-270553-2
(68)
SI 100-3-4-3123
(69)

*Declassified per
Army letter 12-23-81
SP4 Efw 2-28-83*

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OK per army

325-326 []

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The "Daily Worker" of December 24, 1944, carried an article entitled "250 Noted Citizens Hail Dimitroff in '44". This article stated in part that Arturo Toscanini, Serge Koussevitzky and Albert Einstein were among 250 prominent Americans who had signed a public declaration, published in the "New York Times", which hailed the Tehran Conference decisions as the realization of the ideals for which Leonid Dimitroff, former leader of the Communist International, had confronted the Nazis with at the Leipzig Reichstag fire trial ten years previous to that time.

100-3-b-A
(51)

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[REDACTED]

relative to the general relief of the Russian War Relief Association. Informant advised that on December 27, 1943, members of the Bronx, New York Branch of the Russian War Relief organizations gathered to inaugurate a new Russian War Relief action for the Jews of the Soviet Union. The project of this new Russian War Relief action was formulated a few months previously during the visit to the United States of the Soviet-Jewish delegates, Roffes, Michaels and Colonel Walker, and the Jewish Council for Russian War Relief had requested the Soviet Government approve a memorandum setting out a program of work to help in the rebuilding of those sections in the Soviet Union which were being liberated by the Red Army and have a substantial Jewish population. This memorandum had been signed in the name of the Jewish Council for Russian War Relief by Professor Albert Einstein, Honorable Chairman, and other officials of the Jewish Council of the Russian War Relief. Walker further declared that the General Council of the Soviet Union had given its approval to the memorandum.

Enclosure
New York memo to Bureau, 1-1-44
Re: "Russian War Relief, Inc.;
Internal Security - R"
100-37886-338
(67)

WFO:mc

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In a report on the Free German Movement dated December 20, 1943, consisting of information supplied by the United States Office of Censorship. Professor Einstein was reported to be one of the Honorary Presidents of the Free German League of Culture in Great Britain, 36A Upper Park Road, London, N. W. 3. This was a cultural organization, which alleged on March 22, 1943, that it was the most influential organization of anti-Fascist Germans in exile in Great Britain. It was also reported that this League had been used by the German Communist Party in England as its "Camouflaged organization."

Office of Censorship Report
Enclosed with
Memo for D. M. Ladd from
G. C. Burton. dated January 21, 1944.
64-21067-85 p 5
(83)

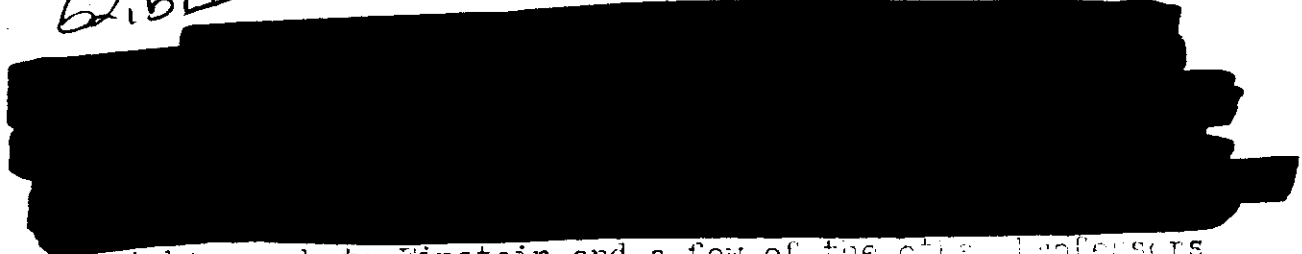
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he might speak to Einstein and a few of the other professors in order to get them to sign letters relative to the deportation of Mrs. Browder.

The above information appeared under the title Communist Infiltration into the Princeton University Teachers Union--Local 552.

Newark Report 6/24/48
Re: "Communist Infiltration
of the American Federation
of Teachers, A. F. of L.
Security Matter-CP
61-7546-204 page 52
(82)

AMH:jh

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The Washington Field office forwarded to the Bureau by memorandum dated May 19, 1948, a photostatic copy of the Department of Commerce file on [REDACTED]

b7c per Commerce

Page 101 of this file contained a statement by [REDACTED] on activities and societies and public groups. In this statement [REDACTED] stated that prior to the summer of 1944, when considerable Lend Lease aid was being given to our allies including Russia and at a time when appeals for charitable donations were being made to succour our allies, he was asked to be on the Science Committee of the "National Council of American-Soviet Friendship" of which he knew little about the committee or the organization. [REDACTED] stated that he was impressed by the distinguished roster of members which included such eminent people as Honorable Harold G. Ickes and eleven other individuals, and such distinguished educators and scientists as Albert Einstein and three other individuals.

Page 240 of this file was a letterhead of the "Association of Scientists for Atomic Education," 1749 I Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. According to this letterhead, the Trustees included Albert Einstein and seven other individuals.

[REDACTED]

(13) 62167C

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[REDACTED]

also stated that on many occasions [REDACTED] and her husband would [REDACTED] with Professor Einstein.

6/22/52. Memo to [REDACTED]
From the SAC, [REDACTED]
Re: [REDACTED] was;
Security Matter-C
[REDACTED]
(45)

b7C

OJC:bnr

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[redacted] advised that he had met Stephen S. Northcutt
Garutso about two years previous to that date, at which time [redacted]
spent about two weeks working at Garutso's home in San Fernando.

b7D

[redacted] stated that Garutso claimed to have developed a lens
which would take 3 dimensional photographs. Garutso advised [redacted]
that Jack Warner of Warner Brothers Studio had offered Garutso a
million dollars plus twenty-thousand dollars a year income for the
rights to the 3 dimensional lens. Garutso also displayed to [redacted]
a letter from Albert Einstein which commended *Garutso* for his work
on a certain camera. Garutso claimed that he was frequently employed
as a technical advisor by some studio in Hollywood.

Information contained in the files of the Los Angeles Field
Division showed [redacted]

b7C

[redacted]

b7C

Los Angeles report, October 21, 1946
Re: [redacted] a;
Internal Security - R
[redacted]

(6)

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According to a bulletin issued by the National Council for American-Soviet Friendship, Incorporated, in January of 1944, Albert Einstein was among the sponsors of that organization.

New York Report,
3-15-46.
Re: "National Council of
American-Soviet Friendship,
Incorporated; Internal
Security-C."
100-146964-744, page 6
(34)

CMB:mr g

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"The Peoples World" of January 5, 1940, in an article entitled "New Currents' Expose of Lord, Fifth Column" reported that the Committee of Jewish Writers and Artists had taken over publication of "New Currents", a Jewish monthly, beginning with the January issue. The Advisory Board of "New Currents", according to this article, was composed of among others, Albert Maitz and five other individuals.

The Committee of Jewish Writers and Artists, according to this article, was headed by Albert Maitz, a Sholem Asch.

b7c [REDACTED]

b7c

LA ref. 2-10-1

Re: [REDACTED]

IS - C. [REDACTED]

(51)

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On or about January 10, 1944 a highly confidential source (not further identified) made available to a Bureau Agent some letterheads of the Philadelphia Council of American-Soviet Friendship. These letterheads indicated that Dr. Daniel Longaker was the honorary Chairman of the Philadelphia Council of American-Soviet Friendship.

Some of the sponsors of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc., were listed on these letterheads, and included such nationally known persons as Honorable Joseph E. Davis, Charles Chaplin, Paul Robeson, Senator Claude B. Porter, Professor Albert Einstein, Thomas Mann and others.

Philadelphia report dated
January 15, 1945

Re: [REDACTED]

b7c

Security Matter - C
[REDACTED]

(01)

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In reference to Bureau letter dated January 26, 1944 entitled "Communist Party, U.S.A.", requesting that a revised grouping of the Communist Front Organizations in the New York area be submitted to the Bureau, the New York office furnished the Bureau with a list of Communist Front Organizations in the New York Field Division divided into groupings of Civil Rights; Negro; Russian; Cultural and Educational; Labor; Jewish; Foreign Language and Miscellaneous.

Under the Foreign Language group was listed the Japanese-American Committee for Democracy, which was located at 72 West 52nd Street, New York, New York. Albert Einstein was listed as a member of the Advisory Board of this Committee.

New York Letter, 2-16-44
Re: "Communist Party Front
Organization Chart; New York
Area, dated as of February 15, 1944."
100-3-4-3258
(69)

CMB:vw

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The "Daily Worker" of January 29, 1944, carried an article entitled "Jewish Parley Here Plans Unity Program" by David Blatt. This article stated in part that the writer-conference of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists which took place on the previous Saturday and Sunday at Carnegie Hall and Hotel Commodore was called by the "American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists, Inc." of which Sholem Asch was President and Albert Einstein, Honorary President.

100-184489-A
(66)
SI-100-74021-34
(53)

AMH:dcl

2/5/44

By letter dated April 17, 1944, the War Department, Washington, D.C. enclosed photostats of CI-RI reports covering results of investigations during the month of February, 1944, regarding 10 individuals. Included in these photostats was a report dated March 1, 1944, captioned "Joseph W. Weinberg, Radiation Laboratory, Berkeley, California."

*copy
delivered
letter
dated
2/23/81
SP-4
2/14/83*

~~SECRET~~

According to this report Joseph W. Weinberg was employed with the Theoretical Group at the Radiation Laboratory at the University of California, working on the D.S.M. project. On March 29, 1943, Weinberg gave Steve Nelson, Secretary, Communist Party of Alameda County, and an operative of the Comintern Apparatus, information concerning the basic conceptions behind the D.S.M. project, and an estimate of the time necessary to complete the work. *X u*

A chronological report of the activities of Joseph W. Weinberg for the month of February, 1944, compiled from various detailed reports on file in that office, was set out. Information was obtained as a result of technical surveillance of Weinberg from 4 p.m. until the time of his retirement each day, together with the reports of Confidential Informants MIS SF-8 and MIS SF-20, who observed Weinberg continuously while at his home, 2427 Blake Street. *X*

Under the date February 5, 1944, the following information appeared: "During the morning Joe had a discussion with Merle Weinberg, concerning scientific work throughout the world. He said, 'It is remarkable how much scientific work has been done by the Germans. If I could only read German, I could learn 90% of all the physics done in this country. The Danes, Swiss and Dutch, write in German. The Germans have done at least 50% of the work in physics. I'm sorry to say, the Russians have had very little to do with the tremendous advance made.' Weinberg then discussed some of the experiences of Albert Einstein in Germany." *X u*

100-190625-788, p. 29
(66)

AMH: onr *h*

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An index to the report on Free Germany, compiled by special examiners of the Postal and Telegraph Censorship Office was furnished the Bureau on February 15, 1944.

The following information appeared on Page 16 of the above-mentioned index:

<u>Name & Address</u>	<u>Political Data</u>	<u>Page</u>
Einstein, Prof. USA	Free German League of Culture in Great Britain Famous German Scientist	4

A special notice appeared above the heading of this index to the effect that the extremely confidential character of the information should be preserved and that the information must be confided only to officials whose knowledge of it may be necessary to prosecution of the war, and in no case should the information be widely distributed, or copies made, or the information used in legal proceedings or in any manner public way without the express consent of the Director of Censorship.

100-72-401
(82)

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On February 28, 1944 the "Daily Workers" carried an article under the caption "2,230 Groups Join Jewish RWR Aid" which stated that 1700 delegates from 2,230 organizations representing every facet of Jewish life, crowded Manhattan Center's Grand Ballroom the past Sunday to watch the 1944 Campaign of the Jewish Council for Russian War Relief.

According to the article, speakers high-lighting the conference were Senator James E. Murray of Montana, Newbold Morris of Manhattan's City Council, Honorable Eugene Kisselev of the Soviet Consulate and Doctor A. E. Chernyshova, noted Soviet woman physican and head of the Soviet Purchasing Committee in the United States.

The article stated that greetings were sent to the conference by Herbert H. Lehman, Albert Einstein, David Pataz, Chairman of the V League of Palestine and others.

100-37226-A
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of the council included public meetings and exhibits, the issuing of statements to counteract Anti-Soviet propaganda, and so forth. This included the issuing of an "open letter to Henry R. Luce" in October, 1944, signed by a group of notable Americans including: Louis Adamic, William Rose Benet, Walter B. Cannon, Albert Einstein and others, criticizing Mr. Luce and Life Magazine for the publication of ex-Ambassador Bullitt's article "The World From Rome".

New York Report,
6-25-45.
Re: "National Council of
American-Soviet Friendship,
Incorporated; Internal
Security-C."
100-146964-572
(34)

CMB:mg

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b7C, D

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] spoke of Albert Einstein, the renowned scientist, and claimed that he was a fake - called him the "king pin" of all the Jews in the Western Hemisphere.

[REDACTED]

Chicago rot. 6-28-44
Re: [REDACTED]
SM - G, Individual Exclusion Order Seditious.

(58)

AMH:dcl

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On page 7 of "The Network" of May, 1944 was an article entitled "Late But Welcome". This article stated in part that "Late But Welcome" was the salute of Hans Berger to the newly formed "Council for a Democratic Germany", in the "Daily Worker" of May 8, 1944.

This article stated further that "artists and poets were to be the show window for the combination. Thomas and Heirrich Mann, if possible Albert Einstein were to be the chief attractions. Thomas Mann withdrew after the intervention of American personalities; "The Hollywood Caucus" did not bring enough results."

Philadelphia Memorandum to
Director, 9-8-47 enclosing the
above-mentioned "The Network"
along with a number of other
items.
100-106997-41, page 7
(26)

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The Kansas City Office advised by memorandum dated June 23, 1944, that the FBI laboratory had already received a number of postcards which had been identified as having been written by the unknown subject in this case. Enclosed with this memorandum were eight additional post cards, one of which was postmarked Kansas City, Missouri, May 21, 1944, 7:30 a.m. to Professor Albert Einstein, Princeton, New Jersey, in care of Princeton University, signed Ed Hill, Veterans Hospital, McAdams, Kansas.

By letter dated July 4, 1944, the Bureau advised the Kansas City Office that it had been concluded that the handwriting on these postcards was written by the same person who wrote those which were previously submitted by the Kansas City Office in connection with this case.

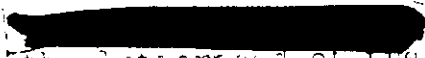
No source given
Re: "Unknown Subject with
alias Ed Becker, Extortion,"
9-11056-14
(19)

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furnished the Bureau with a copy of the letterhead of the Jewish Council for Russian War Relief Incorporated, and the officers which were listed on it were set out in this reference. Those officers included Professor Albert Einstein as honorary chairman.

New York report
June 22, 1944
Re: "Jewish Council for
Russian War Relief;
Incorporated; Internal
Security - C."
100-184445-3
(55)

AMH:mlb

61



Under the heading of "Source of Committee's Funds" the following is quoted from this article which appeared in the pamphlet: "The affairs arranged by the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee in New York have established the Committee as an important organization in the eyes of the community as a whole. Among those who have sponsored the various functions of the committee are: Mrs. Dorothy Bellanca, Miss Ilka Chase, Mrs. Walter Damrosch, Mrs. Sidney Hillman, Mrs. Raymond V. Ingersoll, Miss Rose Schneiderman, M. Pierre Cot, General Julius Deutsch, Professor Albert Einstein and others".

Portland Report,
7-31-45.

Re: "Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee
Committee, aka; Internal
Security-C."
100-7061-1063, page 19
(26)

SR-100-7061-1063
(54) [redacted]

b1, b2, b7 D

AMH:mrg

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deleted under exemption(s) b1 with no segregable material available for release to you.

Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

For your information: _____

The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
61-7099-46 p 351-352-353

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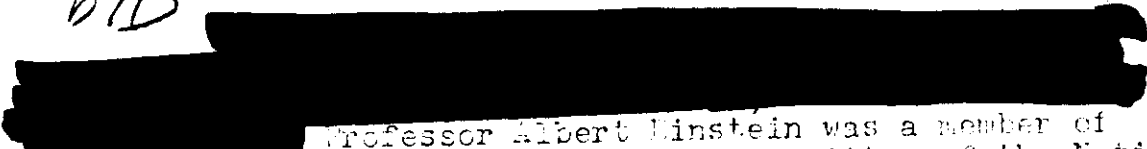
A Bureau Agent attended a Salute to Victory Meeting at the Grand Avenue Congregational Church on June 13, 1944, at which time a leaflet was distributed to all those in attendance. This leaflet was published by the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Incorporated and set forth the purposes and program of the National Council and the services which it advertised. This leaflet set forth a purportedly complete list of the sponsors of the National Council which included the name of Professor Albert Einstein.

A copy of this leaflet was retained in the file of the Milwaukee Field Division.

Milwaukee report,
7/7/44
Re: "National Council
of American-Soviet
Friendship, Incorporated
IS-2"
100-116964-258
(56)

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Professor Albert Einstein was a member of the General Committee of the Science Committee of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship.

The American -Soviet Science Society was the outgrowth of the Science Committee of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc., which was started in November 1943. The Science Committee concerned itself with the exchange of scientific information between Russia and the United States. (Source not given).

PY report dated 11-14-46
Re: "American Soviet Science Society; Internal Security - R"
100-344903-13, p.16
(39)

SI-100-146904-416
(56) (No Source)
SI-100-190015-1
(34) (No Source)
SI-100-103511-178 p. 86
(54) (No Source)

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[redacted] advised a Bureau Agent that a committee had been appointed by the White-Collar Conference of the CIO Industrial Union Council to represent the members of Local 197 of the State, County and Municipal Workers of America in planning for a conference of white-collar workers.

b2, b7D

[redacted] stated that a meeting of the committee was held on June 20, at 24 East LaFayette Street, Baltimore, Maryland at which time plans were made to have a conference of white-collar workers sometime in July. The informant stated that a request was to be made of Senator Pepper and Albert Einstein to speak at the conference.

b2, b7C, D

[redacted] advised that this committee met again on June 27, 1944 at Dickford's Restaurant. The informant stated that [redacted] who was present at the meeting, had a letter addressed to [redacted] from Albert Einstein. According to the informant the letter from Albert Einstein indicated that Mr. Einstein was a supporter of the movement which they were sponsoring but stated that he was not in a position to speak on the subject and declined the invitation to address the club. Senator Pepper likewise declined the invitation to address the conference but indicated that he might be able to address the club at a later date.

b2, b7D

[redacted]
Baltimore report dated 8-26-44.
RE: "Communist Infiltration of
State County and Municipal Workers of
America-CIO;
Internal Security-C"
100-38784-222
(72)

CMB:mg

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b7D

SI-100-2-107
(68) [redacted]
SI-100-3-112
(19) [redacted]

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A letter dated July 4, 1940, from the office of the Consul,
Washington, D. C., furnished the following information dated June 1, 1940,
on Russian mail received "recently" by the U. S. mail boat "Albatross".
This report reflected that 131 tons of publications from Moscow,
USSR, destined to United States colleges, universities, libraries,
hospitals, churches, newspapers, Russian Relief Committees, Federal
agencies and the "Four Continent Club Club" were received. These
publications included a May 6 issue of "Vostok" magazine addressed
to Professor Albert Einstein, 56 West 5th Street, New York City.

(The above information is
enclosed herewith) dated June 1, 1940.
65-1000-33
(7)

CHM:VW

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An article appeared in the "Labor Herald" on July 14, 1944, quoting a letter directed by David E. Adelson to Professor Albert Einstein, noted scientist. It is noted as follows: "One of the biggest obstacles (to organizing) has been... the American Chemical Society...which for years conducted unprincipled untrue attacks against our union at the Shell Development Company, Emeryville." The "Labor Herald" quoted Einstein as agreeing fully with Adelson and also emphasized Adelson's comments.

b2, b7D [REDACTED]

b7C

b7C

SF rpt. 2-2-45

Re: [REDACTED]

IS - C."

[REDACTED]

(58)

AMH:CS1

In July, 1944, the letterhead of the "Aufbau" an American-Jewish weekly paper printed in German and English, published by the New World Club, Inc., 67 West 14th Street, New York, New York, listed Albert Einstein as a member of the Advisory Board of this newspaper.

~~_____~~

states that he reads the "Aufbau" and was familiar with its policies. He stated that this was the leading refugee paper in the United States and elsewhere. He stated that the New World Club represented a refugee element wanting to become United States citizens and who were no longer interested in Germany. Informant further indicated that in 1941, members of the club represented a class of persons who had money and property in Germany, as a result of the war, and accordingly had been exposed to Communism. He indicated that the "Aufbau's" policies did not appear to be pro-Nazi. He stated that occasionally the paper carried articles which were liberal.

X

7/25/44 New York report
Re: "New World Club, Inc.,
Internal Security-C"
100-36156-15
(67)

100-36156

The January 7, 1943 issue of the "Daily Worker" reported that Sholem Asch, the author of the novel "Three Cities", joined Albert Einstein in issuing a call to celebrate the first anniversary of the Jewish Council for the Russian War Relief to be held February 23, 1943, at the Hotel Commodore, New York City.

According to the "Daily Worker" for June 23, 1943, Sholem Asch, President of the Committee of Jewish Writers and Artists, aided in the formation of a national reception committee headed by Albert Einstein to welcome a delegation of Jewish Cultural Workers from the Soviet Union. The delegation from Russia reportedly included the founder of the Jewish Jewish Art Theater who was the holder of the Order of Lenin and who was also chairman of the Jewish Anti-Fascist Committee of the Soviet Union. A second member was recruited who was also a major in the Red Army.

In August of 1944, Albert Einstein was listed as honorary President of the American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists and Scientists, Inc. (Source not given)

670.C [REDACTED]

12/17/47 [REDACTED]
Re: [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
(31)
[REDACTED]
(39)
[REDACTED]
(27)

b7c

Information in this file cannot be disseminated outside the Bureau without the specific approval of the DADD

370:bnr

3.6.4- 365

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13 The New York State Committee of the Communist Political
14 Association held a meeting in banquet hall, rooms F and G at the
15 Hotel New Yorker on August 28, 1944. Approximately 75 persons
16 attended. The meeting featured the report of the president of the
17 State organization, Gilbert Green. Following this, certain members
18 of the committee discussed Green's report.

19 The following is quoted from Abraham Chapman's comment
20 regarding observations made in reference to the Jewish vote:

21 "Because of this general situation today Jews are very
22 sensitive. They don't want any Jewish committee; they don't want
23 to come forth as Jews supporting Roosevelt; even Jewish newspapers
24 throughout the country say twice a week 'Jews vote as American
25 citizens, not as a special racial or religious bloc'.

26
27 "And, as a practical experience, in Philadelphia some
28 progressives, not knowing of our general thinking that the Jewish
29 Committee is not a form of mobilization, ~~had~~ tried to organize one.
30 Experience answered the question; they couldn't get a single Jew
31 who supports Roosevelt to get on to the Committee--a Jewish Committee
32 for Roosevelt. That is why all these non-partisan committees and
33 ...are developing, and the independent voters' committee, and the
34 PAC, and the Writers and Artists. The Writers and Artists Committee,
35 which has Albert Einstein and other prominent Jews on it, should
36 win over the leaders of the Jewish community as an organic part of
37 the general non-partisan committee.

38
39 Source: Not given
40 New York Report 9-11-44
41 Re: "Communist Political Association,
42 District #2, New York Field Division;
43 Internal Security-C"
44 100-3-4-3905
45 (69)

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366-367

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61, 62, 67D b7C

[REDACTED]

at the New York State Committee Meeting of the Communist Political Association held at the Hotel New Yorker on August 27, 1944. The informant stated that [REDACTED] spoke about the Non-Partisan Committee of Artists and Scientists. He stated that that committee was headed by very prominent individuals such as Bette Davis, Albert Einstein, and others. According to the informant [REDACTED] stated that the Committee was going to carry on its campaign in collaboration with other organizations on a non-partisan basis.

b7C

New York Report 3-1-44

Re: [REDACTED]

48-6"

[REDACTED]

(50)

SI-1-3-4-4433

(69)

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Bureau agent under appointment to that post had from the Institute of Democracy (in New York City) a catalogue which set out a list of the members of the Institute. Under the heading "International Advisory Council" appeared a list of its members. The name of Professor Albert Einstein appeared on this list.

(page 1)

The following biographical information concerning Albert Einstein was obtained from "Who's Who in America", the issue of the "New York Times" and the files of the New York Field Division:

Albert Einstein -- born March 14, 1879, in Ulm, Germany and educated in Germany in Switzerland. At one time he was Professor of Physics at the National Polytechnic School, Zurich and Berlin. He came to the United States in 1933 and was naturalized in 1940. He is the discoverer of the theory of Relativity and was awarded the Nobel Prize in 1921. He has been the recipient of numerous honors bestowed by various Universities throughout the world and is the author of 'Brookings', magazine articles and books on Theoretical Physics and Zionism. In 1933 he was appointed for life a member of the Institute for Advanced Study at Princeton, New Jersey in which town he resides. Since coming to America, Einstein has been affiliated with many anti-fascist and refugee organizations some of which have been Communist front organizations."

(page 2)

New York Rpt. 9/19/44
Re: "Institute of Democracy"
100-292730-5
(59)

AHH:bnr

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A review of the booklet published by the Ragnorland-Prey Laboratories on the "Recovery of Manganese, Tungsten, Gold and Platinum", revealed that it stated that Philip A. Ragnorland was at one time associated with the internationally recognized Dr. Julius Kahn of the University of Heidelberg, a cousin of Dr. Albert Einstein, where he was Chief of the Department of Chemistry.

b1 [REDACTED]

San Francisco Report 4-1-44
Re: Ragnorland-Prey Laboratories:
H-C
100-324913-3
(59)

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62,67D

[REDACTED]

62D

There was an individual connected with the subject in Princeton who was either employed by the Radio Corporation of America or Princeton University, and who had been in the Communist movement for several years. This person was also active in the League for Independent Voters for Roosevelt, of which Albert Einstein, internationally known physicist, was also a member, according to [REDACTED]

Re: "Communist Political Association, District #2, Lewis Field Division: Internal Security-C" 1/15/50 (57)

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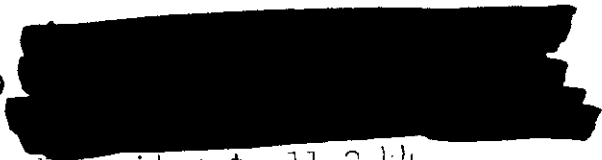
b2, b7D



[redacted] furnished a pamphlet which had been handed to him on "the street" and which was captioned "A Memorial To Christianity". This pamphlet was anti-Semitic in tone and informant pointed out that the last page of the pamphlet contained a quotation by Professor Albert Einstein which was identical in wording and apparently with a quotation appearing on the last page of a pamphlet "Political Christianity" which was known to have been written by Claude Smith as the Christocrats. Claude Smith was the leader of the organization "The Christocrats." (Article in September or October, 1944.)

A photostatic copy of the pamphlet "A Memorial to Christianity" was enclosed with this reference. (No date on pamphlet)

b2
b7D



Detroit rpt. 11-2-44
Re: "The Christocrats";
Internal Security - Catholic
11-2-44
(7)

AMH:661

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62,67D

[redacted] advised that the honorary chairman of the Jewish Council of Russian War Relief, 5 Cedar Street, New York City, was Professor Albert Einstein.

Informant advised that the Jewish Council of Russian War Relief was cooperating in working with the Union of Russian Jews, Inc., in the collection of eye glasses and safety glasses for workers to be shipped to Russia.

Among the list of officers of this organization were noted many prominent public figures, artists and actors, reported as fellow travelers and alleged Communists.

62,67D

[redacted]

11-14-44, New York report
Re: "Russian War Relief, Inc.,
Internal Security - C"
100-37026-402, pp. 7
(30)

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On October 27, 1952, Lieutenant Martin Webb of the Intelligence and Security Division of the Manhattan District Office, 225 Broadway, New York City, furnished information to the Bureau. Lieutenant Webb explained that Dr. Paul Dirac was the man who first formulated the idea of the theory that was responsible for the entire D.M. experiment. Lieutenant Webb stated that Dirac upon conceiving the idea of what the DSM projects were based, contacted Professor Albert Einstein who was also impressed with the possibilities of Dirac's theories and accompanied the latter to Washington, D.C., where they conferred with President Roosevelt at a conference which led to the beginning of experimental work in 1951.

Lieutenant Webb further advised that Dirac was believed to be acquainted with Louis Fitzgerald, the subject of active investigation by the Military Intelligence Office and who had previously entered into the investigation of the captioned case.

New York letter 100-24-10
to Director
Re: "Sinrad, IS-R"
100-10625-1296
(66)

AKH:brn

*OK per Energy
per letter
11/8/52*

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This reference is a memorandum from the Office of Strategic Services, Foreign Nationalities Branch, dated October 10, 1944, for the Director of Strategic Services, Secretary of State, captioned the Institute of Democracy.

This memorandum states that the Institute of Democracy, described as part of the New York Branch of Woodhull University in China, announced a program of public instructions on international political subjects to be carried out principally in New York City during the coming fall and winter; further that Louis Rivet, Secretary General of the International Free World Association, appeared a research director of the Institute of Democracy.

The memorandum stated further that Pierre Lot appeared as Director of the Institute of Democracy; further that an International Advisory Council includes about eight to ten five other individuals.

100-202730-6
(59)

ATTENTION

~~SECRET~~

OK per State

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12 By letter dated September 23, 1944, the Philadelphia office forwarded
13 to the Bureau copies of a memorandum prepared by [redacted] b7c
14 special employee assigned to the Philadelphia Field Division. This memorandum
15 dealt with the Free German Movement in Great Britain during the period,
16 September, 1943 to November, 1944.

17
18 The memorandum mentioned above sets out data on 217 persons affiliated
19 with the Free German Movement in Great Britain. The sources of the data were
20 the publications of the movement and the list of persons expatriated by the
21 Nazis which was in the hands of [redacted] b7c

22 [redacted] The information
23 on the 217 persons was set out under the heading, Directory of Persons.
24 Included in the above mentioned data was the following:

25
26 "Albert Einstein, President, FDK, London; famous physicist, Nobel
27 prize winner, now Institute for Advanced Studies, Princeton, New Jersey (AK);
28 birth date: March 14, 1879 ULM, Germany; ex atriated by Nazi Regime: March,
29 1934."

30
31 (page 7)

32
33 This memorandum set out information about a program and the activities
34 of the Freie Deutsche Hochschule during past and present academy years. This
35 was taken literally from two programs of the organization which were set out
36 in this reference. One of the above mentioned programs was dated Winter, 1943-
37 1944 and showed Honorary President to be Professor Albert Einstein.

38
39 (page 52)

40
41 The above mentioned program stated that the Freie Deutsche Hochschule
42 (Free German Institute of Science in Learning) was founded in July, 1943 with
43 the intention of providing a forum for the interchange of thought and opinion
44 between Allied and Anti-Nazi German scientists; that it was rightly hoped
45 that that would be particularly favorable for the German speaking public.

46
47 The program stated further that the lectures and classes which were
48 held could no doubt bear comparison with the finest achievements of German
49 scholarship in pre-Nazi days; that among the many exiled scholars who were
50 lecturers or patrons of the institute included Professor Albert Einstein, the
51 world famous scientist, and many professors and lecturers of once renowned
52 German universities, poets, writers, musicians and artists of distinction.

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54 (page 53)

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12 On page 4 of the above mentioned program under the heading "Become
13 a Member of the Free German League of Culture" a list of presidents was set
14 out which included Albert Einstein and ten other individuals.

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16
17 (page 54)

18 Another program of the above mentioned organization was dated
19 1944-1945 and on page 1 of that program the president was listed as Professor
20 Dr. Albert Einstein. The above mentioned program showed the address of the
21 organization as 27 College Crescent, London N. W. and the first program
22 showed the address 16 Buckland Crescent, London N. W.

23
24 (page 55)

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26 On page 60 of this memorandum under the heading "Letterhead of the
27 Free German Institute" it was stated that the names of the persons affiliated
28 with the Free German Institute of Science in Learning could be seen on the
29 letterhead of the institute which was set out in this reference. This letter-
30 head was dated April 1, 1944 and showed Professor Albert Einstein as Honorary
31 President.

32
33 (page 60)

34
35 On page 121 and 122 of this memorandum appeared a translation from
36 "Freie Tribüne" of September, 1943. Under the heading "Program of the Movement"
37 it was stated that Professor Albert Einstein had accepted the Honorary
38 Presidency of the Free German Institute in London.

39
40 On page 167 and 168 appeared a translation from "Freie Tribüne" of
41 March, 1944. Under the heading "Christian Church in Free Germany" it was
42 stated that a member who was in close personal touch with the institute
43 representatives of the Confessional Church in Great Britain contributed the
44 following:

45
46 "The Christian Church - - and it alone - - was in a position to
47 come forward publicly in Hitler Germany, aloof from the Nazi activities,
48 against the spiritual contamination of the German people. It has proven
49 what a living force the word of God is when it is spread pure and unfalsified
50 - - and lived.

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52 "No one who has the proper view of things doubts that an indis-
53 pensable role the churches of all denominations have to play in the building
54 of a new Germany.

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12 "It is a historical fact of amazing significance that the Christian
13 faith was publicly confessed (thus the name Confessional Church) with
14 courage and fearlessness in the face of a power which, unequalled in the history
15 of the world, snatched for itself the entire physical and fiscal life of a
16 great people, ruthlessly suppressed, hunted down or destroyed all opposition.
17 In the field of complete moral ruin, to which the Nazis have reduced Germany,
18 there was and there is no longer any economic, political or trade union
19 freedom, no spiritual freedom in the schools and academies, in science, in
20 art, in literature and the press. Goethe and Schiller, Kant, Hegel are forgotten,
21 and the guardians of German culture have had to capitulate before this state
22 which has made everything subject to itself in a truly Satanic manner. With
23 one single exception: Faith in the living God, and the faith alone could not
24 be suppressed, and is still publicly confessed today.

25
26 "Professor Einstein comes to the same conclusion in the following
27 words (in the book by Dr. H. P. Van Dusen 'What is the Church Doing?',
28 Students Christian Movement):

29
30 "Only the church publicly opposed Hitler's campaign to suppress
31 the truth. I never had a special interest in the church before, but now
32 I feel a great inclination and sympathy for it, because it only has had the
33 courage and the patience to stand up for spiritual truth and moral freedom.
34 So I have been forced to admit that I now praise ~~with~~ I reserve the thing that
35 I once held in contempt.' Furthermore, I call attention to a declaration
36 by Wilhelm Koenen, a witness who in this respect is uninfluenced and above
37 suspicion. In his excellent programmatic contribution to Mr. Fraenkel's
38 brochure, 'German is Road to Democracy', he says on page 27, with reference
39 to the question of re-education of German youth, that the first and most
40 important step in this direction must be to lead the Nazi youth back to
41 the Ten Commandments of the Bible, 'which have been the spiritual basis of
42 Jewish Christianity in every civilisation'. Koenen cites the statement
43 of a friend of his, that the most important thing that this youth must
44 learn is love. How heartily I agree with him. . . ."

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46 100-72924-498
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The Office of Censorship made available to the Bureau in November, 1944 an index of names of individuals and organizations appearing in cable, postal and telegraphic messages sent or received by [redacted] [redacted] Latin-American Workers (LAW) or in which the name of [redacted] [redacted] likewise appeared. b7C

The serial numbers of messages operative under the index were the serial numbers in the censorship file on [redacted] [redacted]

The name of Einstein appeared in this index under number 70-A opposite the name.

Memorandum to Mr. [redacted] J. C. [redacted]
b7C
[redacted]
(31)

Correlator's note: It could not be determined by this Service if the Einstein mentioned above was [redacted] Einstein.

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62,67D

[Redacted line]

This reference [Redacted] at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in which he enclosed a leaflet entitled "Allies for Victory, Prosperity, Peace, USA-USSR", November, 1944, put out by the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Incorporated, 232 Madison Avenue, New York, New York. The back of this leaflet contained a list of sponsors of November celebrations. Included in this list was the name of Professor Albert Einstein.

105-2881-11
(54)

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This reference is a letter dated November 20, 1941, to the Director from Manfred George, Editor of "Aufbau," 67 West 44th Street, New York, New York.

In this letter Manfred George advises the Director that "Aufbau," an American-Jewish weekly in German and English, published in New York, would celebrate its tenth anniversary at the end of the year.

Mr. Pearl advised further that the Advisors and contributors' roster of the "Aufbau" included, among others, Albert Einstein and four other individuals.

61-9402-115
(50)

AMH:ccl



Office set out a list of foreign language and publications and publications. Appearing in this list was the American Committee for Democracy, 72 West 52nd Street, New York City. The members of the Advisory Board of the said organization were also set out which included Albert [redacted] and nine other individuals.

Re: "Communist Political Association, USA - Chapter - Foreign Language Press Organizations and Publications" (59, 60)

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b7C D

[REDACTED]

b7C D

[REDACTED]

later secured as sponsors for
Thomas Mann, Albert Einstein, and Alvin Johnson of the New School
of Social Research of New York.

Los Angeles report, 2-10-44

b7C

Re: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

(48)

SI [REDACTED] b7C D

(5)

11/3/55

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[REDACTED]

b2,
b7C,
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[REDACTED] at that time in [REDACTED]
Einstein had no [REDACTED] knowledge of [REDACTED] scientific
experiments in process taking place at Princeton [REDACTED]

b7C,
D

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7C,
D

Informant stated that he was aware that Professor
Einstein had received numerous messages in code sent to him
from scientists and educators who were in the occupied countries.

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He stated that this was a rather well-known fact and that a number of other referee scientists in the United States had received similar messages.

[REDACTED]

b7D
c

b2
b7D

[REDACTED]

Re: [REDACTED]

IS [REDACTED]

b7C

b7C

ATM:801

[REDACTED]

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b7D

The Sioux Falls Office forwarded to the Bureau by memorandum dated July 25, 1945, a letter received from [redacted] at Mitchell, South Dakota together with printed literature relating to "Spanish Refugee Appeal" of the "Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee", 192 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York. This material received through the mails by [redacted]

Included in this material was a letter dated Summer 1945 on the letterhead of the "Spanish Refugee Appeal" of the "Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee", 192 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York to "Dear Friend of the Spanish Republican Exiles" and signed by Dorothy Parker. This letterhead carried the national sponsors of the above mentioned organization, one of whom was Albert Einstein.

Re: "Spanish Refugee Appeal
of the Joint Anti-Fascist
Refugee Committee."
100-7061-1058
(31)

AMH:mg

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b7C, D

[REDACTED]

concerning the concealed Communist activities.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] was first mentioned

officially as a member to [REDACTED] by [REDACTED] in connection with the National Committee of the Social Sciences and Professions. He stated that he was then that [REDACTED] was one of [REDACTED] connections with Albert Einstein.

b7C, D

[REDACTED]

b7C, D

[REDACTED] Communist or [REDACTED] most generally in connection with Einstein and Communist front activities.

New York letter,
7-3-49.

b7C

AMH:WPS

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67D,C



Included in this material was certain material designated as Exhibit F which consisted of four photographs of front page of published scientific reports on the atomic bomb. One report was entitled "A Scientist Visits Moscow", an A. S. O. memorandum, "Association of Scientific Workers in London, 19-5. Included in these reports was a report of "The Story of the Atomic Bomb" by S. S. Chaudhary and H. D. Chaudhary. This report stated in part that in the history of the atomic bomb, one had to narrate almost the whole history of the progress of physics within the last fifty years.

The article stated further that, "We may make a convenient start with a mathematical theorem of revolutionary nature given by Einstein in 1905. The theorem states the equivalence of mass with energy. It followed from the theory of Relativity and was regarded with scepticism for a long time, till the cumulative experience of laboratory work compelled its acceptance." This article was accompanied by a photograph of Albert Einstein.

67C
Re: [redacted]
was: [redacted]
[redacted]
(27)

AH:bnr

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b7c

The files further reflected that [redacted] was born [redacted] at Trenton, New Jersey, in July of 1921, and that one of the witnesses on [redacted] petition was Professor Albert Einstein.

b7c

Newark rpt. 1-11-47

Re: [redacted]

IS - [redacted]

(69)

AMH:661

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In January, 1945, at the morgue in the office of the "New York Times", West 44th Street, New York City, there was a reference to a group of the twenty-five greatest minds in the world which was announced by Albert Einstein for Dr. Jacob Landau. Einstein at that time was endeavoring to bring together twenty-five of the greatest minds in the world.

NY file 1-4-45

Re:

JS - 111

[REDACTED]

67c

(C)

AMH:661

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12 This reference is a letter dated January 12, 1945 on the letterhead
13 on the "India League of America" 40 East 49th Street, New York, New York.

14
15 This letter is addressed to "Dear Friend" and signed by Pearl S.
16 Buck, Honorary President and Chairman of the Function Committee.

17
18 This letter was an invitation to a dinner to be given on January
19 20, 1945 in the Grand Ballroom of the Commodore Hotel in honor of Mrs. Vijaya
20 Lakshmi Pandit, Nationalist leader.

21
22 According to the letterhead of this letter Professor Albert Einstein
23 was a member of the National Advisory Board of the above organization.

24
25 No source given
26 100-86351-41
27 (53)
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33 All:njf
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62,67C,D

[redacted] made available a letter received [redacted] dated January 19, 1941, from the American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists, and Scientists, Incorporated, 119 West 57th Street, New York City, signed by Albert Einstein, Honorary President. It extended an invitation to participate in the inauguration of the Jewish Black Book Project at a dinner, February 11, 1941, in the Grand Ballroom of the Hotel Commodore. It further explained that the Jewish Black Book, now in preparation, represented the indictment against the German Government for the crimes against Jewish People, formulated and executed under the leadership of American, Soviet, Palestinian and European Jewry.

[redacted]

b7C

[redacted]

b2, b7D, E

7/14/5, To [redacted]
Re: [redacted]
Security Department
[redacted]

b7C

WFO:onz

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The January 30, 1945, issue of the "Baltimore Sun," published a list of the sponsors of an exhibition of photo-murals entitled "Hitler's New Order," to be held at 10 East Lexington Street, Baltimore, Maryland on February 4 through February 10, 1945. Albert Einstein was listed as a sponsor.

The article further stated that the exhibition was sponsored by the Russian War Relief, Inc.

Baltimore rpt. 4/19/45
Re: "Russian War Relief, Inc.
IS-C"
100-37226-441
(67)

CJO:fjh

67C, E

Bureau Agents contacted [redacted] in February, 1945 at the headquarters of the Japanese-American Committee for Democracy [redacted]. From the conversation with [redacted] it was determined that at a special meeting held January 19, 1945 temporary officials of the organization were elected to hold office until the regular meeting in May of 1945.

Members of the Advisory Board appearing on the letterhead of the organization included Professor Albert Einstein, Princeton University and 13 other individuals.

New York report February 17, 1945
RE: "Japanese-American Committee for Democracy; Internal Security-J and C"
100-71226-46 page 18
(59)

AM:njf

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[REDACTED]

b7c,
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[REDACTED]

b7c,
D

[REDACTED]

b7c

[REDACTED]

b7c

The Newark files reflected that [REDACTED] was the head of the School of Advanced Study at Princeton, New Jersey, and was reported to have complete information relative to the DSM project, which project was one of the most confidential of the United States Government.

b7c

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7c
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b7C, D

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] give as a reference Albert Einstein, 120
Mercer Street, instructor at Princeton, New Jersey.

b7C

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

12/7/44
Indianapolis report
Re: [REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

CJC: [REDACTED]

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Two additional postcards received by various people of Jewish extraction were received by the Kansas City office, which postcards on the face appeared to have been forwarded and forwarded by the same unknown subject. These postcards, which were described in this reference, were forwarded to the FBI laboratory.

These postcards included one postmarked from as City 8, Missouri, 5-29-44, 7:30 a.m., addressed Professor Albert Einstein, Princeton, New Jersey, in care of Princeton University. This postcard read as follows: "Why are the lousy Jews keep your traps shut? If Roosevelt is not dead we'll put all the Jews in concentration camp. You might have stayed over in Europe. We'll get you. Ed Hill, Veterans Hospital, Wadsworth, Kansas." (Original source not identified)

Kansas City, Mo. 5/3/44
Re: "Unknown Subject, was;
Extortion,"
9-11036-16
(19)

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The SS Quanza, a Portuguese vessel, arrived in Philadelphia on March 2, 1945, carrying 6 passengers, among them being [REDACTED]

b7c
b7c

This passenger was interviewed on March 3, 1945 by a Bureau Agent at which time she stated among the other things that she had no friends or relatives in the United States, but that she planned to go directly to the home of Professor Albert Einstein, 77 Riverside Street, Trenton, New Jersey. She claimed that Professor Einstein was a friend of her father-in-law, [REDACTED]

Philadelphia (pt. dated
4/12/45
Re: Passenger aboard SS
Quanza, Portuguese Vessel,
arrived in Philadelphia on March
2, 1945; Foreign Travel Control
100-22796-10
(59)

CMB:ann

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b1, b2, b7C, D

[redacted] that Senator Joseph F. Cuffey sent a message to the Madison Square Garden meeting (January 2, 1945)

[redacted]
Senator Cuffey was to serve as chairman of the organization which was to be formed (the Friends of the Spanish Republic), and among those who had signified their intention of serving as sponsors included Professor Albert Einstein. (Source not clearly indicated)

[redacted] b1
[redacted] (b)

NY rpt. 1-20-45
Re: "Friends of the Spanish Republic, IS - C."
100-336845-6
(67)

AMH:dd2

~~SECRET~~

The reference indicated in the block below is an undated letter addressed to the "Committee of the Arts, and Sciences, Office - Hotel, New York City" under the heading of Hollywood and New York City.

The body of the letter is as follows:

"We are not going to say that everyone on this list is a Communist (3) but we do say that the entire outfit are hooked up with the real red leaders that make up this High Toned Red group.

"There is no doubt that quite a few of these stars listed here have had to sign up under the pressure of some of the same company executives who have embraced Communism in a secret manner."

The remainder of the letter set out a four page list of names on which list appeared the name of Professor Albert Einstein.

Although the letter was undated the abstract for this piece of mail carries the date of February 3, 1945.

100-338892-1
(69)

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The informant set out a list of officers of the American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists, and Scientists, Incorporated, the sponsoring organization of the Black Book, and the sponsors of the dinner which was held on February 11 at the Hotel Commodore in New York. This list included the name of Albert Einstein, Honorary President of the American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists, Scientists, Incorporated.

NY memo 3-24-45 encl.



b1,
b2,
b7D

"Report of American Committee of Jewish Writers, Artists, and Scientists, Incorporated."
105-5795-2
(54)

AMH:cdl

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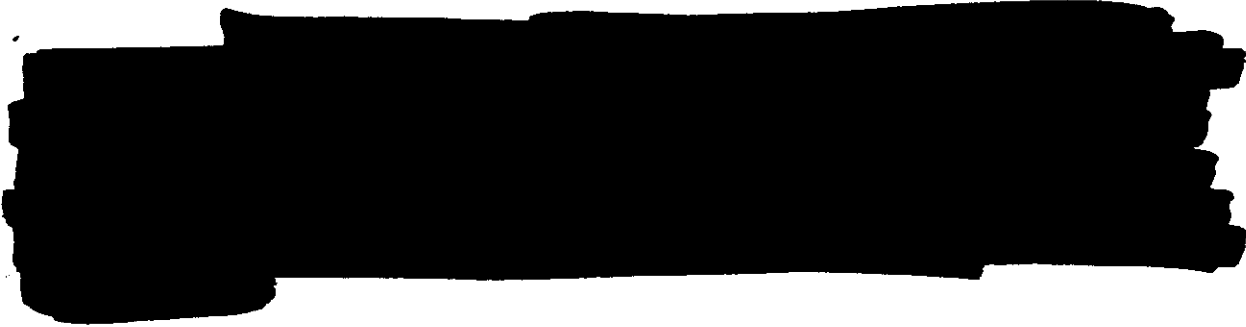
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The February 21, 1945 issue of the "Daily Worker" carried an article under the caption "Einstein, Mann Blast Threat to Lawyers." The article stated that Albert Einstein, Thomas Mann, Professor Charles Lumsden, and other distinguished Americans announced a trend toward disciplinary action against lawyers who defended "political minorities, racial minorities, and labor organizations." The article said that this statement issued mentioned the contempt citations by Judge Godkin against Harry Sacher, A. J. Esserman, Richard Gladstein, George J. Brockway, Jr., and Lewis F. McCabe, who were counselors for the CP Communist leader. Professor Philip Abriss was mentioned as one of the signers of this statement.



b7D,
C!

Albany Rpt. 38-10-11

Re: [redacted]

Internal Security - R, F. [redacted] against the Government"

[redacted]

b7c

(44)

3:00pm

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61,62,67D

X

[redacted] advised that throughout the period from February 1, 1945 through February 15, 1945 the major activity of the Philadelphia School of Social Science concerned plans for the First Anniversary dinner, sponsored by the school, to be held at the Bellevue Stratford Hotel in Philadelphia on March 10, 1945. According to informant it was reported that Albert Einstein was to be contacted to secure his presence as a guest.

Philadelphia letter to Director,
2-16-45
Re: "Philadelphia School of Social
Science, Philadelphia, Pa.
Internal Security-C"
100-154799-66
(56)

AME:vm

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X

[REDACTED]

b1

[REDACTED] Miami Fed the Bureau with an invitation to a dinner, the date of which was set as March 23, 1945. The invitation reflected and was sponsored by the Spanish Refugee appeal. The invitation set out a list of sponsors on the Spanish Refugee appeal. The name of Albert Einstein appeared on the list.

b2,
b7D

(page 15, 37)

[REDACTED]

b2,
b7D

New York report, 4/5/45
re: Joint Anti-Fascist
Committee, aka Spanish R for
appeal of the Joint Anti-Fascist
Refugee Committee; IS-3
100-7760-973
(54)

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b7C, D

X

[redacted], was interviewed on May 21, 1951, by a Special Agent of the Washington Field Division regarding the Korean-American Cultural Association (KACA).

b7C, D

This letter stated that the Executive Committee of KACA had added five new officers to the Association, one of whom was Dr. Albert Einstein of Princeton University.

b2, b7C, D

[redacted] had received information that a branch of the KACA existed at the University of Washington, Seattle, and that particular branch was a "hot bed of Communism."

Wash. rpt. 6/12/51
Re: [redacted]
Korean-American Cultural Association:
IS-R
100-63773-46 p. 7
(21)

b7C

CJO:fjh



In April, 1945 a memorandum dated April 12, 1945, New York, New York on the letterhead of the Federal World Government, Inc., 29 E. 43rd Street, New York 17, New York, was furnished the Bureau from an unknown outside source.

The memorandum mentioned above is quoted in parts as follows.

"Our first great chance -- maybe our last -- to prevent World War 3 comes this spring in the United Nations Conference at San Francisco...."

"The goal as set forth by leaders such as our leader (Harold L.) Stassen and Supreme Court Justice Owen J. Roberts and in resolutions passed in the last four years by 13 state legislatures, is this:

"A new and higher level of government for the world... A world federation. That means some kind of world body that can make world-wide law. It means courts to settle disputes and try cases under that law. It means sufficient force ready without delay to enforce that law."

This memorandum further urged "wire or write to Secretary of State Edward R. Stettinius, Jr., Washington, D. C., Chairman of the U. S. delegation: 'I want a start made at San Francisco toward institutions for making and enforcing world-wide law.'"

Set out in this memorandum was a list of all the partial lists of sponsors of the Federal World Government, and the partial list of sponsors included Albert Einstein.

A comment was added to this memorandum which stated, "whenever a group is set up, if you look around hard enough one is bound to find a few Communists.... In this outfit we find a few of them and a few more that are ^{for} ever playing games with the Communists...."



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V

Memorandum to New York dated 4-4-45 -45
with enclosed photostatic copies
of the above-mentioned report.
Re: Federal World War Service,
Incorporated; Federal Security
100-341090-1
(This reference is indicated in
but is not listed on the General
Slip).

Note: Reference indicated below is a carbon copy of the report
mentioned in caption.

100-341090-2
(cc)

CMB:leh

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X

The "New York Times" for April 20, 1945, reported that the Jewish Council Conference pledged a quota of \$3,000,000 worth of relief supplies for USSR. The conference was held at Manhattan Center, 34th Street in New York City. More than 2,000 delegates of Jewish organizations attended. Rabbi Stephen S. Wise was elected honorary chairman along with Professor Albert Einstein.

b7D [redacted] stated that [redacted] noticed many CPA members among the New York delegation, particularly the delegates in the IWO branches from New York. Informant reported the majority of the delegates were not Communists but all of them were sympathetic of the Soviet Union.

7-17-45, New York report
Re: "Russian War Relief, Inc.;"
Internal Security - C"
100-37220-459X, pg. 26
(30)

SSC: nec

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On April 24, 1945, the eve of the opening of the UNCT, the Friends of the Spanish Republic, opened an office in the Palace Hotel in San Francisco. Press reports announced that the purpose of the group generally was to insure that no recognition should be accorded the Franco Government in Spain in the newest security organization.

The officers and executives of the Friends of the Spanish Republic were set forth on the organization's official stationery.

There was a Council composed of about 130 prominent individuals which included Professor Albert Einstein and others

(No source given)

San Francisco Report 4-21-45
Re: "American Committee for Spanish Freedom"
IS-C"
100-33251-31
(59)

United Nations Conference of International Organizations

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67D

By letter dated May 24, 1945, the New York Office
forwarded to the Bureau a [redacted]

[redacted] which contained information regarding the activities
of the Jewish Council for Russian War Relief which took place
in Manhattan Center, New York City, on April 29, 1945.

This report stated among other things that Dr.
Stephen Wise and Doctor Albert Einstein were elected as
honorary chairman of the Jewish Council for Russian War
Relief at the above-mentioned conference.

[redacted] 67C
(55)

WHR:bar

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X

b1, b2, b7D

[REDACTED]

telegrams were sent to about 25 prominent, over 100
and organizational persons, requesting a brief statement
of their views on the punishment of war criminals.
Their answers were to be incorporated into a compilation
to reflect American public opinion on this vital question.
The telegrams were signed "Paul Novick, Editor, Working
Freiheit." On the list of individuals who received the
telegram, appeared the name of "Albert Einstein, Princeton."

b1, b2, b7D

[REDACTED] furnished translations of the March 27,
1945 edition of the "Pravda" newspaper, a Jewish daily
publication. The article stated that Dr. Paul
Levin, National Chairman of the "National Jewish Council
of the Jewish Council of the Russian War Relief, announced
that Professor Albert Einstein, who appeared to be the
Honorary Chairman of the Jewish Council of Russian War
Relief, had sent out a message to every Jewish organization
impressing the importance of participating in the National
Conference scheduled for April 22, in New York.

According to Mr. Levin, Professor Einstein
delivered his message to the Jewish organizations, a
copy of which he had received from Eugene Finkel,
Russian General Consul, in which the latter expressed
deep satisfaction for the excellent work the Jewish
Council of Russian War Relief had done in the past few
years.

On April 30, 1945, [REDACTED] from [REDACTED] the
publication appeared a report on the activities of the
Council of Russian War Relief. The conference was held
publicly, according to the report, elected Dr. Stephen W.
Vine and Dr. Albert Einstein as Honorary Chairman of the
Jewish Council of Russian War Relief. This same informant
has previously identified Vine as head of the American-
Jewish Conference and the American Jewish Congress.

7-22-54 New York City
Re: [REDACTED]
Working Freiheit Association
Internal Security - C
100-303-111 p. 4, 30, 6
(30)

CJO:onn



On May 14, 1945, from New York City, Albert Einstein, Honorary President; Sholem Asch, President; Ben Zion Goldberg, Chairman; Joseph Broinin and Rubin Saltzman sent a cablegram to Michaels Epstein Feffer, Anti-Fascist Committee, 10 Kropotkina, Moscow (U.S.S.R.). The message consisted of sending greetings to Feffer, Anti-Fascist Committee--"Our Jewish Brothers"--and to all the Soviet people on their glorious victory and stating that the world will never forget the heroism of the Red Army under the leadership of the great Marshal Stalin. They will continue to cooperate with them in postwar struggle against Fascism for a genuine democratic anti-Fascist peace.

At the bottom of the cable was included the following: Name: Feffer, Michaels temporarily in Mexico. Address: Committee for Jew Writers, 119 W. 57th St.

Cable censorship intercept from
Office of Censorship, Washington,
D. C.
64-28971-40
(72)

CJO:cdi

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67D

by letter dated June 11, 1945, the New York Office enclosed [redacted] pertaining to the inclusion of details and photographs received by the "Morning Freiheit" from the Executive Board of the Jewish Council for Russian War Relief, Inc.

The informant stated in this report that he was given the translation on a number of details and photographs as they appeared in the "Morning Freiheit" of May 20, 1945, one of which was the following:

The National Administrative Committee of the Jewish Council for Russian War Relief:

"Professor Albert Einstein, honorary Chairman, Rabbi Stephen Weiss--honorary Chairman, Louis Levine,--National Chairman, Herman Hoffman,--Chairman, Executive Committee,"

re: "Jewish Council for Russian War Relief, Inc.; IS-C" 100-184445-6 (50)

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New York teletype dated May 29, 1945, to Dir. advor, advised that the World Conference of Polish Jews opened at Hotel Roosevelt, New York City on May 27, 1945, with 30 delegates from twenty nations. This teletype advised further that messages were read from prominent public officials, including President Truman and Albert Einstein and others.

Re: Report of the meeting
of Polish Jews; IS - C.
105-3897-12
(54)

AMM:csl

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[REDACTED]

b7c

[REDACTED]

b7c

[REDACTED]

b7c

It was noted that at the time this report was written in May and June of 1945, that Albert Einstein, until a short time previous to that date, was head of the School of Advanced Studies at Princeton, New Jersey, and was reported to have compiled information relative to the DSM project, which project was one of the most confidential of the United States Government.

[REDACTED]

b7c

Newark, N.J. 7-1-45

To:

IS - R."

[REDACTED]

b7c

(60)

NYF:edl

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b2, b7D

[REDACTED]

Furnished to the Bureau
press release copies of a message of the Fourth World Conference
of Polish Jews from Albert Einstein, Henri Bonnet, French
Ambassador to the United States, and Thomas W. Dewey, Mayor
of New York State. The conference was held in the auditorium
of the American Federation for Polish Jews at the Waldorf
Astoria Hotel, New York City on May 24 to June 1, 1945.

[REDACTED]

b2, b7D

New York Rpt. 7/2/45
re: American Federation of
Polish Jews; I-8 and Polish
100-107-1, 2, 3, 4, 5
(33)

AMH:ora

X

62167C.D

10/11

[REDACTED]

by his so [REDACTED] and professor of [REDACTED] letters of [REDACTED] the work done by [REDACTED] in [REDACTED] battling anti-Semitism.

b7c

NY [REDACTED] 7-11-5

Re: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

(1)

b7c

Correspondence [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

NY: [REDACTED]

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61-7099-46 p 430-431

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"People's World" for June 12, 1957, ...
reading "Reading" ... Scientists ...
in part that Dr. Harlow Chapley, Director of the ...
University (USC) ... and other prominent scientists and
intellectual leaders, were in Moscow, Russia ...
the 220th anniversary celebration of the Academy of Sciences
of the USSR at the invitation of the Soviet Government.

...
the Soviet ...
Members ...
Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions ...
University of the Communist ...

See report ...
...
100-33861-1612
(56)

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In June, 1945, an anonymous source furnished the Bureau with a leaflet announcing a conference of the Independent Citizens' Committee of the Arts, Sciences, and Professions, Inc. was to be held on June 22, 1945, at the Waldorf Astoria, New York City.

A list of officers and members of the Board of Directors of the Committee on the back of the leaflet included the name of Professor Albert Einstein as a member of the Board of Directors.

Enclosed for Mr. [redacted] is a copy of a letter from Mr. [redacted] Winterrowd dated June 20, 1945 with enclosed leaflet.
Re: Independent Citizens' Committee of the Arts, Sciences, and Professions; Internal Security-C
100-36492-
(11)

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b2, b7D

[redacted] furnished information on August 2, 1945, to the effect that Helen Dukas and her employer, Albert Einstein, planned to spend the summer months at Saranac Lake, New York, and that during their absence, Marco Einstein, Albert Einstein's daughter, and Paul Hellenberg and his family would occupy their residence at 112 Mercer Street, Princeton. Informant stated that Paul Hellenberg's home address was 42 West 54th Street, New York City.

The following item was clipped from the "New York Daily News" of August 8, 1945, under A. P. dateline August 7, 1945, at Saranac, New York.

"Professor Albert Einstein, father of the theory of relativity, declined to discuss the atomic bomb because of 'military expediency' and possible 'political' implications," his secretary said today. Miss Helen Dukas, said that the Professor was giving the subject of atomism a 'thorough study' but preferred to 'hide his time' fearing that a statement might now have 'political implications'."

The balance of this reference contains the same information as that in [redacted] which is set out in this summary.

b7c

b2, b7C, D

[redacted], Postmaster,
Princeton, New Jersey,
Newark rmt. 10-10-45

b7c

Re: [redacted]
IS - [redacted]

(22)

AMH:ddl



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 15 A translation of the August 8, 1945 issue of the
 16 "Morning Freiheit," daily Jewish publication, New York, New York,
 17 was furnished by Confidential Informant 310. An article
 18 captioned "Jewish Black Book Submitted for Publication"
 19 stated that the Jewish Black Book which was being prepared by the
 20 World Jewish Congress, the Jewish Anti-Fascist Committee in
 21 Moscow, Vaad Le Uni of Palestine, and the Committee of Jewish
 22 Writers, Artists and Scientists of the United States had been
 23 submitted for publication. It further stated that Professor
 24 Albert Einstein would write an introduction for the book. The
 25 "Black Book" was to be sent to the leaders of the American
 26 Government, to all the governors of the United States, to
 27 senators, congressmen, judges, mayors, religious spokesmen
 28 and educators in this country and England and in other foreign
 29 lands.
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31 9-25-45, New York report
 32 Re: "Morning Freiheit;
 33 Morning Freiheit Association;
 34 Internal security - C"
 35 100-46808-113, pg. 27
 36 (30)
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 39 CJO:nec
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This reference was a document entitled "Die Atom Bombe", a translation from the "German-American" of August 15, 1945. The following is quoted from this document: "The first utilization of released atomic energy is a universal collective project. It is likewise a logical result of the scientific investigation of natural forces from the forerunners of Heiraclites and Archimedes up to Madame Curie, Albert Einstein and their successors. But it is far more than that. The critical moment in which a human type of primitive times comprehended that it was possible to qualify his existence by the utilization of a natural product was already a milestone along the path of carrying out the unmovable process, the highest triumph of which we are experiencing today. A triumph which indicates that the conquest of nature by man has no limits in the universe."

No source indicated
 100-190625-1787X
 (10)

AMM:cm

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b7C, D

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

stated that [REDACTED] was a very brilliant mathematician rating favorably with such renowned individuals as Doctor Einstein.

b7C, D

Buffalo letter dated August 25, 1945, with enclosed memorandum from New York dated August 23, 1945.

Re: [REDACTED]
Internal Security - R."
[REDACTED]
(81)
[REDACTED]
(81)

b7C

CMB:mlb

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61.67D

~~_____~~
the New York Field Division with a bulletin distributed by The American Committee For the Settlement Of Jews In Birobidjan, Incorporated. It stated that Professor Albert Einstein was leading a drive for a fund to be called the "Einstein Fund" for the settlement of thirty thousand Jewish refugees in Birobidjan.

9-19-45 New York report
Re: "The American Committee For
The Settlement Of The Jews In
Birobidjan, Incorporated, was;
Internal Security - C"
100-99898-33 p. 22
(33) /

CJO:feh

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A memorandum prepared by the Newark Field Division in September, 1945, showing the composition of the plot maintainable in the Communist organizations in the Newark area. Newark Field Division listed all of the contacts and supporters of the National Youth Administration and friendship in the Newark area. (Page 2)

This chart also listed Albert Einstein, sponsor and supporters of the American Council of the American-Soviet Friendship in the Trenton area. (Page 3)

To: SAC, Newark, N.J.
Date: September 15, 1945
RE: Communist Party, U.S.A.
Internal Security - C
100-20191-11-17, 18, 19, 20, 21
(25)

CMB:mg

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The "Oregonian" newspaper of September 22, 1944, contained an article previewing a featured article concerning Jack Andrew Dement published in "Collier's" magazine of September 30, 1944. The article stated that Dement was prominently mentioned in "Who's Who" and was further noted to be given very prominent space in the Biographical Directory of American Men of Science. He was the only other individual who rated a write-up the same length as that of Proles or Albert Einstein.

Memo to Bureau from SAC,
Portland, dated 3-15-46
Re: "Cinrad"
Internal Security - R"
100-190625-217
(26)

CJO:feh

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A document which was enclosed with a letter dated September 27, 1947, Los Angeles, California, to the President of the United States, Washington, D. C., from in care of Gospel Bible Mission, 703 West 3rd Street, Los Angeles, California, was referred to the Bureau by the Department of State.

On page 13 of this document appeared the title "Roosevelt and Democracy Now Deal Government OK By and for the Jews". Under the title appeared a list of 48 names, one of which was "Jew Prof. Albert Einstein, 'Relativity Advisor', born Germany".

100-8481-1
(6)

MM:adl

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b2, b7D

[REDACTED]

made available a copy of a letter sent out by the German-American, Incorporated, 305 Broadway, New York, New York. The letter stated the aim of the "Germany Today," publication of the afore-mentioned organization, "was to make the American public familiar with the facts concerning conditions in Germany today, as well as to give background material and analysis of economic and political trends." The letter further requested permission to add the recipient's name to their subscriber's list. The letter was signed by Albert Norden, editor. Among the individuals who was to receive a copy of this letter was Dr. Albert Einstein, 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey.

[REDACTED]

b2, b7D

New York report, 11-13-48.
RE: "The German-American Incorporated (newspaper); Internal Security - C"
100-279704-44, p. 15,
(17)

CJO:mg

445-446-447

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[REDACTED]

b1

The "Journal American", New York newspaper, for October 27, 1945 carried an INS article which advised that Congressman Rankin had disclosed on that date that members of the House Committee on Un-American Activities had made representations to the Justice Department regarding the activities of Dr. Albert Einstein with the A.O.S.F. The article stated that Rankin asserted that Einstein was "asking for money to carry on the fight for breaking relations with Spain".

[REDACTED]

b1

[REDACTED] Westchester County, New York, received from Dr. Albert Einstein, Suite 712-713, 122nd Street, New York City, in an envelope postmarked October 19, 1945, a letter in which Einstein stated that it is the duty of all Americans to see that the campaign of the American Committee for Spanish Freedom to collect one million signatures on petitions calling upon Congress to break relations with France and Spain, does not fail.

b7D

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He further stated that this Committee was created solely for the purpose of working for a break in diplomatic relations and commercial relations with Nazi-Falange Spain. It was supported in this appeal by the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade. A postscript mentioned two leading Spanish Republicans which Einstein stated "we (American Committee for Spanish Freedom) are straining all of our resources to assure their safe conduct to the French border".

b7c

Einstein, in his communication to [redacted], included a form which could be used for the forwarding to the A.C.S.F. of money as a contribution towards breaking the diplomatic and commercial relations with Franco.

11-5-46
New York report
Re: "American Committee
for Spanish Freedom,
Internal Security - C"
100-332851-71 p. 15, 16, 19, 21, 22
(37)

CJRE:pan

SI-100-18044-50
(35)
SI-100-128015-1903
(53)
SI-100-332851-49
(3)

OK per State

By memorandum dated October 29, 1947, the State Department requested the Bureau to forward to the Department of State whatever available information appeared in the Bureau files regarding any of the eleven individuals about whom information was enclosed and a list of eight individuals who were described briefly.

This memorandum advised that the Department of State had received from the Office of Naval Intelligence report number 2-4-47, Washington, D. C. dated July 29, 1947, which had been furnished to the Bureau, listing nineteen individuals connected with the American Occupation Activities in Germany. The list was divided into two groups characterized as being Nuclei of American Communists in Berlin and Munich.

OK per Navy

One of the names appearing in this list was that of [redacted]. A biographic sketch was enclosed in a letter from the Office of War Information on October 29, 1945, to Passport Agency, 630 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York, concerning [redacted]. This sketch set out a list of five names given as references by [redacted]. The name of Professor Albert Einstein, 112 Mercer Street, Princeton, New Jersey, was one of the names given as a reference.

b7C per State

64-200-232-236
(26)

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The October 29, 1945 issue of the "New York Times" contained an article reporting Professor Albert Einstein's stand on the atomic bomb.

100-190628-A
(36)

GJO:feh

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On November 14, 1945, a rally was held at Madison Square Garden, New York City, sponsored by the National Council for American-Soviet Friendship in commemoration of the twelfth anniversary of the establishment of American-Soviet relations and the twenty-eighth anniversary of the founding of the Soviet State. Twenty-one thousand were in attendance at the rally and the theme was "USA-USSR Allies for Peace." Corliss Lamont, National Council for American-Soviet Friendship, Chairman, presided with ex-Ambassador Hugh F. Davies as Honorary Chairman. Messages were read, among which were those sent by President Camacho of Mexico, Professor Albert Einstein, Orson Welles, Edward G. Robinson and others.

Source - not reported
New York teletype, 11/14/45
Re: National Council for American-Soviet friendship;
IS-C
100-146964-660
(34)

CMB:fk



459-400

62167A

On November 15, 1945 [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] reported that on November 10, 1945, a rally was held in Madison Square Garden under the auspices of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Incorporated. Speakers for the rally included Dean Acheson, Under-Secretary of State; Hewlett Johnson, Dean of Canterbury; Albert Fitzgerald, President of the UERMVA; Reverend Stephen Fritchman of Boston and others. (not further identified)

Messages of greetings, according to the informant, were sent by President Truman, Admiral King, General Eisenhower, Secretary of War Patterson, Eleanor Roosevelt, Professor Albert Einstein and others.

New York Letter,
12-12-45. With enclosed
Informants Report.
Re: "National Council of
American-Soviet Friendship:
Internal Security-C."
100-146964-679
(34)

CMS:mrg



This reference is a document dated November 17, 1945
 Detroit, Michigan captioned "America In Danger Christ or Chaos" by
 Charles Bartlett Hudson, 4515 Grant Street, Omaha, Nebraska.

On page four of this document the following information
 appeared: "In 1938, the Jewish Hall of Fame containing 120 'Greatest
 Living Jews', which in view of personnel may well be recognized as
 'real' rulers of the world' seen and unseen, contained among others
 Red Conspirator Litvinov, German-Soviet revolutionist Ernst Toller
 ('refugee' here until he committed suicide), Communistic sex-filth-
 parveyor Sigmund Freud, French Red-front-leader, Leon Blum,
 Communist Albert Einstein (now trying to tell Truman what to do with
 atom bomb) English Marxist Harold P. Laski, and Lisa Feuch Trauer
 a Communistic writer."

61-7474-225
 (7)

AMH:vw

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The June 28, 1945 issue of "The Sentinel" contained an article which stated that Leo Max Mellis was an Executive Board member of the American Birobidjan Committee, Chicago Division, 82 West Washington Street. It reported that the Committee was sponsoring orphan homes in the USSR.

CGO-5419 advised on November 19, 1945, that the Committee planned to hold a dinner to raise funds on December 2, 1945, in the Grant Ballroom of the Stevens Hotel. He further stated that the dinner would be in honor of Professor Albert Einstein as he was heading the whole project in the United States.

11-27-45

Chicago report

Re:

was. internal security - R

(14)

b7c

CJO:pan

62167D

On October 23, 1945, [redacted] reported that the "American Committee for Spanish Freedom" was still active in its campaign on behalf of the John H. Coffee's resolution, demanding a break with Franco. According to the informant, the Committee was at the time circulating a letter signed by scientist Albert Einstein asking funds for the upkeep of the committee, accompanied by a copy of a letter written by Coffee himself, attacking Franco and talking about his resolution. The informant advised this letter was a petition to Congress to pass H. R. 312 (break with Franco), and was supposed to be signed by nineteen persons.

New York Memorandum
with enclosed informant
report,
October 31, 1945
Re: "Spanish Activities"
New York Field Division
Security-S
65-1299-35-140
(2)

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62167D

In memorandum dated December 11, 1945, the New York
Office enclosed copies [redacted]

regarding a dinner given by the "Ambijan Committee for Emergency
Aid to the Soviet Union", on November 24, 1945, at Hotel
Roosevelt, New York City, in honor of M. M. Glouster, Chairman
of the Amtorg Trading Corporation. The purpose of the dinner
was to raise funds for "The Einstein Fund" and about \$87,937.00
was collected.

According to this report, The Einstein Fund was a
drive being conducted by the Ambijan to raise money "for the
settlement, care and rehabilitation of 30,000 Jewish Refugee
War Orphans followed by Birobidjan and the Orphans of the March
of Stalingrad."

This report stated further that Professor Elias A.
Lowe, of Princeton University, read a letter from "his friend
Professor Albert Einstein". The letter stated that the Soviet
Union had saved hundreds of thousands of Jews from being destroyed
by the Nazis; those Jews were at that time in the Soviet Union
and were being accorded the rights of full citizenship; because
of that every freedom loving person should be thankful to the
Soviet Government and "we, here, must do everything possible
to help the Jewish people in the Soviet Union".

Re: "Ambijan Committee for
Emergency Aid to the Soviet Union;
Internal Security - C"
61-7565-787
(27)

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[REDACTED] b7C

Upon his arrival in Hoboken [REDACTED] advised our Agents that he would probably visit [REDACTED] Radio Patent Corporation in New York City and that, if possible, he would pay a visit to Doctor Albert Einstein at Princeton, New Jersey, with whom he had taught in a university in Germany. b7C D

[REDACTED] b7C D

New York report dated 1-1-41

RE: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

(20)

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b7C, D

By letter dated October 27, 1947, [REDACTED] forwarded to the Bureau various material to clarify and correct information that he had furnished on interview. Among this material was a circular letter dated December 17, 1945, New York City, and printed on the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc. letterhead paper. On this letter appeared a list of the officers and sponsors of this organization. Albert Einstein was listed as a sponsor.

b7C

[REDACTED]

(39)

CJO:cdd

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b2, b7D

[redacted] meeting of the National Committee on Atomic Information was held in Washington, D.C.

[redacted]

The functions and duties of the National Committee on Atomic Information, according to its own interpretation was "a clearing house established by 60 national organizations to provide a medium through which they can cooperate with the atom scientists and their colleagues for public understanding of scientific facts of atomic energy and their implications for society." According to informant, Albert Einstein was one of six individuals on the Scientific Consultant Panel.

WFO report, 7-13-46
Re: "National Committee on Atomic Information, et al: Internal Security - C"
100-34452-11, p. 29
(11)

ME:rrb

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61-7099-46 p 476 & 477

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